THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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THE PUBLIC SPOILS.

THE AUSTRIAN MISSION TO GO TO KENTUCKY,

While the Turkish Mission Will Go to New York—The Probable Fate of the Interstate Bill—The Expense of Running the Senate—A Georgia Case to be Tried in Court.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—[Special.]—The judiciary committee of the house has submitted a report on four cases brought under the French spoliations act, which clearly indicates that there will be no action on this class of cases for some time to come. The court of claims has remanded to congress for further action, and the report of the judiciary committee looks toward a continuation of the tardy action which has characterized the government's conduct in this matter. The French government many years ago paid the United States the sum adjudged due to this government for the depredations of the French marine on American shipping during the war of 1812. This award is

LYING IN THE TREASURY

subject to claims, just as the twelve millions are lying there which were extorted from the southern people just after the war under the captured and abandoned property act. Most of the claimants under the French spoliation act are southern people, for the south mainly fought that war, as it fought the war against Mexico. It is hoped that these delayed creditors will finally be paid, but so long as the scaned old Mexican veterans are refused recognition the chances of French spoliation claimants are very slim.

A GEORGIA CASE.

Representative Hammond today went before the supreme court of the United States, and presented a petition for a mandamus to compel Judge Newman to hear a bill for a receiver for the Georgia Chemical and Mining company. The court withheld its decision.

Ex-Congressman Albert Gallatin Talbott, of Kentucky, will, in all probability, be appointed minister to Austria. This mission has been vacant for a long time, and the Austrian government has grown sensitive about the neglect of our great and good government. Mr. Talbott has a record in congress, but is considered a rather antique specimen to plunge into the complications of modern European diplomacy. It is said that General E. G. Veile, of New York, who is in the present congress, but was defeated for the next, is to be the minister to Turkey, in place of Sunset Cox. This honor was thought to be going to General W. R. Cox, of North Carolina, who is also one of the shelved statesmen; but New York claimed the place so vigorously as to secure it, and General Cox must have something else.

THE INTER-STATE BILL.

Senator Cullom will call up the conference report on the inter-state commerce bill in the senate tomorrow, if the attendance is sufficiently large and the disposition for business such as to justify it. He thinks, however, that the approach of the holidays has a rather demoralizing effect upon the senate, as far as business is concerned, and he may decide to let the matter go over until the senate reconvenes in January. He has no doubt of the acceptance of the report by the senate by a large majority. Inquiry made of a large number of senators shows that there is almost universal dissatisfaction with the details of the bill as agreed upon by the conferees, but that the impression prevails that it will be adopted by a large majority. The strength developed among southern senators is a surprise. Senators Ingalls and Platt will be among the prominent opponents of the bill. Senator Ingalls voices the western opposition to many features of the bill, and Senator Platt regards its pooling prohibition features as a dangerous and unjust enactment.

Senator Sawyer, although an earnest opponent to the bill in its present form, concurs in the belief that it will become a law.

THE EXPENSE OF THE SENATE.

The senate is an expensive luxury. The annual report of Secretary McCook, of the United States senate, for the last fiscal year contains some figures of public interest. The salaries and mileage of the senators for the year amounted to $384,637.68, and the salaries of officers, clerks, employes, etc., to $334,201.60. Under the head of contingent the following expenditures are given: Stationery and newspapers, $15,203.57; horses and wagons, $3,500; fuel for heating apparatus, $8,000; furniture and repairs, $1,000; folding documents, $2,500; materials for folding, $4,082.55; packing boxes, $770; expenses of special and select committees, $23,964.32; miscellaneous items, $18,892.80; capitol police salaries, $18,200; capitol police contingent, $40.75, compiling congressional directory, $12.00; postage, $200. The sons of thirteen senators were on the pay roll as committee clerks or private secretaries appointed by their respective fathers, and one senator has his nephew as clerk of his committee. The same appointments of sons of senaters have been made for the present session.

CONGRESSMAN REAGAN'S BATH,

which caused him to miss the vote on the tariff last Saturday, is the humorous incident of the session. A Texan wag, who I asked today if this incident would hurt Judge Reagan in his race for the senatorship, said:

"Yes, I am afraid it will. It will be hard to explain to the Texas legislature that a man was actually taking a bath when there was two inches of snow on the ground." F. H. R.

THE DAY IN THE SENATE.

The Pacific Railroad Funding Bill—Relief of the Jeannette Survivors.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—On motion of Mr. Hoar the Pacific railroad funding bill was postponed as a special order till the second Tuesday in January. He expressed the hope that, in the meantime, the matter would be taken up in the house, and disposed of in one way or the other.

On motion of Mr. Eustis, the bill declaring the forfeiture of the lands of the New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg (Backbone) railroad, was postponed as a special order till the second Wednesday in January.

Mr. Vest introduced a substitute for the bill to incorporate the Atlantic and Pacific Ship railroad company, and stated that it simply provided for a naked incorporation of the company without any guarantee by the government. Made a special order for the second Tuesday in January.

The senate passed the house bill for the relief of the survivors of the exploring steamer Jeannette and the widows and children of those who perished in the retreat from the wreck of that vessel in the arctic seas.

Also the senate bill to construct a road to the National cemetery at Corinth, Miss., and a number of others of only local interest.

After executive session the senate adjourned.

Killed While Hunting.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Hinton Preston, the sixteen-year old son of ex-State Senator Preston, while out hunting was accidentally shot and killed by his younger brother.

ASKING FOR INFORMATION.

The House Inquiring Whether the Government Relieved Wall Street.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—In the house, Mr. Wilkins, of Ohio, from the committee on banking and currency, reported back the Weaver resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for the following information:

1. Whether any portion of the money appropriated by the sundry civil bill of last year had been expended in issuing notes of a large denomination in lieu of notes of a small denomination cancelled or destroyed.
2. How many, if any, $1 and $2 notes have been cancelled and destroyed since the passage of the act. By what authority they were destroyed, and what sum was expended in their destruction.
3. How many of such notes were mutilated, and whether notes of a like denomination were issued in their stead.

Adopted.

Under the call of states the following bills and resolutions were introduced and referred.

By Mr. Townshend of Illinois—A resolution calling for executive information.

Following is the text of the resolution:

That the secretary of the treasury be requested to ascertain whether any national banking association, located in the city of New York, has, during the present month, loaned its surplus money or deposits to brokers or other persons operating in stocks and bonds without security and merely upon receipt of interest on the same for the purpose of enabling speculators to lock up and prevent the use of money in business transactions and thereby produce a scarcity of money and greatly increase rates of interest on loans. And also whether, during the same period, any of said banks for the purpose aforesaid knowingly permitted the total liability of any person, corporation or firm, to exceed the amount limited by the statute in said cases; and that the said secretary report all the facts to this house as soon as practicable, with such recommendations as he may deem proper.

By Mr. Taulbee, of Kentucky, a resolution reciting that it is stated in the newspapers that the secretary of the treasury has paid interest on certain bonded indebtedness of the United States before the interest was due, and without rebate, and that it is also stated that said advance of interest was made for the purpose of affecting the market value of certain stocks in Wall street, and requesting the secretary to inform the house if such interest has been so paid, and if so why and by what authority?

By Mr. Findley of Maryland—To prescribe the rate of standard silver for certain coins of the United States; to enlarge the legal tender quality of the half dollar, and to permit the issue of silver certificates on deposits of the same.

By Mr. Johnston of North Carolina—A resolution instructing the committee on ways and means to report a bill repealing the internal revenue laws.

By Mr. Wilkins of Ohio—To reduce the amount of deposit of United State bonds to be required of national banks, and to restore to the channels of trade the excessive accumulative of lawful money in the treasury.

It provides that the compulsory requirement of deposits of bonds with the treasurer by national banks be limited to one thousand dollars of bonds for each and every national bank; provided that the voluntarily withdrawal of bonds for the retirement of national bank notes shall not exceed the sum of $3,000,000 in any one month without the approval and consent of the secretary of the treasury; and further provided, that this act shall not apply to the required deposits of bonds to secure deposits of public moneys in national banks.

Section 2. On the surrender by a national bank of any sum of its circulating notes by the required deposit of lawful money with the treasurer of the United States for their redemption, the entire liability of said bank for its said surrendered notes shall utterly cease and they shall be redeemed by said treasurer for account of the United States and destroyed as now provided by law, and this act shall be construed to determine the liability of national banks which have heretofore thus lawfully surrendered any, or all, of their circulating notes; but no national banks shall be required nor denied the right to appoint an agent at its own expense to witness and attest the destruction of its redeemed and cancelled notes.

Section 3. In lieu of the fund of lawful money heretofore set apart for the redemption of surrendered notes of national banks, amounting to the entire sum unredeemed of said surrendered notes, the treasurer of the United States, under the advice and direction of the secretary of the treasury, shall establish a reserve fund of lawful money in amount not less than five per centum, nor more than twenty per centem, of the entire sum unredeemed of said surrendered notes.

By Mr. Warner, of Ohio—To provide for the investment of lawful money deposited in the treasury by national banks for redemption of their circulating notes.

The following is the text of the bill:

Section 1. That the secretary of the treasury be and is hereby authorized and required to invest 90 per cent of the lawful money deposited with the treasurer of the United States at the date of the passage of this act, and 90 per cent of all such money hereafter deposited for redemption of circulating notes of national banks, as provided by section 4 of act of June 20th, 1874, and amendments thereto in United states bonds, not subject to call, at the lowest market rates. The bonds so purchased shall be held in the treasury in lieu of such lawful money to secure the redemption of circulating notes of national banks.

Sec. 2. That the interest on the bonds purchased as required in this act, as the same accrues, shall be covered into the treasury, and whenever bonds at their par value exceed the amount of outstanding circulating notes of national banks, for the redemption of which lawful money has been deposited, the excess of bonds over such outstanding circulating notes shall be cancelled and destroyed.

Sec. 3. That the circulating notes of national banks for the redemption of which lawful money has been deposited may be redeemed out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and whenever in the judgment of the secretary of the treasury such circulating notes cannot be redeemed out of money in the treasury without impairing its general efficiency, he may order the sale of as many of the bonds purchased and held as provided in this act, as may be necessary to redeem the circulating notes of national banks as the same are presented for redemption, but not to accumulate at any time a redemption fund exceeding ten per cent of such outstanding notes.

Sec. 4. That no national bank shall be required hereafter to deposit or keep on deposit to secure circulating notes, United States bonds to an amount exceeding one-twentieth of its capital stock, and in no case more than $20,000, and hereafter all national banks shall be entitled to receive circulating notes of such bonds at their par value equal to the par value of bonds so deposited.

Mr. Morrison introduced a resolution for the holiday recess from December 22d to January 4th. Referred to the ways and means committee.

Mr. Hiscock called up his motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill relating to duties on tobacco.

The bill amends the statutes relating to duties on leaf tobacco as follows:

Leaf tobacco in any bale, box, package or bulk, any part of which is suitable for wrappers, if not stemmed, seventy-five cents; if stemmed, one dollar per pound upon the whole contents of such bale, box, package or bulk.

Sec. 2. That this act shall take effect on and after its passage.

Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, opposed the bill. Since the introduction of this measure and only as late as last Saturday, the house, with the concurrence of the gentleman from New York (Hiscock), had decided not to have any revenue legislation—neither to increase nor diminish the revenues, and, indeed, not to consider the question. He had been in hopes that, obedient to the will of the house, the gentleman would have withdrawn this proposition to increase a tax already enormously high.

Mr. Hiscock's motion was lost—yeas 90, nays 165.

The following democrats voted with the body of republicans in the affirmative:

Messrs. Anderson of Ohio, Boyle, Curtin, Ermontrout, Findley, Foran, Love, Seymour, Swope and Walford.

The following republicants cast negative votes:

Messrs. Adams of Illinois, Anderson of Kansas, Brown of Ohio, Butterworth, Durham, Fuller, Henderson of Iowa, Holmes, Hopkins, Johnston of Indiana, Landes, Lyman, Owens, Payson, Perkins, Powell, Ryan, Strait, Struble, Swinburne, Taylor of Tennessee, Thomas of Illinois, Vanschaick, Wakefield, White of Minnesota, and Woodburn.

Mr. Forney, of Alabama, on behalf of the committee on militia, moved to suspend the rules and pass the senate bill amending the statutes, making an annual appropriation to provide arms and equipments for the militia, with an amendment proposed by the house committee making an annual appropriation of $400,000. Agreed to—yeas 198, nays 49.

Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, on behalf of the committee on patents, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill limiting the jurisdiction of the United States courts in patent cases, and to protect persons who without notice are bona fide manufacturers, purchasers, venders and users of patented articles.

The bill limits the jurisdiction of United States courts in patent cases to cases wherein the amount in controversy does not exceed $3,000 against one person or citizen.

Section two provides that purchasers of any patent right for actual use shall not be liable to damages, royalty, or for the value of the same in any manner, who at the date of such purchase had no knowledge of the claims of any third person, or that the inventor of the same has an interest therein adverse to the seller thereof. That no person who shall in good faith purchase, use manufacture or sell, without previous knowledge of the existence of a patent therefor, any article, machine, machinery or other thing for the exclusive sale or manufacture of which any patent has been or hereafter may be granted to any person, persons or corporation, whatever, shall be liable, in damages or otherwise, for an infringement of such patent until after written notice of the existence thereof shall have been personally served on such person or persons or corporation, and infringement shall be thereafter continued.

Mr. Townshend said the only purpose of the measure was to protect innocent purchasers against blackmail.

Mr. Hammond opposed the bill and declared, that the first section would strike down seven-eighths of all patents in the country, while the second section would place a premium upon scoundrelism.

Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, regarded the bill as a bold attempt to kill the goose that laid the golden egg. It was due to the patent system; that the United States excelled every other nation today as a manufacturing country. The bill practically wiped out the patent system while it would leave monopolies, if any such existed in this country, unharmed.

Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, said that the real purpose of the bill was to prevent the masses of people who did not enjoy the benefits of the golden egg but who bought patented instruments, from being muleted in damages and dragged into court by wealthy corporations, until they were served with written notice.

Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, regarded the provisions of the bill as a restraint on abuse of the law, and thought that they would improve, instead of breaking down the patents system.

Mr. O'Donnell, of Michigan, contended that the pending proposition would not interfere with patent rights, but would correct abuses under the law. Men were persecuted and swindled by the operation of the patent laws, and people of agricultural districts were growing restive under the system of patent robbery.

Mr. Townshend saw in opposition to the bill a renewal of the old struggle between monopoly and anti-monopoly.

In order to prevent a vote being taken on the bill, Mr. Mills, of Texas, moved to adjourn. Agreed to—yeas 124, nays 121—and accordingly the house at 4:30 adjourned.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Postmasters and Collectors of Revenue--A Claim Awarded South Carolina Troops.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—The senate today confirmed the nominations of Kittie Bostwick to be postmaster at Wesson, Miss., and Willis Lang to be postmaster at Valdosta, Ga.

The court of claims today gave a judgment for $10,316 in favor of the Fourth brigade of South Carolina state troops in their suit against the United States for the use of their building at Charleston by United States troops during the war.

The secretary of the treasury has appointed Ebenezer Henderson, of Indiana, to be deputy commissioner of internal revenue, vice H. C. Rogers, resigned. The change will take effect on January 1.

The annual report of Secretary McCook, of the United States senate, shows that the salaries and mileage of senators for the last fiscal year amounted to $384,637, and the salaries of officers and employes to $334,200. Over $15,000 was expended for newspapers and stationery, $50,000 for miscellaneous items, and $24,000 for special and select committees.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

A Comparative Statement Showing a Decrease in Collections from Spirits.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—Collections of internal revenue during the first five months of the present fiscal year amount to $48,005,806, being $792,509 less than collections during the corresponding period of the last fiscal year. There was a decrease of $2,641,614 in collections on spirits; an increase of $507,489 on tobacco; an increase of $1,041,093 on fermented liquors; and an increase of $75,223 on miscellaneous objects of taxation. Collections from oleomargerine up to November 30 were $225,299. The total collections during November were $675,734 greater than those for November, 1885. There was an increase of $101,939 on spirits, of $199,012 on tobacco and of $166,015 on fermented liquors.

THE PREACHER WASN'T THERE.

A Correction from the Associated Press in Regard to Peachers at the Opera.

CHICAGO, December 20.—A communication dated at New York has been received by the general manager of the Associated Press from Rev. J. Spencer Kennard, objecting to the use of his name in the dispatch sent out on the night of the 16th describing the appearance of several clergymen at the representation of the opera of "Galatea," an afterpiece of Rubensteing's "Bal Costume" for the purpose of passing a judgment of the ballet. Mr. Kennard says:

"As I have been in this city for the past two months and was not within 900 miles of that ballet last Thursday evening, it is plain that the reporter was in error. The character of the dispatch is such as will do me great damage wherever it goes, bringing my name into contempt and crippling my influence. In simple justice you are under obligation to correct the matter at the earliest possible moment, through your dispatches to same papers."

Mr. Kennard is entitled to the correction. The list of clergymen was made up from invitations that were presented at the box office in exchange for seats. The management kept the envelopes, and from them made out the list, which was supplied to the press and improperly included the name of Mr. Kennard.

The Military Academy Bill.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—The military academy appropriation bill was completed today by the house military committee. It appropriates $383,337. The estimates were $483,258, and appropriations for the current year were $286,687.

The supreme court granted today a motion to advance the important bank tax case of the Mercantile National bank against the city of New York, involving the legality of taxes assessed upon the shares of national banks in that city, to the amount of two million dollars. This is one of thirty-five similar cases, and is intended as a test case. The case is set for argument on the first day after the February recess.

Rows in Nashville.

NASHVILLE, December 20.—[Special.]—Will Thomas, a popular young man, was attacked by a thug tonight and badly hurt by a blow on the head, but made his escape by running.

Three young men got into a row while guying each other, and M. L. Staub was badly beaten up by a hammer and a hatchet in the hands of the other two.

Four Millions Declined.

ANNISTON, Ala., December 20.—It is currently reported that the Woodstock Iron and Steel company had an offer of four millions dollars for their entire possessions in this section, which was declined. Both, Messrs. Tyler and Noble, are absent, north, but not with view of selling out, however. The above rumor comes straight.

A DEAF MUTE'S CRIME.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Man Disposes of the Woman on the Way—Queer Suspicions and Mysterious Actions—The Groom Suddenly Reappears in New York—The Sentence of McQuade.

RALEIGH, N. C., December 20.—[Special.]—This city is in a state of excitement over an affair which took place Friday last, and the subsequent movement of the parties concerned. The details of the affair are as follows: Thursday afternoon last, Walter L. Bingham, son of the late Colonel William Bingham, of Orange county, and former deaf mute pupil at the institution of the deaf, dumb and blind, called at the office of the register of deeds here, and inquired as to what time the office would be opened next morning. Next morning he called and secured a marriage license, and Miss Lizzie Turlington, of Wilmington, who is matron for the deaf mutes at the institution above mentioned, giving his age as 23 years, and that of the lady the same. After procuring the license Friday morning about 10 o'clock, Bingham and Miss Turlington left the asylum on foot, and afterwards he procured a horse and buggy. They left the city, going in the direction of Durham. The marriage ceremony was not performed in this city, nor in the county of Wake, so far as has been ascertained, and the terms of the license do not allow them being married outside of the county. The parties were seen together in a buggy eight miles from Durham. About five miles from Durham Bingham was seen

IN THE BUGGY ALONE.

The point at which he was last seen in company with the lady is very lonely and desolate, abounding with thick undergrowth. At Durham Bingham left the buggy at a stable near the outskirts of the town and took the train for Greensboro. On his arrival at Greensboro he made strict inquiries in regard to the connections for Atlanta, New Orleans and other southern points. There was no reason for the course taken by the parties, as they both were of legal age, and no impediment seemed to exist against their union. Suspicion was quickly excited, and even yesterday the belief was that Bingham, who is violent in temper, had

MURDERED THE GIRL

and hidden her body. He had $700 in money and a knife and revolver when he left here. The authorities of the deaf and dumb and blind institution, and also of this city, aided by the people of Durham, have searched continuously since Saturday night for the girl, but without avail. At six o'clock this morning the chief of police telegraphed that he had found that both Bingham and the girl were seen at Morrisville, this county, but that a mile beyond there Bingham was seen in a buggy alone.

GONE TO NEW YORK.

It was thought until this afternoon that Bingham had gone south, though no news of him could be had by telegraph. News was received from New York, which occasioned an immense sensation. Dr. Isaac Peel, principal of the deaf, dumb and blind institute at Cornellsville, N. Y., where Bingham had completed his education, telegraphed that Bingham was there yesterday insane, and threatened to kill a man named Goodwin, of Council Bluffs, Iowa. After making these threats, Burgham disappeared, and his whereabouts were unknown to Dr. Peel. Goodwin, who is referred to, is E. McK. Goodwin, formally principal of the Kingston graded school, and later teacher in the deaf, dumb and blind institute here, but who last summer went to Council Bluffs, to become a teacher in a similar institution there. He was thought by Bingham to be in love with Miss Turlington, and her accepted suitor, hence his desire to slay him. Telegrams of warning were promptly sent Goodwin by his family, who live in this city.

M'QUADE'S SENTENCE.

Scenes in the Court Room—The Boodler Gets Seven Years and a $5,000 Fine.

NEW YORK, December 20.—The last act in the McQuade drama seemed to have even more interest for the public than the scenes of the trial. This morning Chambers street and the approach to the brownstone courthouse of general sessions were thronged with hundreds of people. Admission was free to all and the large courtroom in part two was densely packed. The other boodlers were conspicuous by their absence. McQuade was escorted into the courtroom by Under Sheriff Sexton and Order of Arrest Clerk Martin. There wasn't the "hail-fellow" appearance about McQude that characterized him on Friday. He took his old seat and very quietly waited for the hour for his sentence.

At 11 a. m., Recorder Smythe entered the court room and took his seat on the bench. After the proceedings of last Friday were read, General Tracy, of counsel for the defense, moved for an arrest of sentence, on the ground of insufficiency of indictment and evidence, mischarge to the jury, the illegal exclusion of certain jurors from the box, and because the trial was suspended December 14th for the bringing of Nesbitt and Vickesman, who signed certain affidavits before and in the presence of the juror. He also moved that the verdict be set aside on the grounds that the court had admitted improper evidence against the defendant and excluded other proper evidence in his favor.

The motions were denied, General Tracy taking exception.

McQuade was ordered to stand up and did so with his thumb in his pantaloon pockets.

"The defense," remarked General Tracy, "has nothing to say why sentence should not be pronounced against him. We rely on his former good character and esteem in which he is still held by his neighbors and acquaintances, who are many of them here now to ask for the leniency of the court."

The recorder said, in substance:

Arthur J. McQuade: You have been fairly and justly convicted of bribery. You were elected to perform a public duty and a public trust. Instead of doing so, you violated that trust. Your character as a business man or citizen, father, husband is good. I have sympathy for your wife and family. You should have considered them before you did wrong. You did not add to the crime of which you have been convicted of, as Jaehne did, by taking the stand and committing perjury. I have reason to believe that you received as much money as Duffy did—$100,000. That money is not yours. It is not the property of your family. If it is left with them it will work the inevitable result of ill-gotten gains. I would advise you to give up and pay back to the city the money which you received, and I have no doubt it would work to your benefit. The sentence of the court is that you be confined in the state prison at hard labor for the term of seven years, and that you pay a fine of $5,000.

During the sentence McQuade stood up, his arms folded across his bosom. His chin was a little elevated, his head inclined to one side and his brow knitted, the expression of his face being that of one listening to a voice difficult to hear. At its close he sat down, turned immediately and, with a businesslike air, entered into conversation with General Tracy, as if he were discussing a bargain just consummated. After the sentence was given, the audience dispersed, McQuade went out with his keepers and faithful brother, who stood by his side throughout the trial.

Counsel for McQuade obtained a copy of the sentence and then left the room. McQuade was taken to the tombs and, after the usual formalities, was locked up.

McQuade's counsel late this afternoon served District Attorney Martine with a notice of appeal in his case to be taken to the general term of the supreme court, which meets next month. This will have no effect to prevent the prisoner from being sent to Sing Sing.

Counsel for Jacob Sharp today served District Attorney Martine with notice of a motion to be made for a change of venue in the case of the alleged briber. The notice was accompanied by affidavits made by Sharp, in which he avers that there is so strong a prejudice against him in this city that it would be impossible for him to obtain a fair and impartial trial here; hence his desire that trial be had in another county. Arguments on motion is set down for January 24 before Judge Barrett, or upon an earlier day if the district attorney wishes.

McQuade will be given a few days to fix up his bank account, look after his business and draw the necessary powers of attorney. It was the intention of the district attorney to send the prisoner to Sing Sing tomorrow, but Recorder Smyth suggested that he be given a few days, and wrote to Sheriff Grant on the subject. The latter consulted with the district attorney with the result that the prisoner will be sent to Sing Sing Wednesday or Thursday. Meanwhile Lawyer Newcombe will take steps toward securing a stay of proceedings. He feels confident that he will be successful.

MURDER WILL OUT.

A Horrible Crime Brought to Light in Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., December 20.—Richmond is again stirred by a murder. The sensation this time is the result of a deserted wife's ante-mortem statement in relation to acts committed by her husband. It appears that some months ago Richard Shinnick, keeper of a barroom in the vicinity of the Second market, on Sixth street, which is patronized promiscuously by white and blacks, sold out his business and soon afterward left the city for the west, leaving his wife behind. Last Saturday Mrs. Shinnick, who has been ill with consumption, complicated with other diseases, finding her end fast approaching and having received all the religious ministrations of her faith, made known her desire to make a public statement. Police Justice Richardson was sent for, and to him the dying woman related the details of a murder perpetrated by her husband over a year ago.

Shinnick lived over the barroom, and his wife was frequently called on to assist him. She said that one night last fall, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock, she happened to enter the bar by the back door, when she saw her husband, who was in front of the bar counter, strike and knock down a white man with a pair of brass knuckles; that he turned and seeing her, ordered her to go up stairs, which she did. She could not rest, however, and creeping down again she peeped into the bar, when she was horrified by seeing her husband drag the man's body behind the counter, rob it of a roll of money, raise a trap at the end of the bar, and push the body into an old well under the floor.

Upon this information, the police today went to work to find the remains, by pulling up the floor and dragging for the hidden well, but up to 8 o'clock tonight had made no discovery. The whole place, however, will be thoroughly overhauled.

Last fall State Officials J. M. Carroll, city treasurer of Staunton, and W. H. Crawford, clerk of Bland county, left their homes for Richmond, since which time neither of them has been heard from, and the belief strongly prevails that one of these was Shinnick's victim. The wife's description of the murdered men, in some respects, agrees with the appearance of both, but more so in regard to Crawford. She describes the murdered man as limping, and Crawford had a short, or shrunken leg, and used a crutch.

The last that was heard from Shinnick he was in Cincinnati, whence he wrote last month two letters to an ex-detective asking information as to what was going on in Richmond. If he was talked about in any way and what was said about him. If his wife had ever given out anything about him, and saying he had gotten a divorce from her and that he wanted to come back to Richmond. He warned the ex-detective to say nothing about his writing to him. The Cincinnati police have been telegraphed to arrest Shinnick, if he can be found.

THE DOWNS CASE AGAIN.

The Preacher Suing for Six Thousand Dollars Salary.

BOSTON, December 20.—In the superior civil court today was begun the trial of the suit of Rev. W. W. Downs, vs. the Bowdoin square Baptist church secretary for $6,000, alleged to be due as salary as pastor to January, 1887, with interest. General John Coffey and S. F. Keyes appeared for Downs, and R. D. Smith and H. W. Chaplin for the secretary. In opening the case Butler said, incidentally:

If my friends desire to go into the question about Downs's immorality, I am ready to accompany them to the farthest point, and while I don't seek it I don't avoid it. Before an intelligent and impartial judge I should be glad to present my case. The accusations are very gross immorality. The reply will be of the grossest public indecencies that ever were presented in a court of justice. But I don't, as I say again, desire to begin this question. I hope it will come up, because if not I am ready

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

A Winchester Man Rearrested on the Discovery of New Evidence.

WINCHESTER, Va., December 20.—Retenour, who is charged with the murder of Broy, was rearrested today by the commonwealth's attorney, who was absent at the time of his first examination. The rehearing brought out new evidence, important enough to justify the sending of the prisoner to jail. His pistol and horse blanket have been found both with blood on them and the ball taken from Broy's head fits an empty cartridge shell in the pistol. It seems likely that Retenour will be connected with the murder by a strong chain of circumstantial evidence. His counsel will apply for a writ of habeas corpus tomorrow.

A Professional Church Thief.

COLUMBUS, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—The young white man, W. H. Bunnell, who stole the Bible from the Girard Methodist church, is getting deeper into trouble. It now transpires that he stole the clock from the Second Baptist church, and a Bible and hymn book from St. Paul church, in this city. The key to St. Paul church was also found in his possession. He seems to be a professional thief He claims to have relatives living in Savannah

Acted in Self-Defense.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., December 20.—[Special.]—A sensational affray occurred today between J. L. Price, a commission merchant, and William Dowling, a grocer, in which Price shot Dowling in the face, inflicting a serious wound. The shooting grew out of a dispute over an account. Price acted in self defense.

Train Wreckers on Trial,

KANSAS CITY, Mo., December 20.—The trial of six Knights of Labor—Lloyd, Vassin, Hamilton, Leary, Gears and Newport—charged with wrecking a freight train on the Missouri Pacific during the strike last spring, and thus murdering two men, was begun in the district court at Wyandotte, Kansas, today.

The Cowardly Soldiers.

FORT WORTH, Tex., December 20.—Members of company F, 24th Infantry, colored, held an indignation meeting today at Fort Elliott, I. T., to denounce the conduct of Sergeant Connor, of that company, who gained inglorious notoriety in the recent robbery of a railroad train by two men. Connor and two privates were in charge of two prisoners on the train and all three of the armed men gave up their weapons at the demand of the robbers.

A Distinguished Mason Becomes Insane.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., December 20.—Colonel George Northrup, one of the best known railroad men in the south, and the drill master who developed invincible De Molay commandry Knights Templar of this city, was adjudged a lunatic in the circuit court this morning. The testimony in the sad case was that Colonel Northrup has been gradually losing his mind for some time.

The Turkish Mission.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—The Washington Evening Star tonight says that the president has about decided to offer the Turkish mission, vacated by the resignation of Hon. S. S. Cox, to General Egbert L. Viele, member of the house of representatives from the 13th New York district.

Ruled Off the Track.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., December 20.—T. Cohen, of Chicago, brother of the Chicago turf man, who is charged with trying to bribe a jockey and with approaching turf men to have them pull their horses, was today ruled off the track by officers of the jockey club.

THE IRISHMAN'S SHANTY

AND HIS OBJECTION TO THE EXORBITANT RENT DEMANDED.

The Plan of Campaign Still Being Pursued—Trustees Eluding the Police—Mr. Parnell Sick in London—Release of a Priest From Prison and a Rejoicing Over the Event,

LONDON, December 20.—Mr. Parnell is at the Easton Station hotel in this city. He is ill and confined to his room. He is unable to receive visitors and is obliged to avoid the transaction of all business and is even prohibited by his physicians from taking any part in political discussions.

The Standard, assuming that rents were not collected in Ireland, yesterday, under the plan of campaign, says:

The absence of rent collecting yesterday in Ireland and the fact that the Parnellites are confining themselves to heroic talk, indicate that the campaign is ended.

The Standard interprets Mr. Parnell's sudden appearance in London as showing an intention on his part to make a virtue of a necessity by refusing to sanction the continuance of the campaign. The Parnellite leaders, the paper says, are not likely to support William O'Brien's hint to let loose the energies of crime.

Mr. Gladstone, in a letter to Professor James Stuart, member of parliament, says he thinks that the home rule measures are conservative in the truest sense of the term. He adds that if he can help in some measure to settle the affairs of Ireland, he will confer upon Great Britain a service greater than any he has as yet been able to do.

DUBLIN, December 20.—Jos. Richard Cox, Jeremiah Jordan and Joseph Edward Kenny, Parnellite members for East and West Clare, and South Cork, respectively, succeeded yesterday in totally hoodwinking the police and in collecting and escaping with all the rents due from the tenants of the Vandeleur estates in County Clare. Some of the County Clare authorities are yet in doubt as to whether the Vandeleur rents were certainly collected yesterday, or whether the statement that they were is not a part of the strategem to throw the police off their guard against the postponed collection

William Redmon, Parnellite member of the house of commons for North Armagh, was today served with summons to answer the charge of conspiracy for serving as a trustee of rents under the plan of campaign.

Proceedings against David Sheehy, Parnellite member of parliament from South Galway, for accepting rents as trustee, have been abandoned.

Father Fahy, the priest who early in September was sentenced to six months imprisonment for refusing to give bail for good behavior, was today released unconditionally from the Galway fail, in which he had since been confined. Fathey Fahy interceded with Agent Lewis, of the Clanricard estates, in behalf of a number of tenants belonging to the priest's parish in Woodford who were unable to pay their rents. Eviction was threatened and Father Fahy went to save them from being put into the roadway. Lewis treated the priest harshly and as the latter left he said to Lewis:

"You are hard hearted towards God's poor. May you repent of it."

Lewis at once had the priest arrested, and charged him with threatening his life, even going so far as to declare, Father Fahy said, he would have him murdered. The magistrates ordered Father Fahy to give bail for good behavior or go to jail. He refused to furnish bail, for the reason that it would be regarded as an admission that the charge against him was true. He was accordingly imprisoned. The priest met with an ovation on his release. The city of Galway will be illuminated tonight in his honor.

ENDED AT LAST,

The Colin Campbell Divorce Case Reaches a Verdict.

LONDON, December 20.—Argument on both sides of the Campbell divorce case was concluded today, and the judge proceeded at once to sum up the case for the jury. His charge leaned strongly in favor of Lady Campbell. The case was then given to the jury, who soon reported disagreement. They were sent back, and returned at ten o'clock and reported they found that Lord Colin Campbell had not committed adultery, and that Lady Colin had not committed adultery with any of the co-respondents.

Aid for Ireland.

DETROIT, December 20.—The following cablegram was sent from here today by Dr. O'Reilly to Dr. Kenny, treasurer of the Irish national league in Dublin:

"Dr. Kenny, M. P., Dublin, Ireland: The Irish national league of America, acting on the order of its executive, and bristling with sentiments of patriotism, transmits you this day by cable, five thousand pounds.

CHARLES D. O'REILLY,
Treasurer."

This makes £40,000 transmitted by Treasurer O'Reilly since the Chicago convention.

MAYOR PERRY FINED.

Two Cases Filed Against Him in the Higher Courts.

GREENVILLE, Ala., December 20.—[Special.] John T. Perry, mayor of Greenville, who assaulted Colonel R. S. Cheves, the temperance lecturer, on Tuesday of last week, was tried in the police court today on the charge of disorderly conduct. Alderman Manning Steiner acted as mayor. A long list of witnesses was examined. The case was ably argued by counsel on both sides. The court found defendant guilty and fined him $50 and cost. Two cases are docketed against Mayor Perry in the county court growing out of his assault upon Colonel Cheves. The wild excitement growing out of the Perry-Cheves affair has about blown over.

Death of a Noted Turfman.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., December 20.—Alden Goldsmith, the famous horseman, died at midnight last night, at Walnut Grove farm, in the town of Bloominggrove, Orange county, after an illness of three weeks. Mr. Goldsmith was born December 4, 1820. Early in life he began to breed fine horses. Goldsmith's Maid, trained and developed by him, has linked the name of her owner forever with the horse interests of the country. He also brought out Gloster, Huntress, Powers, Driver, Alley, Volunteer, Heptagon, Domestic, Castelar and scores of other noted trotters. For nineteen years he owned Volunteer, perhaps the most prominent stallion in America.

A Death from Hydrophobia.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 20.—The death from hydrophobia of the daughter of Louis Grund, ex-chairman of the republican city central committee, was reported to the coroner today. Barbara Elizabeth Grund, sixteen years old, some time ago was playing with a young puppy only two months old, when it bit her. The wound was not considered serious, for, so far as known, the dog had never been out of the house and had never been with other dogs. Nothing was thought of it until about eight days ago, when the young lady began to show symptoms of the dreaded disease, and two physicians were called in. Their efforts to relieve her sufferings were of no avail, and she grew worse until yesterday, when she died in the greatest agony.

A Lumber Firm Goes Under.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, December 20.—Monroe Bros. & Co., extensive dealers in lumber, made an assignment today. They had five branches, at Painesville, Alliance, Salem and Clinton, Ohio, and at Ann Arbor, Michigan. Charles Winchester, of Ashburnham, Mass., whose financial embarrassment was noted a few days ago, was a general partner in the firm of Monroe Bros. & Co. Previous to Winchester's difficulties, the assets of Monroe Bros. & Co. were estimated at $274,000, and liabilities at several $47,000.

Hemp May Teach Them Manners.

CHATTANOOGA Tenn., December 20.—[Special.]—There is an organized band of thieves committing many depredations in the vicinity of Rossville, Ga., five miles from this city. If they are captured they will meet the fate of the two negro robbers and incendiaries who were lynched at Ringgold two weeks since.

HOLIDAY GIFT ?
USEFUL
OUR
'S and Children's
Furnishings.
EE OUR PRICES.
BROS.,
TAILORS,
HALL STREET.

ONS'
them in the world. Will positively cure
each box is worth ten times the cost of a
LS
ience. One box will do more to purify the blood and cure chronic ill health than $5 worth of any other remedy yet discovered. If people could be made to realize
miles to get a box if they could not be had
pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it;
Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.
ich Blood!
Mention this paper.

SONS
THE FAMOUS
AL WE HAVE
and there is none better.
STOVE FLUE
shall receive prompt attention. Send for illus
E.
Chimney Tops, Stove Thimbles, Fire Brick
Marble Dust and White Sand.
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MEANS STREET
Telephone 383.
WORKS.
ATLANTA, Ga.
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
removing them from their place BY SPECIAL
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

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MACON MISCELLANY.

A THREE THOUSAND DOLLAR FIRE IN VINEVILLE.

Charles B. Ellis Loses His House and Furniture—Ready to Move When the House Caught Fire—The Insurance—A Beef Killed on the Streets—Other Interesting News.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Today, at 1:30, the fire alarm was sounded, and the firemen got ready to go out, when it was found that the blaze was beyond Vineville station, in the suburbs.

Quite a number of people went out there, and the fire was gotten under control after the main building was burned, with a great part of the furniture.

It appears that Mr. Ellis had several drays out there, getting ready to move to the city, when the house caught fire from a stove, and there being no means of fighting the flames, the occupants had to save what little they could, and let the remainder burn with the building.

The house was worth two thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars, and was insured for two thousand. The furniture was worth from a thousand to fifteen hundred, and was insured for one thousand. These amounts of valuation are the estimates given by others than the proprietor, your correspondent being unable to see him personally.

There were quite a number of rumors afloat regarding the location of the fire, and it was at one time reported that Pio Nono college was burning. A good many business men went out to the scene of the fire, fearing that their houses might be endangered, but Mr. Ellis was the only unfortunate.

City Court.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—In city court today McBryde, charged with killing A. Ellington's sow, was found not guilty. On trial the fact was developed first that the sow had one, then two and finally three owners, so Solicitor General Hardeman gave up in disgust, saying that if the sow was as prolific in pigs as in owners, she would have overstocked the market every way.

The case of a negro woman named Wilkinson, who fell in a gully near the bridge and hurt herself, and then sued the city, was settled.

There is a heavy pressure being brought to bear among the merchants and clerks to adjourn the city court over to the March term. They justly consider it a hardship that they should be compelled to sacrifice the holidays in attendance upon the court as jurors, etc. A petition will be gotten up by the bar, and will have a hearing tomorrow, and in all probability that court will be adjourned over to the March term. It will have to come in this form, as the judge has not the power to adjourn it over on his own account.

Our Sick Folks.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Colonel Sam H. Jemison is in a critical condition, and there is little hope for his recovery.

Mrs. Wiley Jones, who has been suffering for many weeks with typhoid fever, is sinking slowly, and her life is despaired of.

Bennie Skalowski, the Cherry street merchant, is convalescing from pneumonia.

Nicholas Cochelle, a Fourth street Italian merchant, is very ill with pneumonia.

Lewis Coley, telegraph operator for the East Tennessee railroad, has been suffering with a complicated attack of pneumonia. He will hardly recover.

Mrs. Anthony, wife of the wine grower, who has been very ill with typhoid fever and pneumonia, is recovering.

Mr. Gifford, connected with Findley's iron works, is able to be on the streets, after a ten weeks' siege of typhoid fever.

The two-year-old son of Mr. Cornell, bookkeeper at S. R. Jaques & Co.'s, is getting up from a severe attack of pneumonia.

The Covington and Macon.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—It appears from correspondents' reports that Atlanta people are slightly confused regarding the position Macon people have taken in regard to the Covington and Macon road. The people of Macon have time and again, in the face of many uncertainties, indorsed the road running northward. As for the Florida extension, they want the road, and are willing to indorse the man who is first to build such a road in the most cordial manner. It is not for them to determine as to the rights of property. That matter is left entirely to the courts. That is the position of the Macon people, and it is a safe and conservative position, and one that nobody can justly attack.

Your correspondent talked with a number of gentlemen today, men who represent the best element of Macon's business, and these are the ideas they advance on the Covington and Macon matter.

A Beef Killed on the Street.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Today a long horned steer got away from a drove on Fourth street, and headed for McKenna's store. A Texan horse drover mounted the gray horse, famous as being once ridden by Geronimo, and coiling his lariat he rode away in pursuit. Several times the lasso was thrown, but fell short. At last, however, the animal was caught by his fore feet, and with a jerk it was drawn taut. The shock threw the animal on his head, his hams sank in the loose soil, and his neck broke with a snap that could be heard a block away.

A butcher cut the animal's throat, and he was turned into beef in an impromptu manner.

A Strange Phenomenon.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—A strange phenomenon was witnessed by early risers Saturday morning. It was a beautiful rainbow which formed in the west, just as the first rays of the morning sun peeped over the eastern ridges. It was said by those who saw it to have been wonderfully beautiful.

From Forsyth.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Professor Asbury, of the Forsyth female college, was in the city today. He says that the college is doing well, and that the merry lasses, turned loose for the holidays, have gone home in great glee to enjoy the Christmas festivities.

An Old Bill.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Dr. Miller has recently added to his collection an old Augusta Bridge bank bill, dated January 8, 1818. It is worth five dollars. It is signed by John H. McKinnes and Henry Shult, proprietors and W. G. Houseil, cashier. It is printed on very light paper, and on one side only.

The Wheeler & Wilson Office.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Your correspondent was misinformed in regard to the closing of the Wheeler and Wilson sewing machine office here. The office will not be closed, but will be somewhat changed.

Personal Paragraphs.

MACON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Rev. J. G. Harrison, the recently appointed pastor of the Bibb circuit, has removed to his new quarters at Jones's Chapel.

Professor Ashbury, of Forsyth, is in the city today.

There will be no Christmas tree at the East Macon Sunday schools.

The orphans' Christmas dinner will take place at the home on Tuesday of Christmas. The little twins there are two-year-old girls.

Tonight the Floyd Rifles "shot up" Private Andrew Reyals, at his home on Second street. The boys had a jolly time, and bonnie Mrs. Reyals did the favors in a bewitching style.

Froze to Death.

CLARKSVILLE, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—A case of freezing to death has been reported. Annie Alexander left one of her children on a pallet in Julia Smith's house. The child was found dead next morning. An inquest is in session.

To Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children, is an old and well-tried remedy. It has stood the test of many years, and never known to fail. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

AN ITINERANT KILLED.

He is Run Over by the Western and Atlantic Train.

MARIETTA, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—An itinerant umbrella mender was run over and killed four miles north of this place yesterday evening. As the Western and Atlantic train was running at its usual rate of speed the engineer saw a man walking on the track with his back to the train, which was fast approaching him. The whistle was blown vigorously, and the engineer supposed the man would get off the track. Seeing that he would not do so, the engineer put on airbrakes and stopped the train, but not until the engine had run over the man and killed him. The body of the unfortunate man was taken up, and on examination, a blank book was found in his pocket with the name "D. Wilson" in it, which is supposed to be the name of the deceased. He was about five feet six inches high, and is about 30 years old.

A MURDERER CAUGHT.

Charles Williams in the Hands of the Officers.

AMERICUS, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Charles Williams, colored, will be remembered by many as the murderer of Peter Cammon, also colored. The crime was committed on the 12th of last June, and Charles immediately skipped. Governor McDaniel offered a reward of $150 for his arrest, but not until yesterday has he been heard from. Yesterday a telegram was received here stating that he had been arrested in Eufaula, and had confessed the crime. The docket will soon be full of criminal cases.

Among Negro Criminals.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—At a raffle for a church fair Saturday night, in this county, Eastman Bernen, colored, was dangerously cut in the side by an unknown party, who escaped. Bernen was brought to the city this morning.

John Woogward, a negro, who was shot Sunday night in Frogtown by his mistress, Lucretia Campbell, is not expected to live throughout the night.

Fred Wright, colored, was on trial in the superior court today for murder. He killed David McIntosh at Thunderbolt last July, whom he caught under compromising circumstances with his wife.

The Banks County Grange.

ATHENS, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—The Athens cotton receipts have reached 50,000 bales.

A delegation from Salem grange, of Banks county, consisting of T. A. Neal, W. C. Oliver, Brock Burgess, Holbrooks, Lelford, Gunnels and Candler, passed through Athens yesterday enroute to Augusta to purchase guano for the grange. The Georgia Chemical works furnished the delegates with free transfortation to examine their works. Salem grange is one of the best conducted granges in the country, and all the farmers of the county take great interest in it.

Waiting for the Water.

AMERICUS, Ga., December 20.—The people are feeling good over the prospects of water works. Americus had voted twice on the question before, but could never carry it because the best people, and those who have most wanted water works, always failed to register; and on this account it has been defeated by the few who oppose all good things. Many who registered did not vote. Last Wednesday the full voting force of the city turned out, and the election resulted in favor of water works by an overwhelming majority. Americus is advancing sure and fast, and water works must soon be followed by gas.

Boycotting the Railroads.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., December 20.—The colored preachers of this city have issued an address, signed by Bishop D. A. Payne, S. W. Walker, C. C. Manigault, J. Gardner Ross, John R. Scott, P. Swearingen, James P. Elliott, Jeffrey Grant, W. P. Ross, T. C. Denham and F. J. Grimke boycotting the railroads because of discriminations against colored passengers. They say: "We do pledge ourselves to use our influence to discourage, as far as possible, excursions, camp meetings and all traveling not absolutely necessary over roads where such distinctions are made."

Sent to Albany.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Deputy United States Marshals Lamar, Clarcy and Dennis Keating left by steamer for New York, with Primus Singleton, convicted in the United States court for stealing government property from Fort Pulaski, and sentenced to one year in Albany penitentiary, and Murray Jackson sentenced to four years in the same penitentiary for stealing twenty-five dollars from a registered letter, belonging to Samuel McLane, at Brunswick.

The New Court House.

AMERICUS, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—From the immense heap of material about the sight of the new court house it looks as if the contractors will not be long in finishing it when they once begin to build. The foundation has been dug down, great piles of the brick and sand lie around and next week work will probably begin in earnest. When completed it will be one of the handsomest structures of the kind in the state.

Deaths in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Mrs. Mary A. Philbrick, relic of Captain D. G. Philbrick, died last evening at an advanced age. She was the mother of Miss Rachel J. Philbrick, author of "Warp and Woof," and other novel letters.

Mrs. Sarah Charlton, mother of the late Dr. T. J. Charlton, died very suddenly this evening from congestion, aged 70 years. She had been in good health up to yesterday.

The Women Complain.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Two more merchants of Worth county were before the United States commissioner today, charged with violating the internal revenue laws in selling Carter's cherry bitters, and were required to give bonds of $200 each to appear for trial at the court. The women of Worth county complain that these bitters are more intoxicating than whisky, and the consumption is greater.

Marriage in Dallas.

DALLAS, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Married today, at M. E. church, at 11 o'clock, by the Rev. R. O. B. England, Mr. Robert L. Rowls and Miss Emma Cooper. Mr. Rowls is the junior member of the firm of Davis & Rowls, merchants. Miss Cooper is a daughter of Mr. T. J. Cooper. The church was beautifully decorated and a large concourse of friends and relatives were present.

The Decision Held Up.

HAMILTON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—The case of Myra T. Hickson against George H. Bryant et. al. was heard before Auditor J. M. McNeil at this place during the week, in which a large amount of evidence was brought to bear by both sides. The argument in the case was postponed until January 14, 1886, at which time Judge McNeil will make his report.

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters.

The Annual Election.

CEDARTOWN, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—At the annual election of Caledonia lodge, No. 121, F. and A. M., held last night, the following officers were elected: Dr. W. G. England, worthy master; John Hutchings, senior warden; J. E. Good, junior warden; T. F. Burbank, treasurer; J. W. Judkins, secretary; T. W. Brewster, tyler.

Must Go to the Asylum.

HAMILTON, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Ordinary J. F. C. Williams held a court of inquiry as to the saneness of Mr. H. R. Clem, in which a jury of twelve men and Dr. J. W. Mitchell decided that he was a fit subject for the asylum.

You can't afford to laugh, dear girls,
Unless your teeth are white as pearls—
Unless your mouth is pink and sweet,
And your two lips in rosebuds meet.
And you cannot supply this want,
But through the use of SOZODONT!

HANGED AT LAST.

FRANK SANDERS TAKEN OUT AND LYNCHED.

Not Burned to Death, as at First Reported, but Returned to Jail—The Mob Calls for Him Early in the Morning, and Hangs Him to a Tree—His Confession of the Crime.

TOCCOA, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—The contradiction of the cremation of Sanders, the murderer of the Swilling family, is true, but he has met his fate at last, and by the hand of Judge Lynch, too.

This morning at two o'clock, a party of men, numbering about one hundred and twenty-five, gathered around the Franklin county jail, in Carnesville, and took the criminal out and carried him to a convenient place in the woods and swung him.

Before he was hung he made a full confession. He said he knocked Mr. Swilling in the head first, and aroused Mrs. Swilling. When she raised up she met the same fate, and in falling back she awakened the child, who was quickly dispatched with the handle of the ax.

THE DAILY NEWS BRIEFED

And Culled Into Short Paragraphs for Ready Reading.

The public schools of Griffin have closed for the term.

The value of taxable property in Brunswick is $1,705,377.

The new hotel on St. Simon's is to cost from $25,000 to $30,000.

The school fund of Oglethorpe county has fallen short of previous years.

Captain Rudolph, of Gainesville, is very low, and is not expected to recover.

The colored woman, Shepherd, who was held or the murder of Al Everson, has been acquitted.

Rev. J. F. Reeves, of Baxley, formerly of Atlanta, has been called to a Baptist church in Florida.

The Hebrews of Brunswick have held a meeting to see if a Hebrew congregation can be established.

The extreme bad weather has delayed the commencement of work on the school building in Cedartown.

The cotton receipts at Cedartown are unusually large this season.

Nearly all the students of the university are at home enjoying the holidays. The railroads kindly granted reduced rates.

A son Mr. Cuyler Nevils, of Bulloch county, was instantly killed a few days ago by the falling of a limb of a tree under which he stood.

A colored woman, Hannah Carter, living near Ruckersville, draws twelve dollars per month for the services of her deceased husband in the late war.

An old negro man was killed by the northbound passenger train of the Brunswick and Western railroad, just beyond Waresboro, last Friday night.

In Paulding county J. N. Dill, who cut a man to death several weeks ago, was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to six years in the penitentiary.

Young Sam Pullman, formerly of Murray county, was shot and killed by a deputy sheriff in the edge of Alabama, who was trying to arrest him for a misdemeanor.

A young man named Kelly, while engaged in ginning a few miles from Wrightsville, got his hand caught in the machinery, which so lacerated his arm as to make amputation necessary.

The Christmas issue of the University Reporter was issued Saturday. It is a double issue of eight pages, and is comprised of interesting matter. The issue reflects much credit on the editors.

In Paulding county, Floyd Duncan, whose wife cooks for Mr. Hooks, caught her with Irving Batten, and becoming enraged, pulled his knife and carved Batten's body into mince meat. Batten has disappeared and can't be found.

On Tuesday night of last week the ginhouse of Mr. Ned Johnson, in Brooks county, was burned. He lost two gins, a bale of cotton in the seed, cotton seed and all his farming utensils. The gin was run by steam and the engine is badly injured.

Mr. M. J. Thornton, of Elbert county, has a book printed one hundred and sixty-eight years ago. It is well preserved and with the exception of the s's and f's looking alike is quite readable. This is ahead of the Hartwell Sun's book one hundred and twenty-six years old.

A young white man by the name of Neal Roberson, employed at Mr. W. J. Smith's woodyard, in Waycross, fell dead one day last week. He was employed as a teamster and had come in on his wagon and was unloading some hay when he remarked to a companion that he felt bad and shortly fell dead. He had not complained before and his death was the only intimation of his illness.

Efforts are being made to obtain the pardon of Andrew J. Thomas, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary about four years ago, for killing Alfred in Bartow county. Thomas is an inmate of the insane asylum and was supposed to have been crazy when he committed the deed. Judge Fain, the prosecuting counsel and a number of the jurors who convicted him have signed the petition for his pardon.

Mr. Robert L. Kirpatrick, of Cartersville, has just received a letter from New Orleans, stating that the grand jury there had found a true bill against Dr. Ford for the murder of his brother, John C. Kirpatrick, last month, and also that Austin, the chief of police of Shreveport, La., had been indicted as accessory to the crime. Ford is still in the Parish prison in New Orleans, bail having been refused, but Austin is at liberty though under heavy bond.

At the last term of Pike superior court, the case of J. F. Taylor vs. Central railroad was decided against the road. The suit was to recover damages for loss by the Barnesville fire of 1881, as it was claimed that the fire originated from a spark from an engine, igniting cotton stored on the wharf. The counsel for the road at once gave notice of a motion for a new trial, which has been argued before Judge Boynton, who sustained the motion. The case will be tried again at the next session of Pike superior court.

Murray Jackson, a young negro from Brunswick, has been on trial in the United States circuit court in Savannah on a charge of impersonating another and fraudulently obtaining $15 on a money order. The order was issued at Patterson, N. J., and was made payable to James McLane, at Brunswick. McLane got on the Glynn county chain gang before the order reached him. One day while working in or near Brunswick he called Jackson and told him about the order, and asked him to collect it. Jackson was perfectly willing, and went to the office, it is charged, and got the money, but never paid it to McLane. One of the witnesses in the case was the postmaster at Jersey City.

Ben Beavers, white, was lately lodged in jail for stealing money from Mr. F. M. Holbrook, attempted to commit suicide in Milton county. He had been released on bond, but voluntarily gave himself up for the reason, as he said, that some one might persuade him to leave the country. He was on his way to jail, and when opposite G. L. Bell's law office, suddenly jerked out a vial of laudanum and swallowed its contents. A small boy who was near saw the action and reported it to Sheriff Tinsley, who at once procured medicine which caused him to vomit nearly all the laudanum swallowed, even then it is a difficult matter to keep him awake, but he is now out of danger.

Buena Vista Patriot: From Colonel J. H. Lowe, who returned from Stewart county last Saturday, we learn the particulars of the blowing up of an engine on the place of W. J. Mathews, at Moss Hill, which occurred on Friday before. Mr. Mathews had a six or eight horse-power stationary engine which he used for driving his gin, and it was situated remote from the ginhouse under a small shelter. The engineer had just fired up the engine and went to the ginhouse for some purpose when the explosion took place, which made a loud noise that was heard for a mile or more around. When the explosion of the boiler took place the engine and a large portion of the boiler and jacket were blown up with such force that a large hole was made in the shelter, and they fell to the ground at least forty or fifty yards from the place where the engine rested. It was a total wreck.

At the cut on the Georgia Midland and Gulf railroad between Poplar and College streets, in Griffin, a negro was severely hurt by being buried beneath falling earth. The manner of making a cut is to dig two ditches parallel to each other about fifteen feet apart and then to undermine between the two. One of the hands, Tony Lyvers, was standing on the edge of the projecting earth when it suddenly gave way, burying him beneath it. He was entirely covered, but was soon relieved from his perilous position by his fellow-laborers. When he was taken out it was found that his spine was severely hurt, besides some internal injuries, the extent of which is not known. The injured man is from Columbus, and was once the carriage driver of Mr. Springer, the father of Mrs. F. M. Kincaid, of this city. Lyvers says that Blind Tom, the great negro pianist, is a maternal uncle of his.

At Jonesville, in McIntosh county, the other day, Miss Ida Rozier, a beautiful young lady, was so badly burned by her clothes taking fire, while standing before the fireplace, that her life is despaired of. There were other persons in the room who narrowly escaped the flames—Mrs. Rowe, wife of Raiford Rowe, a helpless invalid, who has been confined to her bed for years, and her little daughter, who is blind. Mrs. Rowe remonstrated with Miss Ida that she was standing too near the fire, and suggested her dress would catch. Ida playfully remarked: "Oh, well, if it burns it is paid for." In an instant more she was in a light blaze. She ran and jumped into bed with the invalid lady, in order, it is supposed, to smother the flames, setting the bed clothes on fire. The little blind girl caught fire in the excitement, but the latter escaped unharmed. Mrs Rowe, who happened to be not far from the house, hearing the screams, ran as fast as he could to ascertain the cause; he tore the clothing from Ida, jerked the bed clothes from his wife and extinguished the fire on his little blind girl, all as if by magic or superhuman strength. It was a miraculous escape for the mother and child; a sad fate for Ida, and a painful experience for Mr. Rowe, as he is now laid up with both hands very badly burned.

A Wonderful Freak of Nature

Is sometimes exhibited in our public exhibitions. When we gaze upon some of the peculiar freaks dame nature occasionally indulges in, our minds revert back to the creation of man, "who is so fearfully and wonderfully made." The mysteries of his nature have been unraveled by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, and through his knowledge of those mysteries he has been able to prepare his "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a specific for all blood taints, poisons and humors, such as scrofula, pimples, blotches, eruptions, swellings, tumors, ulcers and kindred affections. By druggists.

A Boy Kills Another.

From the Valdosta, Ga., Times.

A shocking story comes to us from Hamilton county. A nine-year-old boy named Downing, living near Ocean Pond, went last week to visit an uncle and cousins living across the state line in Hamilton county, some seven miles away. While down there the nine-year-old, though very much afraid of a gun, was induced to go hunting with his older cousin, about fourteen years old. During the day the older boy came running home and reported that he had fallen down and the gun accidentally discharged, killing his cousin. He carried his parents and others to the spot, and sure enough the little fellow was found shot in the heart with a load of duckshot. His hand was also shot, as though he expected the charge and threw his hand up to fend the load off.

The boy told several conflicting stories as to how the shooting occurred, and he has since run away, and some suspect foul play, as he was known to be a bad fellow; but it is believed by many that he knew his little cousin was afraid of a gun and was likely frightening the little fellow out of mischief by pointing the gun at him, and that it went off half-cocked. Upon this theory it can be explained how the little boy was shot through the hand as well as in the heart.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed bugs, beetles, insects, skunks, jack rabbits, sparrows, gophers. 15 c. At druggists.

Closing for the Holidays.

SPARTA, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—The school at the Sparta academy closed last Friday for the Christmas holidays. In the evening there was an entertainment for the benefit and pleasure of the pupils of the school, given at the hospitable and commodious residence of Mr. DeLamar Turner, which was attended by quite a large crowd.

Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made expressly for sleepless, nervous, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents, all druggists.

Death of Mr. Eberhardt.

ATHENS, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Mr. John Eberhardt died in this city last night from injuries that he sustained from a fall on Friday. Mr. Eberhardt has lived in Athens many years.

"Rough on Catarrh"

Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic cases; also unequaled as garggle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath; 50 cents.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia R. R.

(GEORGIA DIVISION.)

TIME CARD IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 7th, 1886.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	N. Y. Exprest.	Day Express.	Day Express.
Leave Atlanta.........	5 40 pm	12 15 n'n	2 35 am
Arrive Rome............	8 30 pm	3 15 pm	5 30 am
" Dalton	9 57 pm	4 35 pm	10 40 am
" Cleveland.........	10 55 pm	....	....
" Knoxville	1 40 am	....	3 35 pm
" Morristown......	3 12 am	....	5 10 pm
" Bristol	6 15 am	....	8 50 pm
" Roanoke...........	12 50 pm	....	3 20 pm
" Waynesboro.....	4 25 pm	....	6 56 am
" Luray.............	6 28 pm	....	9 02 am
" Shenan'h J't'n.	8 38 pm	....	11 20 am
" Hagerstown......	10 30 pm	....	12 25 am
" Washington......	10 30 pm	....	1 15 pm
" Baltimore.........	11 30 pm	....	3 55 pm
" Philadelphia ...	4 45 am	....	6 55 pm
" New York........	7 00 am	....	9 20 pm

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Florida Express.	Savann'h Express.	Cannon Ball.
Leave Atlanta..........	3 30 pm	6 00 am	12 00 n't
Arrive Macon............	6 50 pm	9 25 am	3 20 am
" Hawkinsville..	11 03 pm	1 30 pm	8 45 am
" Jesup...............	1 05 am	3 15 pm	8 25 am
" Brunswick.........	6 00 am	....	11 20 am
" Jacksonville......	6 00 am	7 30 pm	12 00 n'n
" Savannah..........	6 10 am	7 50 pm	11 55 n'n

ATLANTA TO CHATTANOOGA.

STATIONS.	N. Y. Express.	Day Express.	Night Express.
Leave Atlanta..........	5 40 pm	12 15 pm	2 35 am
Arrive Dalton..........	9 40 pm	4 35 pm	6 50 am
" Chattanooga.....	....	6 00 pm	7 20 am
Leave Chattanooga..	....	6 35 pm	7 45 am
Arrive Cincinnati.....	....	6 50 am	6 00 pm

CHATTANOOGA TO BRISTOL.

Leave Chattanooga..	11 00 am	9 40 pm	....
Arrive Knoxville......	3 35 pm	1 40 am	....
" Morristown......	5 24 pm	3 12 am	....
" Bristol	6 15 pm	9 10 pm	....

Pullman Buffett Sleeping cars leave Atlanta daily as follows:

For Cincinnati at 12:15 noon and 2:35 a. m., alternating with the Mann Boudoir car.

For Kansas City via Memphis 12:15 noon.

For Jacksonville 3:30 p. m. and 12 night, alternating with Mann Boudoir car.

Pullman sleeper also leaves Chattanooga at 6:25 p. m. for little Rock and Rome at 8:35 p. m. for Washington.

B. W. WRENN,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt., Knoxville, Tenn.
L. J. ELLIS, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

Chronic Catarrh

Cannot be cured by local applications. It is constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the disease, and soon effects a permanent cure. At the same time Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the whole system, and makes you feel renewed in strength and health. Be sure to get Hood's.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh with very satisfactory results. I received more permanent benefit from it than from any other remedy." M. E. READ, Wauseon, Ohio.

"I sufferred severely from chronic catarrh, arising from impure blood. It became very bad, causing soreness of the bronchial tubes and a troublesome cough, which gave great anxiety to my friends and myself, as two brothers died from bronchial consumption. I tried many medicines, but received no benefit. I was at last induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I am not the same man in health or feelings. My catarrh is cured, my throat is entirely well, and a dyspepsia trouble, with sick headache, have all disappeared." E. M. LINCOLN, 35 Chambers St., Boston.

Try the peculiar medicine.

Dangerous Tendencies

Characterize catarrh. The foul matter dropping into the bronchial tubes or lungs, may bring on bronchitis or consumption, which reaps an immense harvest of deaths annually. Hence the necessity of giving catarrh immediate attention. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me of catarrh, soreness of the bronchial tubes, and terrible headache." R. GIBBONS, Hamilton, Ohio.

Stuffed up Feeling

"For several years I have been troubled with that terrible disagreeable disease, catarrh. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla with the very best results. It cured me of that continued dropping in my throat, and stuffed up feeling. It has also helped my mother, who has taken it for run down state of health and kidney trouble. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all as a good medicine." MRS. S. D. HEATH, Putnam, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar. 100 Doses One Dollar

MORELAND PARK MILITARY ACADEMY,

NEAR ATLANTA, GA.

THOSE WHO HAVE SONS TO EDUCATE ARE INVITED TO INVESTIGATE THE CLAIMS OF this school. Its location adapts it to patronage from the North or the South, as those spending the winter South may well leave their sons until the session closes in June, while pupils from lower latitude are invariably strengthened by our bracing atmosphere.

It is the purpose of this school to train boys mentally, morally, and physically. The next session begins January 3d. 5th p CHAS. M. NEEL, Superintendent.

D. C. BACON, Pres. M. F. AMOROUS, Gen. Mgr

ATLANTA LUMBER CO.

YARDS, Humphries St., & E. T., V. & G. Railway.
OFFICE, 48 MARIETTA ST.
MILLS, On Line C. R. R. and E. T., V. & G. Ry.

LONG LEAF PINE

Kiln-Dry Dressed Flooring, Ceiling,
Weatherboarding, Shingles
and Laths,
Bridge and Trestle Timbers,

Best in quality, lowest in price.
Write for estimates on house bills.
sep16, 1y 2p n r m

WILSON & STIFF

10 Marietta St.,

HEADQUARTERS FOR NOVELTIES IN Lamps and Glass Goods. Dealers in Stamped Linens. Stamping Designs, Sewing Machines and Sewing Machine Goods, all materials for Art Needle Work. Largest stock of Fancy Goods in city. Next door to Phillips& Crew.

Bee Line to New York and Boston.

THIS IS THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING cars from Cincinnati to Boston, and the only line running through cars into the city of New York without any transfer whatever, avoiding the disagreeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river. No extra charge on the limited express. Four fast express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in New York, New England and Canada. Ask your ticket agent for map and folder, or address

J. E. REEVES,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.
nov12—1y

Meeting of Stockholders.

CENTRAL R. R. & BANKING CO. OF GA.,
SAVANNAH, Ga., December 1st, 1886.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this company will take place at the Banking House in Savannah, on WEDNESDAY, December 22d, at 10 o'clock a. m. Stockholders and their families will be passed free over the company's road to the meeting from the 19th to the 22d inclusive, and will be passed free returning from the 22d to the 25th inclusive, on presentation of their stock certificates to the conductors.

T. M. CUNNINGHAM,
su tu fri 7t Cashier.

Election of Directors.

CENTRAL R. R. & BANKING CO. OF GA.,
SAVANNAH, Ga., December 1, 1886.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS to manage the affairs of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, in Savannah, MONDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF JANUARY, 1887, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. Stockholders and their families will be passed free over the Company's road to attend the election from the 1st to the 3d of January inclusive, and be passed free returning from the 3d to the 7th of January inclusive, on presentation of their stock certificates to the conductors.

T. M. CUNNINGHAM,
su tu fri 15t Cashier.

Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 1, 1886.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE from the earnings of this company and its dependencies has been declared, payable on and after DECEMBER 20th, to the stockholders as of record this day.

T. M. CUNNINGHAM,
su tu fri 7t Cashier.

WEAK MEN MADE STRONG

Men suffering from Lost Vigor, Nervous Debility, Lack of Development, Premature Decline, etc., resulting from indiscretions, excesses or overwork, cured without Stomach Drugging, by the GREAT MARSTON TREATMENT. Sealed book sent free. Should be read by Fathers & placed in the hands of their Sons. Replete with information of value to all men.

MARSTON REMEDY CO. 19 Park Place, New York.
oct12—d52t—tues thurs sat.

Holmes' Sure Cure,

Mouth Wash and Dentrifice.

Cures bleeding gums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throat. Cleanses the teeth and purifies the breath; used and recommended by leading Dentists. Prepared by Drs. J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Dentists, Macon, Ga. For sale by all druggists and dentists. dly

Found at Last

And the discovery is all the greater for being so long delayed,

VITAL RESTORER FOR MEN.

Trade Mark.

By its use Lost Power, Lost Energy, Drained Brain and Exhausted Vitality, are quickly and permanently restored.

DO NOT DELAY A DAY

Many cases are "to-day curable, to-morrow hopeless."

HERE IS A PERFECT CURE

Endorsed by London Doctors.

It has cured thousands abroad. It is curing thousands here. Illustrated Medical Book Free

Craigie Medical Clinic, (Am. Branch)
35 Nassau Street, New York.
Name this paper. oct10—sun tue fri wkeow1

FOR CHRISTMAS

FIRE CRACKERS, ROMAN CANDLES, SKY Rockets and other Fireworks. Also, Powder, Shot, Caps, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges. Port, Sherry, Angelica, Claret, Blackberry, Scuppernong. Sweet Catawba and other Domestic Wines for sale at

PETER LYNCH'S GREAT VARIETY STORE,
Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets, Atlanta,

A FRIEND IN NEED.

★ ★ ★

Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural Bone Setter, Has been used for more than 50 years, and is the best known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, wounds and all external injuries. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS—TRY IT.

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

G has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction. MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex.

G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oildom. A. L. SMITH, Bradford, Pa.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

A. P. TRIPOD,

45 DECATUR STREET,

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

HIGH GRADE

Lubricating Oils and Greases!

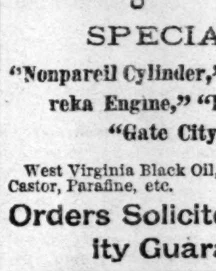
SPECIALTIES.

"Nonpareil Cylinder," "Lardoline," "Eureka Engine," "Extra Machine," "Gate City Grease."

West Virginia Black Oil, all grades; Signal, Lard Castor, Parafine, etc.

Orders Solicited and Quality Guaranteed.

BALL'S



CORSETS

Name this paper.

They need no breaking in. THEY FIT AT ONCE, adjusting themselves to the form of the wearer, and yield with every movement so that it is impossible to break steels. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded after three weeks' wear. Try them once and you will wear no other. Look out for worthless imitations; see that the name BALL is on the box. ALSO OUR GUARANTEE. For sale by all leading dry goods dealers.

FOR SALE BY
M. RICH & BRO.
dec19—d3m

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING SOLD REAL ESTATE since April 1st, are earnestly requested to come to our office and have the proper changes made before our books are written up for next year. Your attention to this at once will save you time and trouble when you come to make your returns for 1887.

D. A. COOK,
T. J. MALONE,
M. T. CASTLEBERRY, } City Assessors.

TAX NOTICE.

MY BOOKS FOR THE COLLECTION OF STATE and county tax, for the year 1886, will positively close on the 20th of this month. Tax payers will please call and settle before the rush begins. Office hours from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m.

J. M. WILSON, T. C. F. C.

OPIUM HABIT CURED

IN 15 DAYS.

NO CURE, NO PAY.

All we ask is a trial and a PERMANENT CURE is GUARANTEED. Address

DRS. NELMS & MOORE,
feb2-d1y Smyrna, Cobb Co., Ga.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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& CO., Lowell, Mass.

oses One Dollar

RY ACADEMY,

INVESTIGATE THE CLAIMS OF
r the South, as those spending the
ne, while pupils from lower latitude

and physically. The next session
HAS. M. NEEL, Superintendent.

FOR
RISTMAS

CKERS, ROMAN CANDLES, SKY
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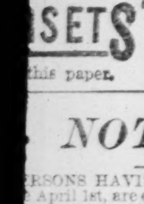
Paris, Tex.
G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oildom.
A. L. SMITH,
Bradford, Pa.
Sold by Druggists.
Price $1.00.

P. TRIPOD,
5 DECATUR STREET,
ANTA, - GEORGIA.
HIGH GRADE
ting Oils and Greases!
SPECIALTIES.
ll Cylinder," "Lardoline," "Eu-
Engine," "Extra Machine,"
"Gate City Grease."
rginia Black Oil, all grades; Signal, Lard
raline, etc.
rs Solicited and Qual-
ity Guaranteed.

LL'S



They need no breaking in.
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FOR SALE BY
M. RICH & BRO.
this paper. dec19—d2m

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IN 15 DAYS.
CURE. NO PAY.
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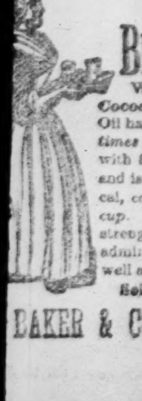
RANTEED. Address
DRS. NELMS & MOORE,
Smyrna, Cobb Co., Ga.



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

WHAT WAS DONE BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE YESTERDAY.

The House Amendment to Adjourn on Wednesday Until After the Holidays Passed by the Senate – Proceedings of the House of Representatives' Session Yesterday.

The senate met at 10 o'clock and was called to order by President Davidson. Prayer was offered by Rev. John Jones, D. D., chaplain.

The roll was called and the journal read and approved.

Reports of committees were received.

Mr. Butt moved that the resolution providing for adjournment be taken up in order to concur in the house amendment fixing the time of adjournment at 1 o'clock Wednesday.

Mr. James thought it would be impossible to get through by 1 p. m. He favored transmitting the resolution back to the house with the hour fixed later in the day.

Mr. Butt thought there was no occasion for a later hour. He favored an hour certain and definite.

Mr. James said he had no personal interest in the matter. He had no bill that he was seeking additional time for. He had been informed, however, by the clerk of the house and secretary of the senate, that the bills recommended by the joint committee as important to be passed, could not be gotten through with by 1 o'clock.

Mr. Pringle thought if an hour certain was fixed much more would be accomplished than if it was left open. He favored the resolution as amended by the house.

The resolution was adopted.

House amendments to the bill incorporating the Rome and Carrollton railroad were concurred in.

BILLS FOR A FIRST READING.

On motion of Mr. Butt the rules were suspended to read house bills the first time. The following were read:

To authorize the mayor and council of Atlanta to issue bonds, etc.

To repeal the act establishing the county court of Newton county.

To repeal paragraph 5, section 3854 of the code of 1882, and amend the same in reference to the testimony of the members of the bar.

To incorporate the Atlanta and Alabama railroad company.

To incorporate the Austell Street Railroad company.

To provide a stock law in certain districts of Crawford county.

To prohibit fishing in Little Ohoopee river.

To amend the roads and revenues law of Wilcox county.

To change the time of holding the superior court of Paulding county.

To incorporate the Germania Loan and Banking company.

To amend the act incorporating the Rome and Decatur railroad company.

To authorize the mayor and council of Fort Valley to issue bonds, &c.

To amend section 1,689 of the code.

To amend the act incorporating the town of Hephzibah.

To amend section 4,003 code.

To fix the compensation of the judge of the city court of Richmond county in his capacity as commissioner of roads and revenues.

To provide game laws for Richmond county.

To incorporate the Washington and Elberton railroad company.

A large number of bills were read the second time.

BILLS PASSED.

The following bills were read the third time and passed:

To incorporate the Augusta and Chattanooga Railroad and Banking company.

To incorporate the Athens and Eatonton Railroad company.

To provide for the registration of voters in Clinch county.

To change the time of holding the superior court in Berrien and Colquitt counties.

To incorporate the Underwriter's Mutual Insurance association.

To provide for a board of commissioners of road and revenues for Hall county.

To provide for a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Calhoun county.

A message from the house was received announcing the refusal of the house to concur in certain senate amendments to the tax bill.

The amendments to which the house objected were those changing the tax upon telegraph and express companies from one to one and one-half per cent of their gross receipts; and changing the general tax rate from 2 and 60-100 mills to 2 and 40-100 mills.

The senate voted, under a suspension of the rules, to insist upon its amendments.

The reading of bills a third time was resumed as follows:

To authorize the mayor and council of the town of Jefferson, in Jackson county, to expend for other purposes $250 raised to macadamize the public square. Passed.

To incorporate the Tallahassee, Bainbridge and Western Railroad company. Passed.

To amend the acts incorporating what is now known as the Marietta and North Georgia Railroad company. Passed.

To amend the act incorporating the town of Talbotton. Passed.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

A message from the house was received announcing that it adhered to its refusal to concur in the senate amendments to the tax bill.

Mr. Powell, under a suspension of the rules, moved that the senate adhere to its amendments, and that a committee of conference be appointed, consisting of three from the senate and three from the house. Adopted.

OTHER BILLS PASSED.

The reading of bills a third time was resumed, and the following were also passed:

To amend the charter of Emory college.

To incorporate the Douglasville Banking company.

To incorporate the Southern Live Stock Insurance company.

To amend the charter of the Columbus and Florida Railway company so as to make the same the Columbus and Southern Railway company.

To incorporate the Elberton Loan and Savings bank.

CONFIRMED IN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

On motion of Mr. Butt, the senate went into executive session to consider a sealed communication received from the governor on Friday last, after which it should take recess until 3 p. m.

In executive session, the following appointments were confirmed:

Judge Howard Van Epps to be judge of the city court of Fulton county four years from July 28, 1888.

Max Meyerhardt to be judge of the city court of Floyd county four years from October 6, 1887.

The senate then adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The senate was called to order at 3 o'clock. Roll call was dispensed with, and the president announced as the conference committee on the tax bill on the part of the senate, Messrs. Powell, DeJarnette and Wafford.

This committee was granted leave of absence from the chamber in order to proceed with the conference with the house committee.

A bill to incorporate the Athens Loan and Banking association was read the first time.

A message from the house was received announcing the appointment of a conference committee upon the tax bill.

Mr. Dean, chairman of the special judiciary committee, reported in favor of the passage of certain house bills.

The following bills were read the third time and passed:

To provide game laws for Pulaski county.

To appropriate $75 to Elbert Willis, a confederate soldier, for an artificial leg.

To submit to the qualified voters of Chattooga county the question of repealing the road laws of Chattooga county.

To amend the laws of the state governing the procedure in the superior courts of counties in which there are cities having more than ten thousand inhabitants.

To amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.

To amend the charter of Macon gaslight and water company.

To incorporate the State bank of Gainesville.

To incorporate the Ellijay telephone company.

To provide the stock law for that portion of Dougherty county lying west of the Flint river.

To extend the public school term in Gordon county.

A resolution for the relief of H. J. Adams, treasurer of the north Georgia conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south.

A bill to amend the charter of Atlanta so as to provide for the improvement of certain streets. Tabled.

To amend the road laws of Whitfield county.

To amend the act incorporating the town of Social Circle.

To incorporate the North Georgia Telegraph company.

A resolution authorizing the president of the senate and the speaker of the house, and secretary of the senate and clerk of the house with certain enrolling clerks, to remain after the adjournment to sign bills and complete business of the session.

To fix fees of the sheriff and jailer of Stewart county for keeping and dieting prisoners.

A bill to provide registration laws for Richmond county was read the first time.

The senate adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

The House.

The house assembled at the usual hour, and after the reading of the journal the resolution of Mr. Atkinson, of Coweta, providing for the appointment of a joint committee of three from the senate and five from the house, to investigate the department of agriculture, including the inspection of oils and fertilizers, was taken up.

Mr. Atkinson stated that charges of inefficiency, negligence and carelessness among the officers of the department of agriculture had been made, and that quantities of worthless fertilizers have been allowed to be distributed in the state. The resolution calling for the appointment of the committee cited all these charges, and further set forth the charge that the department makes no adequate return to the state of the money provided for its maintenance.

This department, said Mr. Atkinson, is the costliest branch of the state service. He said that the annual cost of the department, including the fees of the inspectors of oils and fertilizers, amounts to $36,000. He would not undertake to say that these charges are true, but they certainly demand legislative investigation.

Mr. Simmons, of Sumter, opposed the resolution. Who charged that the officials of the agricultural department were unfaithful and inefficient? He had heard these charges for the first time today. It was unfair to the department, as under the rules the gentleman from Coweta (Mr. Atkinson) would be chairman of the committee, and consequently the prosecutor and the jury in this case. He ridiculed the character of these investigations of the agricultural department. He held up the report of the investigating committee of 1883, which cost the state $3,000 and accomplished nothing. The trouble with these investigations was that the committees never get the proper witnesses. The farmer who farms on paper was examined, but the man who drives the plow and handles the hoe never comes before the committee. The farmer knows what kind of guano he has to buy, and knows the iniquities of the agricultural department, but he can't be there, for he is busy at home. But Judge Henderson will be there and will tell the committee that it is "persecuting." Wes. Murphy will be there, who gave up his interest in the convict lease to accept the position of inspector. He will be there to tell of the value of the department. He thought the state could not afford to go into any more such investigations, and moved to table the resolutions.

The motion prevailed, and the resolutions were tabled.

The senate amendments to the tax bill were taken up. The amendments were agreed to without discussion until the amendment to the second paragraph of the eighth section was reached, which levied a tax of 1½ per cent on the gross receipts of railroads. That amendment was rejected.

The amendment to section one, striking out two and sixty-one hundredths mills as the general tax levy, and inserting two and forty-one hundredths mills in lieu thereof, was next in order.

Mr. Gordon, of Chatham, moved to disagree.

Mr. Candler, of DeKalb, offered an amendment levying two and sixty-one hundredths for 1887, and two and forty-one hundredths for 1888.

Mr. Gordon spoke in opposition to the amendment of the senate and in opposition to the amendment of Mr. Candler. Mr. Gordon said the general tax levy could not be cut down but that if any part of the tax was to be cut down it should be the capitol tax. He presented figures showing that the affairs of the state could not be carried on at the reduced rate of taxation. He made an urgent appeal for guarding well the credit of the state by making ample provision for meeting its obligations.

Mr. Candler spoke in support of the amendment offered by himself. He said he was willing to accept the figures of the house committee for 1887 and of the senate committee for 1888.

Mr. Harrell, of Webster, called attention to the passage of the soldiers' bill and said the state could not get along with less than the two and sixty-one hundredth rate.

Mr. Calvin of Richmond spoke in favor of the rate of two and sixty one hundredths.

Mr. Jones of Baker called the previous question.

The main question was Mr. Candler's amendment.

The amendment was lost.

The motion of Mr. Gordon that the house refuse to concur, was put and prevailed.

So the house refused to concur.

Mr. Harper, of Carroll, offered a resolution providing that the auditing committee should audit claims for mileage one way at this session and one way at the summer session.

In a few remarks Mr. Harper said this was in law but one session of the legislature, and there ought not to be mileage paid twice each way for one session.

The resolution was lost.

The report of the committee on the state of business reported the following as the order:

1. Senate bills.
2. Bill to repeal the technological school bill.
3. New matter.

Mr. Berner, of Monroe, moved to adopt the order of business only so far as the first proposition was concerned; namely, the reading of senate bills.

That brought up the technological school question, and Mr. Rawls, of Effingham, spoke in favor of a resolution introduced by himself calling on the technological school commission to take no action until after the summer session. He claimed that the people were against the technological school.

Mr. Little of Muscogee, (the speaker,) spoke in opposition to the resolution by Mr. Rawls. He spoke of his trip north with the special legislative committee to investigate the technological school question, and that from an indifferent man he became an enthusiast. He said the technological school bill was a law passed by a constitutional majority and a mere resolution passed by a simple majority could not in effect repeal such a law, which can be changed in but one way and that is the way proscribed by the constitution. The technological school law is mandatory and has to be executed. A mere resolution could not affect the action of the governor.

Mr. Little said that if he had the power of locating the school he would have put it in another city, but all honor was due Atlanta for the interest she had taken. He showed that the state had appropriated $65,000, whereas the city had given $70,000 cash and a site, and that the state could get $65,000 out of the property at any time. He said there were schools in the state that taught men to be lawyers, to sit around and wait for briefs; doctors, to sit around and wait for patients; and there were schools which taught men to be preachers, but there was no scheme by which men and boys were taught to work. The technological school would meet a deficiency. The state did not need any more physicians, and did not need many more preachers and speakers; but it did need more men who were educated to work. He urged that boys could not get into the machine shops to learn trades. "And above all," said Mr. Little, "put upon your banner progress and the best interests of the young of the state of Georgia."

After the speech of Mr. Little several points of order were raised, and pending the straightening out of the matter, the house adjourned.

The following committee of conference on the tax bill was appointed: Mr. Gordon, Mr. Harrell of Webster, and Mr. Huff.

The house adjourned to 3 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The house reassembled at 3 o'clock.

The call of the roll was dispensed with.

The consideration of the report of the committee on the state of business was resumed.

Mr. Harrell, of Webster, requested the speaker (Mr. Chappell of Muscogee) to state the question before the house.

The speaker said that as the amendment offered by Mr. Rawls, of Effingham, had been ruled out of order, the question was upon the adoption of the report, which report was the substitute offered by Mr. Berner, of Monroe, that had been accepted by the chairman of the committee.

Mr. Felton, of Bibb, moved to lay the report on the table. No quorum voting, Mr. Felton withdrew the motion.

Mr. Glenn, of Whitfield, moved the adoption of the report as amended by the substitute offered by Mr. Berner.

Mr. Harrell, of Webster, stated what he conceived to be the business before the house, holding that Mr. Berner's substitute was an amendment, and therefore out of order. He requested the speaker to rule on his point of order.

The speaker ruled the substitute out of order.

Mr. Rawls withdrew his amendment which had previously been ruled out of order.

Mr. Harrell then called the previous question on the motion of Mr. Simmons, of Sumter, to adopt the report of the committee as originally submitted.

Mr. Felton, of Bibb, moved to table the report.

Mr. Black, of Gordon, offered a resolution allowing the committee to withdraw its report, but the resolution was ruled out of order.

The motion to table was lost.

Mr. Tate, of Pickens, moved to recommit the report. The speaker ruled the motion out of order, and stated that the question was on Mr. Harrell's call for the previous question.

Here a number of motions and counter motions were made, causing much confusion. Finally, the call for the previous question was sustained, and the motion to adopt the report was put and lost.

Mr. Felton, of Bibb, moved that the rules be suspended and senate bills and resolutions be taken up and disposed of. The motion was carried.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

Mr. Gamble, of Jefferson, offered a resolution requiring the treasurer to pay out of the contingent fund $450 to Mr. G. Y. Tigner, stenographer of the joint investigating committee, and $120 to Mr. W. H. Harralson, sergeant at arms, on account for their services.

Mr. Denny, of Floyd, opposed the resolution, and moved to refer it to the finance committee. The motion prevailed.

SENATE RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

The senate resolution to appoint a sub-committee to visit and inspect the lunatic asylum during the recess was tabled.

The senate resolution appointing a sub-committee to visit and inspect the convict camps during the recess was also tabled.

The senate resolution authorizing the governor to appoint a commissioner to visit the American exhibition in London, England, in 1887, etc., was also tabled.

Following the disposition of these resolutions, a number of senate bills were read the first and second times.

SENATE BILLS, THIRD TIME.

The following senate bills were read the third time and disposed of:

A bill to amend section 4593 of the code of 1882, defining incest and fixing the penalty. Passed.

A bill to ratify and confirm the charter of the Buena Vista and Ellaville Railroad company. Passed.

A bill to incorporate the Salt Springs and Northwestern Railroad company. Passed.

A bill to change the manner of granting licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors as contained in section 1419 of the code of 1882. Lost.

This bill provided that liquor in quantities less than ten gallons should not be sold outside of incorporated towns, without the consent of the ordinary of the county and ten of the nearest residents to the place of sale,

THE TAX BILL.

The conference committee on the general tax bill submitted a report. The senate agreed to recede from its amendment fixing the rate of taxation at two and forty one-hundredth mills, instead of two and sixty one-hundredth mills. The house agreed to accept the senate amendment taxing telegraph and express companies one and one-half per centum on their gross receipts. The report was adopted.

MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

By request of the committee, Mr. Huff, of Bibb, was added to the committee on penitentiary.

The house resolution authorizing Messrs. F. L. Harralson and H. H. Cabaniss to print the laws enacted during the present session was tabled, a resolution for the same purpose having already been adopted.

The house adjourned at 5 o'clock and 40 minutes.

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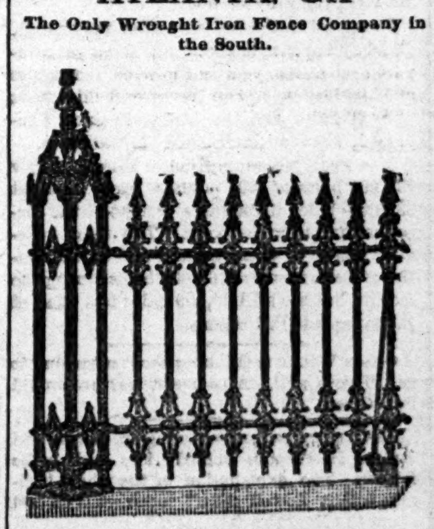

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WANTED—FIVE EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES at Nunnally's, 36 Whitehall. Call ready for work this morning.

WANTED—A HEALTHY, INTELLIGENT, well recommended cook can get a permanent situation by calling at 134 Capitol avenue. dec18 tf

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN IN city or country to take light work at their homes. $1 to $3 a day easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have a good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address with stamp, Crown Mfg. Co., 294 Vine street, Cincinnati, O. no 25 1m

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

POSITION BY EXPERT LADY STENOGRAPHER by 1st of January. Best references. Address A. B. Calvin, care Constitution. su tu wed

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

SEED WHEAT, SEED RYE, SEED BARLEY, SEED oats, seed peas, seed corn, winter grazing, rust proof, Burt and old field white oats. W. M. Williams, 17 South Broad street.

GEORGIA LAW REPORTS FOR SALE—A GOOD set cheap. Address D. P., 34½ Peachtree street.

FOR SALE—110,000 BRICK, CHEAP FOR CASH. J. W. Morrow, Ga. R. R. Depot. 1w

BEHR BROS.' PIANOS—NONE BETTER OR handsomer. Special inducements to agents and teachers. Also great bargains in good as new Chickering, speak quick. Barnwell, 54 S. Broad street. sun and tues 3t.

WE OFFER THIS WEEK GREAT BARGAINS IN fine pianos and organs—outside our regular line—also several second hand. Terms easy. Don't miss this chance. S. P. Richards & Son. 37 Whitehall street and 54 S. Broad street. 3t.

FOR SALE--Real Estate.

FOR SALE—A FINE IMPROVED CORN AND hog farm of 100 acres, near Richmond, Ind., and two desirable and valuable tracts of land in Polk county, Fla., 335 and 63 tracts. Price altogether, $25,000, or will take a number one stock farm in exchange. Address box 182, Fountain City, Wayne Co., Ind. tues&sun

FOR SALE—500 ACRES RICH LAND, SITUATED in north Louisiana, on Bayou D'Arbonne, specially situated for stock farm. Has adjoining 3,000 acres swamp land. For terms and further particulars address H. E. Mosely, Mosely Bluff, Union Parish, Louisiana. 1m

HOLIDAY GOODS.

60 PER CENT SAVED—WE WILL SELL FOR 30 days at retail and save you above amount on your holiday purchases on our large line of gold and silver watches, rings, fine bracelets, lacepins, earrings, watch and neck chains, lockets, sleeve and collar buttons, scarf pins and everything found in a first class jewelry store. Gold, silver, nickel and steel spectacles and eye glasses, clocks, pocket knives, pocketbooks, harps, accordeons, etc. Doing business upstairs we have a saving of twelve hundred dollars per year on store rent also to divide amongst our customers. S. Maier & Co., importers and wholesale jewelers, 8½ Marietta street, upstairs. dec12 19 22

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, etc.

FOR RENT—FROM 1ST JANUARY, A 7-ROOM cottage, 25 Markham street; close in; occupied past year by first class family; premises in good order. Apply to J. L. Cox, 15 South Broad street.

FOR RENT—NICE 5 ROOM HOUSE, 74 COURTLAND avenue. Apply to G. M. Downs, 25 Ivy street. sunwedtf

FOR RENT--Miscellaneous.

LARGE STORE CORNER LINE AND PRYOR ST. Also store and warehouse 17 and 19 South Forsyth street for rent from January 1st. Apply to Harry Krouse, 2 Kimball house, Wall st. su-tu-th

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$260—AN ENERGETIC MAN WANTED WITH this amount to take the exclusive agency for Atlanta of goods that are in great demand; $50 per week can be made on above investment. Address W. E., care of Constitution.

WANTED—BOARD.

WANTED—IN REFINED FAMILY, TWO ROOMS and very good board. Address Strangers, Constitution office.

PERSONAL.

IRONCLAD NOTES, WAIVING ALL THE EXEMPTIONS, including garnishment of wages, etc., and either with or without the mortgage clause, as preferred, and printed so as to be used in any state, sent postpaid to any address upon receipt of sixty cents for a book of 100 notes, or thirty-five cents for a book of fifty notes. These forms of notes are pronounced the best in existence, and we have letters stating that they bring the money when other forms fail. Send money in two cent stamps or postal notes, and state whether the mortgage clause is wanted. Address the Constitution, Atlanta, Ga. da, wky

WE SEND BY MAIL, POSTAGE PAID, TO ANY address, the simplest and best forms of blank deeds, blank mortgages, and blank bonds for title upon receipt of sixty cents per quire. d w tf

FOR SALE—HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND-HAND HEARSES, three close carriages, one phaeton and several buggies and sulkies, all in good order, and will be sold at a sacrifice. Apply to Louis Redd, Columbus, Ga. dec22w

FOUND.

TAKEN UP AT MY HOUSE DECEMBER 10, 1886, one mouse-colored milk cow, marked with crap off the right ear and over-bit and under-bit in the left. Fannie Yancy, No. 232 Highland avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

FOUND—A SETTER FOUND. CAN GET IT BY describing and paying for this insertion. Call at H. C. Beerman's, corner Peachtree and Decatur streets.

THE CONSTITUTION.

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT $1.00 PER MONTH, $2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR $10 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

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THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

General Eastern Agent. J. J. FLYNN,
23 Park Row, New York City.

ATLANTA, GA., DECEMBER 21, 1886.

FAIR *INDICATIONS for Atlanta, taken at 1 o'clock a. m: Fair weather, followed by light rain; slightly warmer. Georgia, eastern Florida and Alabama: Fair weather, followed by light rains; variable winds, becoming southerly; slightly warmer.* **WARM**

THE capitol commission meets today.

SPEAKER LITTLE made a speech yesterday on the technological school that worked up some of the Potiphar Peagreens. Another election will still narrow down the crowd.

THE bids for the sale of the city gas stock came in yesterday. The sale of this stock was to furnish the money subscribed by Atlanta to the technological school. The city authorities wisely declined to open the bids until the foolish attempt to smother the school is disposed of.

THE farmers of this state have more to complain about than any class in it, but they are to blame for most of their trouble. When will they wake up to the importance that they need practical, successful farmers as lead horses? One Primus Jones is worth a dozen farmer politicians.

THE law-makers of the palmetto state are about to close their session without enacting any of those sweeping measures of reform which were evolved from Farmer Moses Tillman's subtile brain, and which he pledged himself to push through. The course of the legislature of our sister state has been eminently sagacious.

THE meeting of the charter members of the Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic is called today at THE CONSTITUTION office at eleven a. m. All the members are expected to be present. The committee appointed at a previous meeting to prepare a charter and to report on the preliminaries of this grand enterprise will be ready to report.

WE regret to observe that the house did not concur in the senate resolution indorsing the American exhibition to be held in London next year. No appropriation of money is asked now, or will be asked, or appropriated hereafter by the state for this enterprise. Only a letter or certificate asking an acknowledgment on the part of this state of an undertaking inaugurated and to be completed by individuals is desired at the hands of the general assembly. No less can be desired, no more should be granted.

TOMORROW night will be the longest night of the year. The present legislature has had but few night sessions, but it has occupied most of the days in hard work. A man who has watched the legislative proceedings for twenty years, remarked yesterday that the present legislature was above the average legislatures of the state. "It has," said he, "some cranks, some demagogues, but they are in the minority. The majority of the present legislature," he added, "look forward only to what is right, and when they are satisfied, they stick to it." We think the compliment was deserved. It is a good body of men.

THE news gatherer of the Macon Telegraph seems to be very much interested in an imaginary move to start another morning paper in Atlanta. There is no better place in America for a morning paper, as is demonstrated by the success of THE CONSTITUTION, but the person who wrote the news to the Telegraph could have easily found out that he was dealing in fiction by simply addressing a note to Mr. Pulitzer or to any proprietor of THE CONSTITUTION. THE CONSTITUTION received eight hundred and forty-three subscribers Saturday, and over seven hundred yesterday, but this is nothing to brag of. We are the best advertised paper in the south and we will continue to encourage this by always giving the most reliable news.

Some Important Resolutions.

The democratic house seems to be at last waking up to the fact that the power and influence of the United States' treasury are daily used, contrary to law and good policy, in the interests of Wall street, and there is to be inquiry on the subject. It is notorious that for years the real interests of the people have been held subordinate to the speculative business interests of New York city by those in control of the people's money, and it will be a great day for the whole country when the secretary of the treasury is compelled to conform to the law.

Yesterday the Weaver resolution was reported back to the house from the committee on banking and currency and adopted. This resolution calls on the secretary of the treasury to inform the house (1) whether any portion of the money appropriated by the sundry civil bill of last year has been expended in issuing notes of large denomination in the place of notes of small denomination cancelled or destroyed. (2.) How many, if any, of the one and two dollar notes have been cancelled and destroyed since the passage of the act, by what authority they were destroyed, and what sum was expended in their destruction. (3.) How many of such notes were mutilated, and whether notes of like denomination were issued in their stead.

This resolution, as we have said, was adopted. Under a call of states, Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, introduced a resolution providing that the secretary of the treasury be requested to ascertain whether any national banking association in the city of New York has, during the present month, loaned its surplus money or deposits to brokers or other persons operating in stocks and bonds without security, enabling speculators to lock up money and thus increase the rate of interest on loans. The same resolution also asks the secretary to inquire whether, during the same period, any of [illegible] national banks in New York city, for the purpose of making the rates of interest higher, knowingly permitted the total liability of any person, corporation or firm to exceed the amount limited by statute.

Another resolution was introduced, asking the secretary of the treasury whether he has paid interest on certain indebtedness of the United States before the interest was due, and without rebate, for the purpose of affecting the market value of certain stocks on Wall street.

All these things will serve to stir up the speculative boys, and it will be well for the whole country if the democrats in congress can impress on the secretary of the treasury that the money in his care, as well as his power and influence, belong to the whole country and not to Wall street.

Memorials of the War.

There has been considerable discussion going on in the state of Alabama over the fact that the govenor, in a recent message, opposed the erection of confederate monuments by legislative aid, holding that, in cases of civil strife, the effort should be to forget rather than to perpetrate past differences. Commenting on this position of Alabama's governor, the Chicago Herald has these apt remarks:

> This was the policy of the early Greek states when the erection of trophies on battle fields was a customary thing, but in that case the aim was not so much to do honor to the dead as to perpetuate the memory of triumphs. A victory won by Greeks over Greeks was accordingly celebrated by the erection of a wooden trophy which would be certain to soon yield to the action of the elements, whereas a success by Greeks as against a foreign foe was commemorated by costly marble and brass. Since it is not proposed in any southern or northern state to build monuments commemorating battles, but only in specific cases to do honor to brave men who fell in defense of what they believed to be right, it is difficult to understand why objection should be made to reasonable expenditures in that line.
>
> If it is fitting that the dead should be appropriately entombed, then no good reason can be given why the dead of a war should not be given the same honors. There is a vast difference between this common impulse of humanity and the erection of costly memorials on battle fields. A disposition on the part of the people of the south to build a monument on the field of Bull Run for the purpose of perpetuating the memory of the defeat there inflicted upon the national arms would be justly subject to severe criticism. Decent memorials in honor of the soldiers who fell in battle for the south have sometimes been reprobated by extremists at the north, but the governor of Alabama is believed to be the first southerner to take the ground that even these should be abandoned in the interest of a more perfect union.

This is the most sensible and matter-of-fact view that could be conceived of. It is the very essence of common sense. There is this much more to be said, on which our Chicago contemporary does not touch, namely: That any monument which is intended to commemorate the heroism of the soldiers of one section must necessarily be a memorial to the valor of the soldiers of the other section. For heroism is an active quality; to display itself thorougly it must meet with stout opposition.

Thus we see the common interests of the union joining hands over the graves of federal and confederate dead. These interests are so powerful and so impressive, the American people are so thoroughly homogeneous that a bloody civil war has simply served the purpose of drawing them more closely together.

There is no reason now, nor ever will be, why monuments should not be erected to the heroism of the soldiers of both sides.

The Cotton Movement.

The Financial Chronicle's cotton reports show that for the week ending December 17, the total receipts have reached 260,659 bales, against 227,886 bales last week, 275,713 bales the previous week, and 280,262 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1886, 3,236,135 bales, against 3,154,224 bales for the same period of 1885, showing an increase since September 1, 1886, of 81,911 bales.

The exports for the week reach a total of 198,910 bales, of which 112,442 were to Great Britain, 15,312 to France and 71,156 to the rest of the continent.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 672,400 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 1,872 bales, including 540 for export, 1,332 for consumption.

The imports into continental ports for the week have been 27,000 bales. These figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight tonight of 52,938 bales, as compared with the same date of 1885, a decrease of 127,814 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1884, and a decrease of 369,822 bales as compared with 1883.

The total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1886, were 3,599,028 bales; in 1885 were 3,619,613 bales; in 1884 3,676,199 bales. Although the receipts at the outports the past week were 260,659 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 269,527 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior towns.

In regard to the Indian cotton movement, Bombay appears to show an increase, compared with last year in the week's receipts of 11,000 bales, and an increase in shipments of 3,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1, show an increase of 327,000 bales.

The weekly consumption in Europe is now 138,000 bales of 400 pounds each, against 132,000 bales of the same weight at the corresponding time last year. The total spinners' stocks in Great Britain and on the continent have increased 60,000 bales during the month, but are still 20,000 bales less than at the same date last season.

OSCAR WILDE is thinking about returning to us. This is well. A course at Harvard would help Oscar.

AS CHRISTMAS is now coming on, Lowell and Julian Hawthorne should kiss and make friends. The explanation of the whole business is that Lowell didn't mean what he said about the English aristocracy.

"TECHNOLOGICAL" appears to be a vey hard word for a few of the members of the legislature to spell.

THE Philadelphia News is not so pinky now as it used to be. This is probably owing to the cold weather.

A CORRESPONDENT wants to know what "habitat" means. It is the hole the inhabitant lives in.

IF Lady Colin Campbell wants to vindicate herself she should lecture in America.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

JOHN A. COCKERILL, of the New York World, draws $12,000 a year and has no superior as a managing editor. He aids Joseph Pulitzer in directing the editorial page, aids the city editor and news editor and reporters, and is a man of tremendous energy. Much of the World's success is due to him. E. T. Greaves, who assists Mr. Cockerill, is not thirty years old, and has entire charge of the "make-up" of the paper. Greaves was a good reporter and makes a good editor. He finds $75 in his envelope on Fridays.

PART of the library of Gould, the Portland, Me., defaulter, was sold last Wednesday. The character of the books is mostly religious, and oddly enough a well-worn volume called "Prison Life and Reflection" is included in the collection.

KING ALPHONSO, the monarch who did not live to see his heir and namesake, has had as many babies named after him as General B. F. Butler. Queen Christina, moved by this mark of popular sympathy, recently presented the 1000th baby with a book bearing this inscription: "To the 1000th Alfonso, from a woman whom two Alfonsos have made happy."

SENATOR VOORHEES this winter lives in the Washington house occupied by John Quincy Adams when the latter was nominated and elected president.

AN Iowa railroad conductor, who found a pocketbook containing $250 and hunted up the owner, who proved to be an aged granger and his wife, was met with this remark from the old lady: "It was a good thing some one seen you pick it up or we never would have got it again."

JOHN BRIGHT declares that a knowledge of the ancient languages is mainly a luxury.

MRS. WIRT SYKES, widow of the late consul to Cardiff, but known to the world better as "Olive Logan," is one of the latest additions to Washington's permanent winter residents. Mrs. Sykes has been occupying a house on Capital hill since September, but in the spring will buy or build a house in the northwest end of the city.

IN her anti-Mormon speech at Washington Wednesday night, Miss Kate Field created something akin to a sensation when she read a recent speech of John T. Caine, the present delegate from Utah, to his people, in which he rejoiced at the death of President Arthur, declaring that the deceased president had tried to enforce the Edmunds bill, and he had been swept away.

DR. EDWARD BROOKS, widely known as an author, and for the last quarter of a century one of the foremost educators of Pennsylvania, has been invited to take entire charge of "The Florida Chautauqua," at De Funiak Springs, in February next, and will probably accept.

YOUNG SWIFT—"Ahem! I—a—that is, Uncle John, I—a—the truth is, I am in a bad way."

Uncle John (who won't understand)—"Bad way, eh? I knew it. Not enough exercise—too late hours—shortness of breath—hectic flushes——"

Y. S. (desperately)—"No! Shortness of money—bobtail flushes."—Rambler.

Shall Our Industrial School be Abolished

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: A bill has been introduced in the present sitting of the general assembly of Georgia to repeal an act passed by the last legislature providing for the establishment of a school of mechanics in this state.

To the time-serving politician and would-be watch dog of the treasury, who has no sympathy in common with the vast hoard of poor young men thrown into society year after year, who must of necessity "earn their bread in the sweat of their face," the repeal of this act is a great opportunity to show his undying love for the constitution, and his deep-rooted convictions upon the great political questions of today.

Be this as it may, however, one thing is certain, that education is now going through a transition period.

For centuries past a system of instruction has been in vogue, which now, in the nineteenth century, fails to meet the requirements of practical progress.

That we have throughout this broad land sufficient schools and colleges to educate the coming generations in all the practical elements of our language, and fit them for all business pursuits, together with the most thorough training in the learned professions, there can be no doubt.

All such schools pretend only to educate the mind to think, reason, and other similar operations of the brain power.

The great need of today is a school that will train the hand to skillful labor.

One would not presume a lawyer could forge a bill in equity with a hammer. Neither would one have a master mechanic draft a locomotive from the pages of Blackstone.

Industrial education needs no defense in the minds of the truly enlightened. Only those who are uninformed longer sneer at industrial colleges.

Colleges of the past have trained the mind alone; the eye, the hand, has been neglected. They have given knowledge, rather than the power to use it. They have taught what has been done, rather than how to do. A trained mind can only work through a well trained hand. It is also true, the eye and hand without the trained mind to guide them are of little worth. The present state of things present the case of the lepers, where it takes two to do the work of one perfect man. There is a great waste of human force when the trained mind of one man has to direct the trained hands of another.

Franklin might have done all for civilization that Morse and Edison have done by the invention of the telegraph and telephone had his great mind been possessed of skillful hands.

Is it the part of wisdom to refuse to see "that knowledge is power," only when it is optical knowledge.

The foundation of modern society rests upon industrial pursuits.

Tee professions are all full, even to the top.

The business of trade is over done and there is no hope for most of the coming generation save in the school of industry.

The man of the future must handle the tools and deal with the forces that be, that the earth may be subdued and the wonders of the sea made manifest.

What profits us 'tho' our fields are white with the snowy staple, if we know not how to spin or weave? What boon to us is given should all our hills team with the wealth of coal and iron, if we have not the applied knowledge to model the share or forge the scythe?

Then let us train our doers to think, and our thinkers to do. Educate the mind and hand of the same person that they be not "put asunder." The chemist must know his blow-pipe, the plowman his share.

The knowledge of theory and practice, of physics and metaphysics must be in the power of one and the same man, thus fulfilling that divine injunction:

If any man will do His will, he shall know the doctrine, "to the end that the mighty forces of nature may do man's bidding, and mark the footprints of nature, God and ours.

The great wonder of the thinking mind of today is, that this great work has not already been accomplished.

When we remember how many long hours of arduous study we have spent in mastering some abstract problem in mechanics or science, how much easier it would have been for us, had we the object of study before us and in hand.

Necessity most frequently proves a great boon, as it often forces us to do that which we otherwise might not have done. The fact that in the nature of things, the old system of apprenticeship has gradually passed away, and we are left without other resort than the industrial school.

Under union rules the employer is not allowed to employ more than four lads; this does not allow the employer to graduate more than one skilled mechanic each year.

It often happens that a boy is anxious to do certain kinds of works, but he is more often met by rebuff than encouragement. His first lesson in life is that he has been born into a world where there is nothing for him to do.

He will discover he was standing in a busy market place importuning the crowds to buy when he had nothing to sell. He was willing to do anything; there was nothing he knew how to do. How often in life have we met this too sad, sad picture, with sorrow and shame and a consciousness that something ought to be done for our poor but deserving young men. Are they not ours to care for? Is it not our duty to dignify their labor and save them from want and ruin?

The opposition of the various trades unions to young men learning trades has been a drawback to a great source of wealth, and renders the establishment of industrial schools more imperative, that the "bread winners" of the near future may not stand in society at a disadvantage.

Fellow citizens, it behooves us as Christians, and as men to prevent our young men from being driven, from the want of knowledge they can not otherwise obtain to idleness, eternal penury and perhaps to crime.

Let us stand by our school of technology conscious of the knowledge, and with an abiding faith in the fact, that every dollar of the money spent to highten and dignify labor and raise the condition of our young men, will redown to the honor and glory of our great commonwealth.

J. LINDSAY JOHNSON.

Rome, Ga., December 20, 1886.

A TRAMP BULLDOZED.

How a Lady Sold a Lazy Knight of the Road.

From the St. Paul Herald.

"Madam," said a red-nosed tramp grandiloquently, to Mrs. Sarcasticus, "when a starving man asks for a loaf would you give him a stone?"

"Are you really starving?" asked she sympathetically.

"I haven't eaten anything since one day last week, when I stole a bone from a dog. I was that hungry," and he wiped away a crocodile tear.

"Poor man. Come around to the back door and I will give you a loaf. "There," said she, as she met him in the back yard; "there is the wood pile. You can loaf there all day if you wish."

Mr. Tramp turned away, mumbling to himself it would be an extra frigid day when he didn't get that kind of a loaf in the saloon.

He Wanted a Long Sleep.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., December 20.—E. C. Johnson, a musician, and formerly member of the opera house orchestra, took thirteen grains of morphine last night, but the prompt action of physicians saved his life. He said he was tired of life and wanted to end it in sleep from which he would never wake.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

Editorial Short Stops Caught on the Fly by The Constitution Reporters.

A week or two ago THE CONSTITUTION published an article about the execution of a deserter who was known among the soldiers as "Yaller Jacket." A member of the 26th Georgia, who claims to be familiar with the facts, says the soldier was known as "Old Yaller," instead of "Yaller Jacket." Yaller was a member of the 29th Georgia, and his real name is given as Chapman. When Yaller overstayed his time and was put in the guard tent for a term of days he decided that his sentence was too severe, and he accordingly "lit out." The member of the 26th Georgia who claims that his is the true story says Yaller went to Mississippi and joined a cavalry company where later on in the war he was found, a deserter, it is true, but still fighting for the confederacy. Yaller was put under arrest a second time, but instead of trying to escape would stick to the guard through all the skirmishing, retreating and marching. One night in a severe rain all the guards were lost, but next morning old Yaller turned up smiling. The member of the 26th, who writes to set history straight, says:

"We continued the march to Brandon and Norton station, some ten or twelve miles east, and here took up camp again. Here it was made known that "Yaller" had received a death sentence and was to be shot. Near this place, out in an old field, the army was marched out to witness his execution. These are the facts, according to the best of my recollection of twenty-three years ago. "Yaller" was a member of the 29th Georgia, and not of the 30th."

If "Old Yaller," or "Yaller" or "Yaller Jacket" has any friends living I would be glad to hear more about him. It will be noticed that while he was late in getting back from his trip home and skipped out from the guard tent while under a light sentence, he still stuck to the army and never deserted the guards when the finding of the court-martial hung over him.

Mr. William A. Benton, of Atlanta, has received a long letter from an old friend who used to be employed on the Macon and Brunswick railroad, but who is now United States consul at Chemnitz, Saxony—Mr. George C. Tanner. The letter contains a reference to the drinking habits of the Germans which will be read with interest in Atlanta. Mr. Tanner says that a man who refuses wine in Europe is "put down as a weak brother." Three million people are engaged in the manufacture of the beverages of the German empire, and if you were to suggest to a German that he was doing wrong by drinking beer, he would set you down as a person who needed a guardian. Mr. Tanner says children unweaned drink the beer and smack their lips over it, and "women drink it and could drink you under the table and not half try." Mr. Tanner adds that the sturdiest, most robust and finest physiques he has seen in the world are in Germany, and he has crossed the ocean nineteen times.

There is a good excuse for wine and beer drinking in Germany—an excuse which does not exist in many parts of the United States. The water in Germany is not good to drink, and so the people are forced to drink beer or wine. But they do n drink as the people of the United States are accustomed to do. They take a long time to sip their drinks, while in this country a man gulps down the strongest sorts of liquor by the glass without stopping to think. Mr. Tanner says if men are determined to drink, the advocates of temperance should teach them how to drink.

Said a man yesterday who was just from Mexico: "They have a fine way of disposing of surplus candidates down there."

"How so?"

"Why, they shoot 'em. There were three candidates who were against the Diaz interests. One has been shot, another has been run out of the country and another has been put in jail. It is not nice to be a candidate for the presidency of Mexico."

I have been looking at the report of the director of the mint, and he says Georgia produced last year from her mines $136,000 of gold. California leads the list with $12,700,000. Alaska produced $300,000 worth of gold and $2,000 worth of silver. Colorado produced $15,000,000 worth of silver. The gold production of the world last year was $101,580,000, and of silver $125,000,000. The United States produced $31,000,000 of gold and $51,000,000 of silver.

Solicitor-General DuBignon.

The following from the Savannah Times is a tribute to Solicitor-General F. G. DuBignon, which will be read with pleasure by his many friends in the state:

> On general principles the way of the transgressor is hard, but in the judicial district of the superior court it is prerty tough, to say the least. Since Solicitor-General DuBignon was selected to fill the position, criminals and law breakers have had a serious time to disentangle themselves from the meshes he weaves about them. He allows no lawyer, no matter how sharp, or shrewd, or cunning he may be, to quash one of his indictments, and he leaves no loopholes or technicalities open through which the legal ox cart can be driven. When he has a man indicted by the grand jury that man has against him an array of facts which he will have great difficulty to successfully combat, and his attorney will have his hands full to defend him.
>
> Solicitor-General DuBignon has lost but two cases this term of court, either in Chatham, Liberty, McIntosh, Effingham or Bryan. He has had remarkable success, and although some of the young lawyers think, when their clients get sentences from five to fifteen years in the penitentiary, that his legal positions are untenable, yet he manages to convince the juries that he is right, and the court usually falls into the same idea.
>
> A Times reporter was in a gathering of lawyers a few days ago, in which the able solicitor general was a member. A young lawyer named Way, one of the most promising of Liberty county's young men, and one of the most eloquent young men of the state, remarked that the lawyers had no show in defending criminals against Mr. DuBignon as solicitor general.
>
> It is certain the state has a brave, fearless, zealous and eloquent prosecuting officer. He is impartial, and when in the performance of what he considers his duty knows no man and has no maudlin sentiment in his composition.

BRIDEGROOM HUNTERS

Drummers Who Make Money by Following Newly-Married Couples.

From the Chicago Herald.

"It's all right to sneer at the slowness of the merchants of St. Louis," said a traveling man, "but I want to tell you that they are just as wide-awake as the merchants of any city I know of. I've just spent a week there, and I am free to confess that I got some good points on trade-hustling. One custom the merchants have there was a regular eye-opener to me. They send trusted men to sit around the marriage license office and spot every man who comes in there for a permit to wed."

"What do they do that for?"

"Why, so's they can send drummers out after the groom and try to sell him his household goods. The way salesmen get after a newly-married man in St. Louis reminds me of the manner in which Chicago reporters go for a witness who has just come out of the grand jury rooms. One day while I was there only three licenses were taken out, and a merchant told me that he wished the marrying folks would hurry up their arrangements; that his store had only sold one bill of goods in two weeks."

There's a Good Time Coming.

Mr. Winks—"Photography is making wonderful progress, I see."

Mrs. Winks—"Yes, it is wonderful. Why, I saw a photograph of the moon not long ago, and——"

"But I am referring to the instantaneous processes. The paper says they can now take the likeness of a flying rifle ball or a flash of lightning."

"Isn't that splendid? By and by, maybe, they'll get so they can photograph a baby without getting mad."

She Was a Heathen.

He was a lazy, worthless fellow.

"I just worship that man," said a silly girl he had mashed.

"You are a heathen," replied her companion.

"I don't see how I am."

"You are worshipping an idle, that's how."

They are no longer friends.

Sending Plum Pudding to England.

From the Baltimore American.

This country is exporting plum pudding to England for Christmas time. We have been sending beef there for many years. By and by, perhaps, we will send mistletoe and ale. Then where will Britain's glory be?

A CAR TURNS OVER.

Thirty Passengers Have a Thrilling Experience.

A first-class coach containing between twenty-five and thirty ladies, gentlemen and children was thrown from the track and turned flat upon its side at Peyton, on the Georgia Pacific road, about dark last night.

Several passengers were injured, but no one was killed.

Peyton is a small station about five miles from Atlanta on the Georgia Pacific road, and within a half hour after the accident happened it was known throughout the city. The information touching it, however, was meagre, but what was wanting in actual knowledge was more than supplied by the sensational rumors. The first news of the disaster reached Atlanta over a telephone wire from the river. The person who was at the other end of the 'phone had not been near the accident, but received the information he sent into the city from a young man who was at Peyton when the car turned over. Soon after the message was received, a gentleman came into the city who had seen another person who was at Peyton when the accident occurred. Both sources of information appeared good to the Atlantians who first heard the statements, and in a short time the story of the accident had gone from mouth to mouth, until it was being talked of all over town.

The rumors indicated that the accident had been almost a repitition of the one which occurred about a year ago. It was stated that the first-class car and the sleeper had been thrown from the track and that they had turned over and over down an embankment, killing and crippling all the passengers aboard. Both coaches were said to have been crowded with passengers, and the death list grew in length until it was longer than the one of December 17th, 1885. Several Atlantians were known to be on the train and the interest manifested was great; but for some cause nothing positive could be ascertained. The officials of the road, at least those who were in charge of the train dispatcher's office on Simpson street, manifested an astonishing ignorance of the trouble, actually stating that they knew nothing of the accident.

But the facts, from a railroad standpoint, were finally ascertained.

The car which turned over was a part of the train due in Atlanta at five o'clock and forty-five minutes yesterday afternoon. At Peyton the train took the side track to let the west bound passenger train pass it. After that train had gone by Peyton Conductor Patterson, who was in charge of the incoming train, backed out and striking the main track started towards Atlanta. The train of course started out slowly but at each revolution of the wheels its speed increased. The engine, baggage car, smoker and first class car passed the switch safely but as the sleeper was going over the wheel mounted the frog and threw it off the track. The car was heavy and before going far pulley the ladies' coach off the track too. The train by this time had acquired a speed of three to four miles an hour, and the coach bumped over the crossties for a short distance and then went off the end of the ties. As the wheels left the ties the car gave a jerk, and in an instant went toppling over until it rested upon its side on the ground. The coach was full of men, women and children, and as it went over everybody attempted to get out. The women and children set up a lively yelling, and as the coach settled upon its side the lights went out, leaving everything in total darkness. The passengers could not see what was transpiring about them. The darkness prevented them from getting out and for a few minutes a perfect pandemonium existed.

Conductor Patterson was in the sleeper when the accident happened and in a second was making an entrance into the overturned coach. Lanterns were brought out and all hands called to the car. The windows were broken out, the doors opened and the passengers removed one by one. As they came out the conductor gave each a searching glance to ascertain whether or not they had been injured. Only a few showed any traces of blood. Finally the last one was removed, and when it was ascertained that no one had been killed, every one felt much better, and the few who appeared to be hurt were given the undivided attention of the railroad men. Only five or six were injured at all, and they were only bruised and scratched. A Mrs. Barfield, an old lady, and her son were considerably scratched and bruised. A man named Donald was cut about the head, and a lady, whose name could not be ascertained, was also hurt.

When the car turned over it broke loose from the one in front of it. Conductor Patterson did everything in his power for his passengers. They were all placed in a second-class car and made as comfortable as possible during their ride to the city. The sleeper and the overturned car were left at Peyton.

MANNING'S STATEMENT.

He Only Drank a Little Wine for His Stomach's Sake.

NEW ORLEANS, December 20.—The Times-Democrat of tomorrow will contain the following:

CITY OF MEXICO, December 13, 1886.—Mr. Percy Roberts: My Dear Sir—Revolting as the subject is to me, I cannot permit my friends and the public to be deceived and misled by slanderous misrepresentations that have lately filled many of the newspapers. The [illegible] crusade against me began with accounts of what was said to be a magnificent banquet given in my honor, at which were a large number of distinguished men, and where in plain terms I was said to have got drunk. The actual facts which will, I trust, by the kindness of the New Orleans press, be generally disseminated, are as follows: Mr. Guira, a former resident of New Orleans, knowing my desire to meet some of the business men who were engaged extensively in the industrial development of Mexico, invited two, only two, of them to meet me at breakfast at his house. They were Mr. Brariff, an American long resident in this country; and Sebastian Comach, a Mexican. Both of them are largely interested in railroads and in mines, Braniff in a cotton factory, and both capitalists. In the very front rank of those brainy, practical, progressive men who have done so much already to develop their country, and who are looking hopefully forward to the accomplishment of yet greater results. The party consisted of these two gentlemen, our host and myself. The conversation at the table was entirely occupied by a contrastive description of the country as it was, as it is, and with details of what was in process now, and in preparation for publication, and information that I could not have obtained from books. With so staid a party and with such subjects for discussion, it is hardly reasonable there would be extraordinary hilarity. Wine was drank, but in moderation, and at the end of breakfast I went to the legation and remained until 4:30 p. m., transacting the business of my office. I enclose Braniff's statement about the breakfast. It was telegraphed from here some time after this, when, I don't know, that I had delirum tremens, as was evident from the noises proceeding from my room.

Fortunately for me a gentleman of the highest character had his room next to mine. He refers to the Mexican minister at Washington for information as to who he is. His name is Thomas MacMannus, and his statement is forwarded. The chief of the dining room in my hotel has kindly tendered his statement, which is herewith enclosed. The hotel has no bar room, as in the states. All liquors are furnished in the dining room. I do not wish to make this letter longer, but as my confinement in my room from an attack of pneumonia has been circulated with malicious industry as a pretence, I add at this point, a sentence from a statement made by my physician, Dr. Parsons. Under continuous subjection to wretched cold, catarrh and sore throat, I have not, save on three occasions, been out of my hotel at night for seven weeks. I was enjoined to use the greatest precautions. During that period Mr. Mariscal the minister of foreign affairs, gave a diplomatic dinner, and I accepted his invitation though prostrate at the time, hoping I should be well enough to attend the dinner which was a week ahead, should it come off. When my physician learned what I had done, he energetically prohibited my attendance at the dinner, declaring he would not be answerable for the consequence. The telegraphic correspondents, who had concocted the previous dispatches, threatened, I am advised, that if I did not go to the dinner they would make it lively for me. You know probably, by this time, into what new forms of tradition this lively invention has projected itself. I do not. Very truly yours, T. C. MANNING.

THE KNIGHTS AND THE CHURCH.

Father McGlynn's Case Watched With Much Interest.

CHICAGO, December 20.—A great deal of interest is being taken by the Knights of Labor in the case of Father McGlynn, of New York. They are anxious, it is said, for a speedy decision in the matter, so that order will know what to expect from the Catholic church. Some of the Knights here say that if Catholics are expected to leave the order, the church will be hurt more than the knights. They think their order might receive a set-back if the church sits down on it, but in such a case they would in time win much more than they could lose, and would know whom to fight in the future. In an article in an organ of the knights in which the labor and Irish landlord questions are discussed, in connection with Father McGlynn, is the following paragraph:

"When the church strikes at the means of life and makes it an article of faith, that tens of thousands of Irishmen must toil and starve that an hundred English landlords may live in idle luxury, it simply drives the great masses of the people out of its fold. Life is a struggle for existence, and when the church proposes to use the religious sentiment and theological superstition of men to make the struggle hard for thousands, while relieving one from any struggle, then is rung the death knell of any church. * * Henry George's theories can well stand the anathema of the church, but the church cannot afford to anathematize them."

A Nebraska Banking House Fails.

OMAHA, Neb., December 20.—The banking house of D. M. Tomlin, at Arapaho, Neb., suspended payments today. Assets $76,000; liabilities the same.

THE WAR IN PIKE

TRANSFERRED TO THE STATE CAPITAL.

Mr. Gardner, the Successful "Wet" Candidate, and Mr. Murphy, the Defeated "Dry" Candidate, Make a Decidedly Sensational Hitch—Friends Rush in—Peace Reigns.

The statehouse was the scene of a lively and sensational fisticuff last night about 10 o'clock, the participants being Representative Gardner, of Pike county, and Mr. A. A. Murphey, of Barnesville, who was defeated for the legislature by the former on the "wet" and "dry" issue.

The fight was a quiet one and every possible effort was made to keep it from the public after the gentlemen had cooled down. Those who were present were evidently anxious that the public should not become acquainted with the affair and late in the night when rumors of it began to circulate great difficulty was experienced in tracing them to a reliable source. Several gentlemen who were present, were called up at a late hour of the night, but all declined to talk. Finally a gentleman willing to talk, was pulled from his bed, and here is the story of the fight, as he gives it:

The committee on temperance of the house of representatives met last night to consider a bill which was introduced by Mr. Gardner, of Pike, to re-submit the question of "license" or "no license" to the people of Pike county. At the request of a large number of citizens of Pike county, Messrs. A. A. Murphey and T. J. Barnett came to Atlanta to oppose the bill before the committee, and through the committee's courtesy appeared before them last night. Messrs. Gardner and Madden, the representatives in the legislature from Pike county, were also present to support the measure. Both sides were permitted a full and fair presentation.

Mr. Murphey stated that he had been sent by many of the best people of Pike county to strenuously oppose the bill; that a large majority of the white people of the county were satisfied with the existing law, and were strongly opposed to changing it, or to having the question agitated again. Mr. Murphey also stated, in the course of his argument, that the women of the county are opposed to the bill.

After Mr. Murphey had concluded his argument, the other side was given a hearing. Mr. Gardner, the author of the proposed measure, spoke earnestly in favor of it and combatted some of the points urged by Mr. Murphey. In the course of his speech he referred in vituperative terms to Mr. Murphey and cast reflections upon his family.

Mr. Murphey could not conceal his indignation, but restrained himself as best he could. In answer to some of Gardner's derogatory comments, Murphey exclaimed:

"Mr. chairman, I desire your protection in the committe room against the offensive remarks of Mr. Gardner. I can protect myself when out of the committee room, and I warn the gentleman that I will hold him personally responsible for every word he utters."

"Oh, no, he won't," sneeringly cried Gardner.

The chairman was forced several times to call the two men to order. Mr. Murphey apologized to the committee for his excited language, but wanted it distinctly understood that he would not make any apology to Gardner. The hearing was ended and the two parties left the room simultaneously.

As soon as they were out of the door, Murphey approached Gardner and said:

"I'll show you whether I'll hold you responsible."

As he uttered these words he planted his fist on Gardner's jaw. Then he rained three or four blows upon his face and head in quick succession. Gardner staggered and fell heavily against the door, which flew open, precipitating him forward. The members of the committee, hearing the noise and seeing the combatants about to renew hostilities, interferred and stopped all further fighting.

Gardner remained in the room for some ten or fifteen minutes, when he went to his boarding house. Murphey lingered on the outside a short while and then repaired to the Markham house and went to bed.

It was past midnight when a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION visted the Kimball house to interview Dr. S. N. Walker, the chairman of the committee. Dr. Walker was found sleeping soundly. He was soon aroused and courteously consented to give an account of the occurrence. The details he related coincide exactly with those told above. He was not willing to criticize the conduct of either combatant. The reporter then went to Mr. Murphey's room and aroused him from sleep. Mr. Murphey was disinclined to enter into any long conversation, but he briefly related what had occurred, and his story is exactly the same as that given in the above account. He said that Gardner had made some grossly offensive personal reflections upon himself and his family, and that he could not brook these insults. When asked if he thought there would be any further difficulty he replied laconically, "I don't know."

Very few persons knew anything about the encounter, so that the affair was not discussed last night.

WANTED IN CAROLINA.

A Man Charged With Cutting Another to Pieces a Prisoner in Atlanta.

Z. V. Welsh, a deputy sheriff of Swaine county, N. C., passed through Atlanta last night having in custody a fugitive from justice from North Carolina, named Aaron Ingram.

Ingram is accused of having, on the 16th of last May, cut the throat of a young man named S. Welsh, from ear to ear, inflicting a mortal wound, and then having with a stone beaten his victim's head and face to a jelly.

Ingram escaped and made his way to Indian territory, where he was arrested in October last at Tahlequah by Mike Mayfield, R. S. Gogan, Thomas Roach, Thomas Woodford and J. Butts. Ingram resisted, and during the fight which ensued, Mayfield shot him in the left side, inflicting dangerous wounds.

Ingram was brought to Texas, and there placed under the care of a surgeon until he recovered. A few days ago he left for Swaine county, N. C., and yesterday reached here en route for the scene of the murder.

Ingram is still suffering from his wounds.

The Bricklayers Strike.

The bricklayers at the government barracks went on a strike yesterday morning. Early in the day the workmen circulated a paper asking the contractors to pay them thirty cents per hour for ten hours a day instead of $2.50 per day. Every workman except two signed the paper, and when it was presented to the contractor he agreed to the increase. The men then demanded the discharge of the two who refused to sign the paper, and the contractor refused. The men then left the works.

The Bell Telephone Patent.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—The government will soon institute proceedings in Boston to test the validity of the patent granted the Bell Telephone company. Solicitor General Jenks has prepared a draft of the bill against the company, and copies of it have been sent to Judge Thurman in Ohio, Judge Lowry in New York, and other special attorneys employed by the government in this place for their consideration. Action will be deferred until these gentlemen have expressed their views in regard to the proposed bill.

Coal Miners Get an Advance.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., December 20.—Work was resumed at the North Franklin colliery this morning, a majority of the striking slate pickers having been granted a slight increase in wages. About thirty who were not granted an advance refused to return to work, but their absence does not materially interfere with the work of the colliery.

The Knitting Mills.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., December 20.—The knitting mills here are all running full handed. W. J. Kline, editor of the Democrat, published an affidavit today that the Knights of Labor secrets which he made public in his paper a few days ago, came to him from Philadelphia.

Blown Up With Dynamite.

MIDLAND JUNCTION, Va., December 20.—An attempt was made at six o'clock this morning, to blow up Mayor Harris's foundry with dynamite. The windows of the casing room and of adjoining buildings were shattered. No arrests.

A Terrible Railroad Accident in Russia.

LONDON, December 20.—A terrible railroad collision occurred at Charkow, Russia, Saturday, resulting in the killing of thirteen persons and the injuring of thirty others.

The Winchester Election.

WINCHESTER, Va., December 20.—In the local election the prohibitionists were defeated in every district, their opponents carrying Clarke county by 300 majority.

A Steamer Foundered.

LONDON, December 20.—The steamer Llanelly, sailing from Liverpool, has foundered at Holyhead. Twelve persons were drowned.

Gold From France.

NEW YORK, December 20.—The steamer La Champagne, from Havre, which arrived today, brought 8,183,349 francs in gold bars.

Killed by an Avalanche.

VIENNA, December 20.—An avalanche has killed a band of seventeen smugglers who were in hiding near Vicenza.

ALEXANDER'S ELECTION.

IT IS CLAIMED AS CERTAIN WITHOUT DOUBT.

Over Thirty-Four Thousand Shares in One Block—General Alexander Confident—The Interest Taken in the Election by Financiers—Surprises in Store for the South.

NEW YORK, December 20.—[Special.]—A gentleman who is high in position, and in the confidence of General Alexander's friends, said today:

"General Alexander is already elected president of the Georgia Central system. All that is left to do is to cast the vote. He has over thirty-four thousand five hundred votes that will go for him in a solid block, not counting a single vote he will pick up. The fight is absolutely whipped, and his friends have quit buying stock."

I quote this gentleman's words. General Alexander is here, and is equally confident. He says his election is now assured beyond the shadow of a doubt. This opinion is reiterated on all sides.

There is a lively interest in the fight in financial circles here, the drift being almost entirely for Alexander. If he is elected there are some surprises in store for the people of the south.

H. W. G.

MEETING OF THE INCORPORATORS

Of the Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic Railroad.

The following incorporators of the Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic Railroad company are requested to meet in the office of THE CONSTITUTION this morning at 11 o'clock, sharp, to take into consideration important preliminary steps looking toward organization:

Hugh T. Inman, Evan P. Howell, Samuel M. Inman, George Winship, William A. Moore, M. C. Kiser, J. W. Rankin, T. C. Healey, Jacob Elsas, Henry B. Tompkins, G. T. Dodd, W. P. Inman, L. J. Hill, J. H. Porter, H. E. W. Palmer, J. H. Mecaslin, Joel Hurt, Henry W. Grady, C. E. Currier, R. J. Lowry, R. D. Spalding, G. W. Adair, J. G. Oglesby, Charles A. Collier, C. W. Hunnicutt, W. T. Ashford, of the county of Fulton; W. A. Wilkins, of the county of Burke; James M. Harris, of the county of Hancock, and R. G. Nesbit, of the county of Putnam.

The committee of seven, appointed some time ago, has obtained a charter from the legislature, and has given the subject of a route and the probable cost of building as full an investigation as could have been had prior to an actual survey.

The Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic has gained in strength from its inception, and now it is to be decided whether Atlanta intends to have this most important road. We trust no one of the incorporators will be absent from the meeting today.

BEFORE THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

The Grievances of the Naval Stores Manufacturers.

This morning at 10 o'clock a very large committee representing the Naval Stores Manufacturers' Protective association will lay their grievances before the railroad commission. A representative of THE CONSTITUTION attended an informal conference of the committee last night in the Markham house, and derived much information from them regarding the business that Georgia does in naval stores.

"It is a fact not generally known," said the Hon. Lem. Johnson, president of the association, "that the naval store manufacturing is the second largest industry in the state. There is produced annually in the state 1,000,000 barrels of rosin and spirits, the proportion being four barrels of rosin to one of spirits. The total gross value of this product is in round numbers about $5,100,000. There is two million dollars invested. There are 13,505 laborers employed, and 70,000 people derive their support from this industry. At least half a million dollars is paid in freights annually, and $3,500,000 is distributed in wages annually, and $200,000 is paid for marketing, the total output, exclusive of freights. The one item of barrels alone cost the manufacturers of Georgia $650,000. Timber privileges cost the manufacturers $225,000 per annum. The one-half million freight, estimated above, does not include the freight paid by manufacturers on the enormous quantities of supplies necessary to carry on the business."

"In what condition is the business at present?" was asked by the reporter. Mr. Brantly, of Blackshear, replied:

"The naval store industry has been in a very depressed condition for three years past, the present season being particularly hard the manufacturers have tried in every way to cut down their expenses. No manufacturer has made any clear money except a very few who have been favorably situated in way of short hauls and cheap timber and ample capital. Three-fourths of the manufactories are mortgaged, and have been for years, and unless they obtain concessions in the same direction, numerous failures must soon occur. The railroads are largely benefitted by the travel to and fro of hands employed. Ninety per cent of the labor employed is colored, and at least $350,000 is expended by them in local railroad fare.

"The freight on rosin, in comparison with the value of other products of Georgia, of equal weight and physical risk for handling, is from two to ten times as great. One manufacturer who, from the long haul and consequent high freight has been unable to ship, and has buried now 8,000 barrels low grade rosin."

Mr. C. B. Townsends, of Savannah, the secretary and treasurer of the association, interrupted the speaker and said:

"As an illustration of our grievance complained of, nine lowest grades of rosin, which constitute two-thirds of total output, average market price at ports is $1.43 per round barrel of 400 pounds. The average rate of freight on rosin ten to 300 miles is forty cents per barrel of 400 pounds, the cost of the barrel is forty cents, cost of selling at ports eighteen cents per barrel, cost of hauling to railroad twenty-five cents per barrel, leaving the manufacturer fifteen cents per barrel for the cost of producing and manufacturing. Thus it will be seen that the railroads are receiving for transportation forty-five cents, while the manufacturers receive only fifteen cents for the producing and manufacturing. It will be seen from this that long haul manufacturers who have to pay sixty to sixty-five cents per barrel freight, operate at an absolute loss. The average freight, 10 to 300 miles, on lumber per car load of 24,000 pounds is $12.80. The average freight ten to three hundred miles on rosin, the per cent of 24,000 is $27."

The committee consists of about a dozen of the most prominent men connected with the naval stores business, and they will appear before the railroad commission this morning and make a full presentation of their case.

I told you so! So you succeeded in curing your neuralgia with Salvation Oil. 25 cents.

Six Knife Wounds.

Eliza Lewis, a young negro woman inflicted six ugly knife wounds upon John Hightower, a negro man, last night. The difficulty between the two occurred near the corner of Brotherton and Forsyth streets. The woman, it appears, has been cooking for Hightower. Last night she wanted to go to a ball and he objected. She started to go any how, whereupon he undertook to whip her. The woman did not feel disposed to take the whipping, and jerking up the knife, cut Hightower four times in the head and twice in the breast. Both parties were arrested by Patrolmen Cain and Christophine and conducted to police headquarters, where they were locked up. Dr. Van Goldtsnovan examined and dressed Hightower's wounds. They are serious [illegible] not dangerous.

Barry and Fay.

The Toronto News explains as follows how our Canadian cousins did enjoy their performance: The fun last night at the Toronto opera house was uprioarious, and Barry and Fay, as Muldoon and Mulcahey, were responsible. There is no play that draws better than "Irish Aristocracy," as was evinced by the number present last night. To describe the play is unnecessary to Toronto theater-goers, as it is so well known. And of the merits of the respective members of the present company, nothing more need be said than that each one is excellent. Any person desiring to laugh and grow fat could not do better than go to this opera house during the engagement of this company.

Baseball in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—A meeting of the Baseball association was held tonight at Ford's opera house. The committee appointed to canvass made a report, showing twenty-five shares of stock having been disposed of at fifty dollars a share. Canvassing will continue until Thursday night, when officers will be elected.

Colgate's "New" Soap

washes better and lasts longer than any other. The big advertisement.

Hives, pimples, boils, and other blood affections show themselves at this season. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all such troubles by its powerful action upon the blood. Sold by all druggists.

"Rough on Corns."

[illegible] for Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick complete cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

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e left for Swaine county, N. C., and
d here en route for the scene of
suffering from his wounds.

e Bricklayers Strike.

ers at the government barracks
e yesterday morning. Early in the
men circulated a paper asking the
ay them thirty cents per hour for
instead of $2.50 per day. Every
t two signed the paper, and when
d to the contractor he agreed to the
men then demanded the discharge
refused to sign the paper, and the
sed. The men then left the works.

Bell Telephone Patent.

n, December 20.—The govern-
institute proceedings in Boston to
of the patent granted the Bell Tel-
y. Solicitor General Jenks has
t of the bill against the company,
have been sent to Judge Thurman
Lowry in New York, and other spe-
mployed by the government in this
consideration. Action will be de-
e gentlemen have expressed their
to the proposed bill.

Miners Get an Advance.

Pa., December 20.—Work was re-
orth Franklin colliery this morn-
of the striking slate pickers having
a slight increase in wages. About
e not granted an advance refused to
but their absence does not mate-
with the work of the colliery.

he Knitting Mills.

M. N. Y., December 20.—The knit-
are all running full handed. W. J.
of the Democrat, published an affida-
the Knights of Labor secrets which
s paper a few days ago, came
hiladelphia.

wn Up With Dynamite.

UNCTION, Va., December 20.—An
ade at six o'clock this morning, to
r Harris's foundry with dynamite.
of the casing room and of adjoining
shattered. No arrests.

Railroad Accident in Russia.

ecember 20.—A terrible railroad
red at Charkow, Russia, Saturday.
e killing of thirteen persons and the
rty others.

Winchester Election.

ER, Va., December 20.—In the
the prohibitionists were defeated in
their opponents carrying Clarke
majority.

Steamer Foundered.

December 20.—The steamer La-
from Liverpool, has foundered at
elve persons were drowned.

Gold From France.

K, December 20.—The steamer La-
from Havre, which arrived today,
34 francs in gold bars.

illed by an Avalanche.

December 20.—An avalanche has
of seventeen smugglers who were in
Spenza.

ALEXANDER'S ELECTION.

IT IS CLAIMED AS CERTAIN WITHOUT DOUBT.

Over Thirty-Four Thousand Shares in One Block—General Alexander Confident—The Interest Taken in the Election by Financiers—Surprises in Store for the South.

New York, December 20.—[Special.]—A gentleman who is high in position, and in the confidence of General Alexander's friends, said today:

"General Alexander is already elected president of the Georgia Central system. All that is left to do is to cast the vote. He has over thirty-four thousand five hundred votes that will go for him in a solid block, not counting a single vote he will pick up. The fight is absolutely whipped, and his friends have quit buying stock."

I quote this gentleman's words. General Alexander is here, and is equally confident. He says his election is now assured beyond the shadow of a doubt. This opinion is reiterated on all sides.

There is a lively interest in the fight in financial circles here, the drift being almost entirely for Alexander. If he is elected there are some surprises in store for the people of the south. H. W. G.

MEETING OF THE INCORPORATORS

of the Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic Railroad.

The following incorporators of the Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic Railroad company are requested to meet in the office of The Constitution this morning at 11 o'clock, sharp, to take into consideration important preliminary steps looking toward organization:

Hugh T. Inman, Evan P. Howell, Samuel M. Inman, George Winship, William A. Moore, M. C. Kiser, J. W. Rankin, T. C. Healey, Jacob Elsas, Henry B. Tompkins, G. T. Dodd, W. P. Inman, L. J. Hill, J. H. Porter, H. E. W. Palmer, J. H. Mecaslin, Joel Hurt, Henry W. Grady, C. E. Currier, R. J. Lowry, R. D. Spalding, G. W. Adair, J. G. Oglesby, Charles A. Collier, C. W. Hunnicutt, W. T. Ashford, of the county of Fulton: W. A. Wilkins, of the county of Burke: James M. Harris, of the county of Hancock, and R. G. Nesbit, of the county of Putnam.

The committee of seven, appointed some time ago, has obtained a charter from the legislature, and has given the subject of a route and the probable cost of building as full an investigation as could have been had prior to an actual survey.

The Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic has gained in strength from its inception, and now it is to be decided whether Atlanta intends to have this most important road. We trust no one of the incorporators will be absent from the meeting today.

BEFORE THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

The Grievances of the Naval Stores Manufacturers.

This morning at 10 o'clock a very large committee representing the Naval Stores Manufacturers' Protective association will lay their grievances before the railroad commission. A representative of The Constitution attended an informal conference of the committee last night in the Markham house, and derived much information from them regarding the business that Georgia does in naval stores.

"It is a fact not generally known," said the Hon. Lem. Johnson, president of the association, "that the naval store manufacturing is the second largest industry in the state. There is produced annually in the state 1,000,000 barrels of rosin and spirits, the proportion being four barrels of rosin to one of spirits. The total gross value of this product is in round numbers about $5,100,000. There is two million dollars invested. There are 13,505 laborers employed, and 70,000 people derive their support from this industry. At least half a million dollars is paid in freights annually, and $3,500,000 is distributed in wages annually, and $500,000 is paid for marketing, the total output, exclusive of freights. The one item of barrels alone cost the manufacturers of Georgia $650,000. Timber privileges cost the manufacturers $225,000 per annum. The one-half million freight, estimated above, does not include the freight paid by manufacturers on the enormous quantities of supplies necessary to carry ou the business."

"In what condition is the business at present?" was asked by the reporter. Mr. Brantly, of Blackshear, replied:

"The naval store industry has been in a very depressed condition for three years past, the present season being particularly hard the manufacturers have tried in every way to cut down their expenses. No manufacturer has made any clear money except a very few who have been favorably situated in way of short hauls and cheap timber and ample capital. Three-fourths of the manufactories are mortgaged, and have been for years, and unless they obtain concessions in the same direction, numerous failures must soon occur. The railroads are largely benefitted by the travel to and fro of hands employed. Ninety per cent of the labor employed is colored, and at least $350,000 is expended by them in local railroad fare.

"The freight on rosin, in comparison with the value of other products of Georgia, of equal weight and physical risk for handling, is from two to ten times as great. One manufacturer who, from the long haul and consequent high freight has been unable to ship, and has buried now 8,000 barrels low grade rosin."

Mr. C. B. Townsends, of Savannah, the secretary and treasurer of the association, interrupted the speaker and said:

"As an illustration of our grievance complained of, nine lowest grades of rosin, which constitute two-thirds of total output, average market price at ports is $1.43 per round barrel of 400 pounds. The average rate of freight on rosin ten to 300 miles is forty cents per barrel of 400 pounds, the cost of the barrel is forty cents, cost of selling at ports eighteen cents per barrel, cost of hauling to railroad twenty-five cents per barrel, leaving the manufacturer fifteen cents per barrel for the cost of producing and manufacturing. Thus it will be seen that the railroads are receiving for transportation forty-five cents, while the manufacturers receive only fifteen cents for the producing and manufacturing. It will be seen from this that long haul manufacturers who have to pay sixty to sixty-five cents per barrel freight, operate at an absolute loss. The average freight, 10 to 300 miles, on lumber per car load of 24,000 pounds is $12.80. The average freight ten to three hundred miles on rosin, the per cent of 24,000 is $27."

The committee consists of about a dozen of the most prominent men connected with the naval stores business, and they will appear before the railroad commission this morning and make a full presentation of their case.

I told you so! So you succeeded in curing your neuralgia with Salvation Oil. 25 cents.

Six Knife Wounds.

Eliza Lewis, a young negro woman inflicted six ugly knife wounds upon John Hightower, a negro man, last night. The difficulty between the two occurred near the corner of Brotherton and Forsyth streets. The woman, it appears, has been looking for Hightower. Last night she wanted to go to a ball and he objected. She started to go any how, whereupon he undertook to whip her. The woman did not feel disposed to take the whipping, and jerking up the knife, cut Hightower four times in the head and twice in the breast. Both parties were arrested by Patrolmen Cain and Christophine and conducted to police headquarters, where they were locked up. Dr. Van Goldtsnovan examined and dressed Hightower's wounds. They are serious but not dangerous.

Barry and Fay.

The Toronto News explains as follows how our Canadian cousins did enjoy their performance: The fun last night at the Toronto opera house was uproarious, and Barry and Fay, as Muldoon and Mulcahey, were responsible. There is no play that draws better than "Irish Aristocracy," as was evinced by the number present last night. To describe the play is unnecessary to Toronto theatergoers, as it is so well known. And of the merits of the respective members of the present company, nothing more need be said than that each one is excellent. Any person desiring to laugh and grow fat could not do better than go to this opera house during the engagement of this company.

Baseball in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—A meeting of the Baseball association was held tonight at Ford's opera house. The committee appointed to canvass made a report, showing twenty-five shares of stock having been disposed of at fifty dollars a share. Canvassing will continue until Monday night, when officers will be elected.

Colgate's "New" Soap

washes better and lasts longer than any other. No big advertisement.

Hives, pimples, boils, and other blood affections show themselves at this season. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all such troubles by its powerful action upon the blood. Sold by all druggists.

"Rough on Corns."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick complete cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

LEGISLATIVE PEN PICTURES.

Written by a Prominent and Well Known Member of the House.

From letters of Hon. Martin V. Calvin, of Richmond, in the Augusta Chronicle.

Atlanta, December 18.—[Staff Correspondence.]—Let us resume our study of the house. I was about to point out to you a prominent young member who sits half way down the aisle which leads to the speaker's room, when we were interrupted. There he is. He is short of stature, comely of countenance, and altogether attractive in person. His temperament is nervous, and it is quite probable that, before this study of his face can be finished, he will bound away to some other part of the hall, to the clerk's room or to the clerk's desk—gossiping with his confreres or seeking information on some subject in which he feels an interest. It is a sensitive and impulsive nature. In friendship he is unswerving and true. He has a fine mind, susceptible of high culture. He is a pleasing speaker and a diligent student. He possesses an excellent judgment and is vigilant and cautious. His bump of self-esteem is moderately developed and manifests itself in his carriage. Hon. Clark Howell, of Fulton, is a promising citizen, legislator and journalist. His energy, coupled with his caution, will crown his efforts with success. In a word, his character is beautifully rounded. Just beyond this pleasant young gentleman—we are looking from the front of the speaker's desk—and quite near the second door of the hall to the right sits another of the coming men of the house. His is a nervous temperament. He is energetic and loquacious, but has admirable command of himself. His native ability has been systematically developed. His judgment is good, and he is given to investigating every question presented for his consideration. He arrives at his conclusions slowly. Convince him and he stands firm. His mind is anasylical. Self-esteem—a very proper quality—has not been neglected. His studious habits make him an attentive and therefore a useful legislator. He is impulsive and reliable. He is a true and strong friend. You can see for yourself that Hon. W. Y. Atkinson, of Coweta, is of an earnest nature, and a man full of promise.

At the extreme end of the aisle (to the right), leading to the clerk's room, sits a young gentleman of prepossessing appearance. He has an open, handsome face, and his shapely head of dark, curly hair always appears smoothly brushed. He is clean shaved except as to his upper lip and, as in the case of the two gentlemen just pointed out to you, appears to be moderately painstaking in his toilet. You see at once that his temperament is nervo-bilious and that he is a man of fine perception. His judgment is good. He is a bit cautious and is not content to accept the opinions of others. He must investigate for himself and he marshals his facts as a general would his soldiers. He possesses extra moral courage and a brillant intellect. That is Hon. Robert L. Berner, of Monroe, whose usefulness as a citizen and a legislator is attributable to his caution and firmness.

See the tier of seats just in rear of the one in which Mr. Berner sits. Run your eyes along till they rest on the third man. He is clean-cut, physically. He has a fine, rather handsome face, which is covered with beard, and mustache always becomingly trimmed. He is good-natured, and is nervo-bilious in temperament. His judgment is quick and good. He is a fast friend and genial. He has a strong intellect. He is thorough in investigation. He has a moderate degree of self-esteem, with energy and marked will power. His talking powers are good, but never exercised excessively. He is vigilant, and for this reason stands admirably well both in committee and in the house. I verily believe that Hon. Joseph R. Lamar, of Richmond, has extracted more real pleasure from his duties as legislator than almost any other man in the general assembly. The salutations exchanged by the honorable speaker with the doorkeeper and secretaries of his excellency, the governor, and the senate, were to him, in the beginning, occurrences of the deepest interest. And today, no one more enjoys more fully than he the exceedingly graceful obeisances which Mr. Speaker Little makes to the house, daily, upon adjournment.

Now, I wish to point out still another one of the brilliant young members of the house. Let me find him first. No; he is not in his seat, indeed he seldom is.

Oh, there he is, standing halfway the aisle that leads to the door beyond Mr. Lamar. That's Hon. W. C. Glenn, of Whitfield. Look at him while his face is turned toward us and while, for the moment, he is still—Ah, there, he is gone. We'll read him anyhow. His temperament is sanguine, and, per consequence, he "hopeth all things." He has a good head—you can see that for yourself. Well, but let me tell you. When I was a boy, not very many years ago, you know, I heard one Dr. Barker lecture in Augusta on phrenology, and among other things he urged that it was the duty of every man and woman to cultivate a spirit of "self-esteem." The doctar said it would keep a man in the right path, following an honorable ambition—well, Mr. Glenn has a good quantum of self-esteem, and, back of it, loquaciousness and will power. He is, of course, a ready speaker. He would rather use facts already gleaned than burn the midnight lamps to glean them. In fact, he garners as he goes. He possesses great energy and does not lack ambition. As a friend he is true, but he is jealous of his own rights. To be a useful public man he needs to cultivate greater breadth and liberality of views. I do not mean that he is narrow, but he sometimes closes his hands when he ought really to open wide his arms. He will carve his way, rest assured of that. I need not add that he is a vigilant legislator. He will worthily wear the honors which are sure to come to him.

Do you see Mr. Glenn as he sits near the center of the aisle which runs to the left of the door on the right? Look just three seats back of him. There is a young man rather stern of countenance, at first glance. He has a slight moustache and a shapely face. He is a nervous temperament. He is sensitive and ambitious. He is never over sanguine, but his native judgment is so good and so strong that he generally surmounts all obstacles.

Hon. George Brown, of Cherokee, has many strong points in his character. He bases his opinions on his own carefully made investigation. He possesses great will power and his moral courage is of a high order. He carries a well balanced head. He has a fair degree of self-esteem, is watchful, and, when the occasion demands it, loquacious. I look upon him as one of the most promising young men in the house.

See! The house is in a modified hubbub. A gentleman has moved that "when the house adjourns it adjourn to meet at 7:30 tonight for the purpose of reading senate bills the first time." A gentleman has moved, as a substitute, that "when the house adjourns it adjourn to meet at eight o'clock tonight for the purpose of reading house bills (favorably reported) the second time." A gentleman has moved "that the house adjourn until tomorrow morning at nine o'clock—the usual morning hour is ten o'clock—still another gentleman gets the speaker's ear and moves "that this house do now adjourn." That cuts the gordian knot, by superseding all previous motions and catching the will of the house. The question is put, the motion adopted and the speaker declares: "And now the house stands adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock." Thereupon, the speaker descends the rostrum (the members meantime rise to their feet), and, walking a few paces up the main aisle, bows low, right and left, to the members, who vigorously applaud him. The clerk then raps to order, and the meeting of committees is announced.

M. V. C.

Treating a Kentuckian.

From the Savannah, Ga., News.

General George P. Harrison and Major G. M. Ryals recently arranged a hunt for the benefit of the Hon. W. J. Hendrick, of Kentucky, who is on a visit to Savannah. The general and his friends, with his pack of dogs that never fail, went out on Tuesday and soon raised three deer about six miles from town, and Mr. Hendrick had the opportunity of knocking down his first deer, a fine buck.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS.

Ed Pittman was arrested yesterday on a warrant.

Mrs. C. D. Myers, a well known literary woman, of Jacksonville, Fla., is on a short visit to Atlanta.

A party of negro boys who were playing on Houston street yesterday morning found hidden under a bridge a quart bottle of whisky. It proved to be of excellent quality.

Emma Williams, the negro woman who was arrested on Peters street drunk, was fined $15 in police court yesterday morning, and abused the judge for imposing the fine.

The revenue men came in last night with William Southern in their custody. He is charged with running an illicit distillery. He was given quarters in the jail, and will probably have a hearing this morning.

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

The First Train to Run Out on the Georgia Midland.

Columbus, Ga., December 20.—[Special.]—Mr. Wm. Boswell and family, of Harris county, are in the city, enroute to Texas, to make that state their home.

The corner stone of the new Baptist church, in Girard, will be laid on the first Sunday in January, Rev. R. H. Harris, of this city, will preach the sermon.

The first regular train will run over the Georgia Midland tomorrow. It will run between this city and Waverly Hall, a distance of twenty-three miles.

Mr. J. B. Glover, for a long time in the employ o the Central railroad, will be the conductor in charge.

A Christmas tree was given the children of St. Joseph's academy, at the convent, today.

The Jewish fair drew another large crowd tonight and is proving a grand financial success.

Mrs. Ellen Quinn died rather suddenly at her home in this city of congestion.

Dr. Jordan amputated the leg of Mr. Jack Putnam, of Chattahoochee county today. The amputation was made necessary by some chronic disease which had attacked the foot.

At the annual election of the Fraternal Legion tonight B. F. Wilson was elected commander.

Mrs. J. J. Patterson had a gold watch stolen from her room today. A negro boy is suspected, but has not been arrested.

The Oxmoor Strike.

Birmingham, Ala., December 20.—[Special.] The strike at Oxmoor continues, but the company think they will be able to settle the difficulty soon.

The Two Johns.

Tonight, for only one night, this very amusing comedy will be given in our city. We have never seen a play to elicit such a concord of praise from the press all over the country. It seems that all the critics have been shaken to a state of perfect happiness by the ponderous fun of the "Two Johns." An exchange says: "The opera house was filled to its utmost capacity last evening when that popular comedy, 'The Two Johns,' was presented. The laughter which is always called forth by this play made the walls of the theater re-echo throughout the evening, every ridiculous situation of one or the other of the jolly cousins causing a fresh outburst. Each succeeding scene and complication seemed funnier and more irresistible than those preceding it, and the bursting of stays and shedding of buttons and the aggregate of pure and unadulterated enjoyment of this popular absurdity exceeded anything attending all previous representations of the comedy in this city, where it has always been a favorite. The scenery, costumes and all the accessories were superb. 'The Two Johns will make the public laugh again tonight, when the company's last performance at this time will be given. We advise all who wish to enjoy the fun to secure their seats in time."

Holiday Gifts.

Nothing more useful, inexpensive or acceptable than a box of Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet Soap.

The Colored Minstrels.

The Hicks-Sawyer colored minstrels made a very attractive display on the streets yesterday, and from the pleased expression of those who witnessed the performance they must have made a good display there also. They give a very nice entertainment, their singing being specially good, while their dancing, fancy military drills and funny business are equal to anything of the kind ever seen here. For some reason there seems to be a special charm about their work which is not possessed by white minstrels. Already there is a large advance sale for the week. Last night the house was packed.—Pittsburg Dispatch, September 13.

The Christmas Mirror.

The Christmas Mirror is out this week, and as a souvenir is the equal of any paper ever published. Short sketches from a dozen or more prominent actors and actresses form an important feature. The articles by Harrison, Grey, Fiske and Mary Fiske, are among the best short sketches that have appeared in any journal during the season. In short, the Christmas number of the Mirror is in every particular all that could be desired. It is interesting alike to theater goers and theatrical people and contains many new and brilliant features. The Mirror is today the leading theatrical paper, at least with the profession and is a fine type of a first-class thorough newspaper. Copies of the Christmas number of the Mirror can be purchased of all newsdealers.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

For Dyspepsia.

Dr. J. C. Webster, Chicago, says: "I consider it valuable in many forms of dyspepsia."

PERSONAL.

J. T. White, Wall paper and Shades. 6t

Colonel I. W. Avery has returned from Washington.

The Hon. Benjamin C. Goss, of Michigan, spent yesterday in Atlanta.

After an absence from Atlanta of nearly nine years, Mr. Robert R. Gibbes has come back to stay.

Mr. B. W. Wrenn, of the East Tennessee system, is in Atlanta, shaking hands with his many friends.

Miss Sadie Donaldson, a prominent society young lady of Washington, is visiting friends in this city.

Captain Lyman C. Smith, prominent in military circles in Maryland, has been in Atlanta for several days.

Miss Lizzie Baugh, the beautiful daughter of Dr. Baugh, of LaGrange, is spending a few days in the city, visiting friends.

Mr. C. D. Wingfield and Mr. P. G. Gordon, leave this morning for Richmond, Va., and New York, to spend the holidays.

At the Kimball: G F Peacock, New York; C P Langlois, Newark; John A Clark, Augusta; H Yonker, Cincinnati; S P Johnston, New York; Fred Phillips, Cincinnati; John W Payne, Baltimore; T H McIntosh, W W Gordon, W F Babbitt, Savannah; E Gresham, M L Mobley, Miss E Gibbs, Social Circle; G F Watson, Jr, Richmond; Wm M Baxter, Tennessee; Frank A Clenard, Hickery, N C; Alex S Erwin, Athens; Geo H Ferwold and wife, Florida; A P Hafner, New York; W F Sandford, Georgia; J W Duncan, Chattanoogo; W Chisolm, Jr, Savannah; L R C Whitson, Murfreesboro, Tenn; Samuel Lord, J B E Sloan, Charleston; A P Brantley, Blackshear; C B Townsend, Macon; Joseph H Baker, Alpharetta; D Waxelbaum, Macon; A L Miller, Perry; Fred W Cohen, New York; E C Miehael, Kansas City; C B Davis, Danville; M Hill, Cincinnati; L N Trammell, Dalton; F D Owsley, Chicago; E E Malcolm, Marietta; T P Stovall, Ga; B S Irvin, Washington; Mrs M A Twyman and son, Macomb, Ill; O T Case, Toledo, O; W J Wright, Covington; A H Moore, Franklin Mines; D L Ross, Knoxville; R P Spalding and wife, St Louis; Phil C Clark, N Y; J M Power, Fewark, N J; J D Huff, Gainesville; W G Pollack, N Y; E E Morris, Baxley; L J Callahan, S C; R K Wanlng, Baltimore; W E Cohen, N Y; T B Gresham, Macon; A B Gresham, Macon; Jas G Cain, Jr, Cincinnati; Jno W Beekley, Louisville; R H Plant, Miss Mary Plant, C A Matthews, Jr, Macon; J M Hale, Ga; C Showmake, N Y; A T Davis, Ga; W H Price, Denver; H R Haines, Jr Barnesville; J J Wilson, Jr South Carolina.

"Rough on Itch."

"Rough on Itch" cures skin humors, eruptions, ring worm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet chilblains, itch, ivy poison, barber's itch, jars.

Extra Dry Champagne (D. R. & Co.). Quarts $9 per case; pints $11 per case. D. Rich & Co.,
2 735 Broadway, New York

Fire Works and Fire Crackers in Great Variety Very Cheap.

At W. F. Stokes & Co., 15 Marietta street. 3t 5p

T. B. Neal,
E. H. Thornton,
John Keely,
Executors.

Address all Letters to
Estate John Neal,
No. 28 Whitehall St.

OFFICE OF ESTATE JOHN NEAL,
Atlanta, Ga., December 4, 1886.

WE HAVE GIVEN NOTICE BY CIRCULAR

TO THOSE INDEBTED TO THE

Estate John Neal,

That it would be wound up on the

4TH DAY OF JANUARY NEXT

We hereby wish to remind those who have not responded, that

SUITS WILL BE FILED

if the claims are not satisfactorily arranged for notes due on or before that date. All notes or claims extended or due after the 4th will be carried to maturity. We will be ready for business as the Neal Loan and Banking company about the 5th of January. Respectfully,

T. B. NEAL,
E. H. THORNTON,
JOHN KEELY,
Executors.

7thp su,tu,th 1m

He Was Only Deranged.

Birmingham, Ala., December 20.—[Special.] George M. Hughes, assistant ticket agent of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, who so mysteriously disappeared, was found on the streets of Montgomery yesterday, completely deranged. He has previously shown indications of insanity, and his condition was no surprise to his friends.

IN MEMORIAM.

Again the dark wing of Azrael has hovered over us and cast its gloomy shadow in our homes. Died—At the Kimball house, Friday morning 10th inst., Mrs. Mary E. Slaughter, wife of Mr. Mercer Slaughter, after a very brief illness.

Mrs. Slaughter was born at Orange, Va., one of the wealthiest portions of the state, noted for its picturesque scenery and for the culture and refinement of its people.

Favored with fine social and educational advantages, endowed with a mind rich in native strength, she was unusually well equipped for that higher social life, which she so fully sustained and so gracefully adorned.

Possessed of the rare faculty of winning friends without inciting the envy of others; though only one year ago she came among us an entire stranger she had so completely won the affections of our people that when called to her final home a whole community mourned her loss and revere her memory.

It was the writer's privilege to know Mrs. Slaughter, and he bears grateful testimony to the uniform courtesy and kindness received at her hands on many occasions. With cordial manners, tender emotions and a sympathetic nature, like a bright ray of sunshine she dispelled the gloom of care and was gladly welcomed to every circle. Indeed hers was a character so well rounded that while her intimate friends were few, she gave offense to none and won the affection of all.

Supplemental to her natural graces a consistent profession of the Christian religion was the crown jewel of her life. For years she was a communicant of the Episcopal church and a regular attendant at St. Philip's, of this city. In her Christian example she has bequeathed a priceless legacy to the loved ones she has left behind; and in the fullness of her eternal reward she awaits their coming from the time shore of life.

"There is no death; an angel form
Walks o'er the earth with silent tread;
He bears our best loved friends away,
And then we call them 'dead.'

"There is no death; the stars go down
To rise upon some fairer shore;
And bright in heaven's jeweled crown
They shine forevermore."

H. G. H.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT that we shall prosecute to the full extent of the law all persons who buy, sell or use any hand fire annihilators, which are infringements on our patents. For particulars address
THE EDISON FIRE EXTINGUISHER CO.,
391 Allyn st., Hartford, Conn.

Every family can now afford to indulge in the luxury of an oyster stew, when you can buy the finest Savannah oyster at retail 25c per quart at W. F. Stokes & Co., 15 Marietta street, corner Broad. Also fresh fish by express 5c per pound. 1w 5p

Frank X. Bliley, John F. Barclay
D. G. WYLIE & CO.,
Embalmers,
Undertakers and Funeral Directors.
29 W. Alaaama street. Telephone 788.
fol fun no

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall street, New York.

"To the VICTOR the LAUREL."

Pre-eminent in every higher quality, the HANAN SHOE has become the recognized standard for fine wear among discriminating gentlemen.

A Man with Brains and Conscience will drop petty predjudices carelessly picked up when truth knocks at the door. Such are invited to try one pair of "Hanan's" shoes. We know the result: every man who wants the best and finest article in the market will become a perpetual "Hanan" man.

Agents for Atlanta,
McKELDIN & CARLTON.

Agents for Atlanta,
McKELDIN & CARLTON.

tues fri und roy b p

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively Cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, &c. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation and Piles. The smallest and easiest to take. Only one pill a dose. 40 in a vial. Purely Vegetable. Price 25 cents. 5 vials by mail for $1.00.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, New York.
Sold by all Druggists.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE!

ONE NIGHT, TUESDAY, DECEMBEE 21.
First Season and Undisputed Success of the Laughing Whirlwind,

J. C. STEWART'S
TWO JOHNS COMEDY COMPANY

In J. C. Stewart's funniest of all funny comedies, entitled the

"TWO JOHNS,"

and the largest Comedy Company extant, introducing New Songs, Dances and Specialties. Novelties every season. Appearing in all the principal theatres to refined and comedy appreciative audiences. A. Q. SCAMMON, Manager.

Prices: 25c, 50c, $1. Reterved seats at Miller's book store.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23.
THE BLACK BOOM!

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PICKED ARTISTS
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and
KERSAND'S
MINSTRELS.

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COLORED MINSTRELS.

The Best Comedians, the Sweetest Singers, the Neatest Dancers, in a grand programme of Minstrel Novelties.

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The Best and Purest Wines in the World.

For Family, Medicinial and Culinary use, at wholesale prices to the consumer, ranging from $3 per dozen bottles, and 75c per gallon upwards.

At 25c a bottle you can enjoy the "greatest luxury" daily at your dinner table and keep your stomach in good order.

California Wines are now exported to Europe in large quantities, to be returned as Rhine and French wines.

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Cabinet Gutedel, Sherry, Muscat,
Champagne, Angelica, Grape Brandy,

Our wines have been analyzed by Dr. W. Dickore, Analytical Chemist, 67 East Fifth street, who pronounces them perfectly pure and free from adulteration.

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Dr. Wm. B. Davis, Dr. Wm. Stark,
Dr. James M. French, Dr. Lewis A. Querner.
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Public & Private Water Works,

Railroad Water Supplies, Steam Pumps, Pipe and Brass Goods. Send for Catalogue and Prices.

E. VAN WINKLE & CO.
BOX 83, ATLANTA, GA.

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 19, 1886.

On and after this date passenger trains will run daily unless marked †, which are daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta	* 6 35 a m	* 6 50 p m	* 3 00 am	* 2 00 p m	* 5 15 p m
Arrive Barnesville	* 8 49 a m	* 9 04 p m		* 4 04 p m	* 8 10 p m
Arrive Macon	* 10 10 a m	* 10 40 p m	* 6 35 am	* 5 45 p m	
Arrive Columbus	* 3 02 p m				
Arrive Montgomery	* 7 09 p m				
Arrive Eufaula	* 3 50 p m				
Arrive Albany	* 2 45 p m		* 10 50 am	* 10 08 pm	
Arrive Millen	* 2 08 a m	* 3 00 a m			
Arrive Augusta	* 4 45 p m	* 6 15 a m			
Arrive Savannah	* 5 00 p m	* 5 55 a m			

Passengers for Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Milledgeville, Eatonton, Thomaston, Carrollton, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Beuna Vista, Blakely and Clayton should take the 6:35 a. m. train

Leave Barnesville	* 6 56 p m	* 5 20 p m	* 8 35 p m	* 10 54 a m	* 4 49 a m
Leave Macon	* 5 20 p m	* 3 35 a m		* 9 10 a m	
Leave Columbus	* 11 15 a m				
Leave Montgomery	* 7 40 a m				
Leave Eufaula	* 10 49 a m				
Leave Albany	* 11 55 p m		* 3 57 p m	* 5 00 a m	
Leave Millen	* 12 55 p m	* 11 15 a m			
Leave Augusta	* 10 20 a m	* 9 30 p m			
Leave Savannah	* 10 00 a m	* 8 20 p m			
Arrive Atlanta	* 9 00 p m	* 7 27 a m	* 12 15 a m	* 1 05 p m	* 7 40 a m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Atlanta, Macon and Columbus.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at Union Depot office, Atlanta.

ALBERT HOWELL, U. T. Agt. G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Showing the arrival and departure of all trains from the city. Central time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA R. R.	
*Day Express from S'v'h & Fla. No. 14 11:30 n'n	Florida Express, south, ...6 a m
Rome express. From north, No. 15, 11:10 am	*Day Express North, E. and West No. 14 12 15pm
*Cin. & Mem. Ex. from north, No. 11, 11 55 pm	*Day Express Phil. & N. Y., No. 12....2 35 am
*Day Express from n'th No 13....4 00 pm	*N. Y. Lim. north, Phila. etc., No. 16.... 5 40 pm
*Day Ex. from Jacksonville and Brunswick, No. 16....2 25 am	*Cannon Ball South for Sav. and Fla. No. 15, ...12 night
	*Fast Express South for Savannah and Florida, No. 13....3 30pm
PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (Richmond and Danville Railroad.)	
New York fast mail arrives daily....10 40 am	New York Lim'd Express leaves daily....7 40 am
New York Lim'd Express arrives daily....9 40 pm	New York Fast Mail leaves daily....6 00 pm
Lula Accom'n....8 25 am	Lula Accom'n....4 30 pm
CENTRAL RAILROAD.	
From Macon* 12 15 am	To Macon....3 00 am
" Sav'ah * 7 27 am	To Savannah*....6 40 am
" Bar'sville* 7 37 am	To Macon....2 00 pm
" Macon* 1 05 am	To Barn'sville....5 15 am
" Sav'ah* 9 00 am	To Savannah....6 50 pm
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.	
From Chatta'ga* 2 15 am	To Chattanooga* 7 50 am
" " *6 30 am	To Chattanooga* 1 40 pm
" Marietta 8 35 am	To Rome.... 2 45 pm
" Rome 11 05 am	To Marietta....4 40 pm
" Chatt'ga* 1 44 pm	To Chattanooga* 5 50 pm
" " * 6 35 pm	To Chattanooga*12 30 am
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.	
From M'tgo'ery* 2 15 am	To M'tgo'ery.....1 20 pm
" LaGrange...9 37 am	To LaGrange.....5 05 pm
" Mt'go'ery....1 25 pm	To M'tgo'ery....12 20 am
GEORGIA RAILROAD.	
From Augusta*.. 6 40 am	To Augusta*.... 8 00 am
" Covington. 7 55 am	To Decatur.... 9 00 am
" Decatur.....10 15 am	To Clarkston....12 10 pm
" Augusta.... 1 00 pm	To Augusta*.... 2 45 pm
" Clarkston.. 2 20 pm	To Covington.... 6 10 pm
"Augusta*.... 5 45 pm	To Augusta*.... 7 30 pm
GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.	
From Bir'g'm....7 00 am	To Birmgh'm*...10 50 am
" Bir'g'm*......5 10 pm	To Birming'm*.. 5 00 pm

Bankers and Brokers.

DARWIN G. JONES. EDWARD S. PRATT.

JONES & PRATT,
Bankers, and Brokers

In all classes securities. No. 3 E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga. tf

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,
BROKER AND DEALER IN
BONDS AND STOCKS,
Office 12 East Alabama Street.

WANTED—Ga. R. R. bonds and stock; S. W. R. R. stock; Atlanta and West Point R. R. stock and certificates; Central R. R. stocks and certificates; Atlanta 6, 7 and 8 per cent bonds; Georgia bonds, and Georgia Pacific R. R. 1st mortgage.

W. H PATTERSON,
BOND & STOCK BROKER,
24 Pryor Street.

FOR SALE—Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad 1st mortgage 7 per cent bonds, due 1906.
Marietta and North Georgia railroad 1st mortgage 6 per cent bonds, due 1911.
Knoxville and Ohio railroad 1st mortgage gold 6s, due 1925.
Union Compress Co. Stock.
WANTED—A. and W. Pt. Stock and debentures, Georgia railroad 6s, 1910-1922.
Atlanta City Bonds.
Georgia Railroad Stock.
Central Railroad stock.
Central Railroad deaentures.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO..
28 South Pryor Street,
—Brokers in—
Stocks, Bonds, Money and Securities.

WILL MAKE LOANS ON GOOD COLLATERALS
WANTED—Capitol City Land Co. Stock, Merchants Bank Stock, City Bonds and all kinds of Stocks and Bonds.
FOR SALE—Investment Securities. tf

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK
—OF ATLANTA, GA.—
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY,
Capital & Surplus $300,000.
Isssues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand with Interest.
Three per cent per annum if left four months.
Four per cent per annum if left six months.
4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months.

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Atlanta National Bank, Atlanta.
Correspondence Invited.

A SOUND INVESTMENT
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1st Mortgage Extension
7 Per Cent Bonds, Due 1906.
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ONLY $5,000 PER MILE.
Interest Payable January and July
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Having been appointed financial agent for the sale of the above bonds, I am now offering a limited amount of them at par and accrued interest, and commend them to any one desiring a safe and profitable investment.
Full information will be furnished on application.
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CINCINNATI, U. S. A.
Cable Address, COO-CIN.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 20, 1886.

Money easy.

New York exchange buying at ⅛ discount and selling at ⅛ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
New Ga., 4½ 30 year	107	108
Ga. 7s, 1889	105	106
Ga. 7s, gold	109	111
Ga. 7s, 1896	123	125
S. C. Brown	108	110
Savannah 5s	100	102
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	125	127
Atl'ta 8s, 1892	114	116
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	123	125
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	118	120
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.	112	114
Atl'ta 6s, S.D.	100	105
Atlanta 5s	105	107
Augusta 7s	103	105
Macon 6s	110	112
Columbus 5s	100	103
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.		
Atlanta Nat'l	200	—
Merch'ts B'k	120	—
B'k State Ga	120	—
Gate City Nat.	120	—
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Ga. 6s, 1897	110	112

R.R. BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s, 1910	112	114
Ga. 6s, 1922	114	116
Cent. 7s, 1893	111	113
C. C. & A. 1st	112	114
A. & C. 1st	122	125
A. & C. inc	105	107
W. of A. 1st	105	107
do. 2d	109	111
Ga. Pac. 1st	110	112
Ga. Pac. 2d	65	70
Am'cus Prest. &L'mkn 1st 7s	105	107
M. & N. G. 1st		102½
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Georgia	189	191
At. & Char	90	95
Southwest'n	127	129
S. Carolina	5	10
Central	120	—
Central deb	103	104
Aug. & Sav	125	130
A. & W. Pt	104	105
do. deb	104	106
C. C. & A.	45	50

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, December 20.—There was a heavier selling for London account this morning than has been noticed since decline first began. Market opened decidedly lower, in sympathy with the London market and bears had become traders also, which resulted in further material declines during the first hour. Selling for foreign account had decidedly unsettling effect upon the opinion of the street, while there was no news of any special character to affect values excepting reports of earnings by the Northwestern and Omaha companies, which were favorable. The market soon rallied when selling pressure was removed, but there was a drooping tendency throughout the day, and toward the close another attempt to liquidate long accounts induced renewed selling by bears, which, notwithstanding free offerings of money at law rates, broke the list badly, and the market closed very active and weak at material declines from yesterday's figures. Reading, Union Pacific, Lackawanna and St. Paul were special objects of attack late in the day, weakness in the Union Pacific being attributed to the failure of the house of representatives to consider the refunding bill. Sterling exchange rates were advanced ½ cent in consequence of sales of securities in this market. Opening this morning was remarkably weak, stocks showing declines from Saturday's final figures of from 1 to 15 per cent. There were other declines in most of the active stocks during the first half hour, which was followed by a comparative dullness, with prices fluctuating within narrow range. The last hour, however, saw renewal of selling prices again, yielding materially, and the close was weak and active at the lowest figures of the day. Total sales were 416,000 shares. Everything on the active list is lower this evening with very few stocks, in which net decline is less than 1 per cent.

Exchange 479½. Money 2@7, closing offered at 2. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $127,218,000; currency $19,889,000. Governments dull but steady; 4s 128¼; 3s 100¾ bid. State bonds dull but steady.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	105	N. & C.	76
do. Class B 5s	109	N. O. Pac. 1sts	82
Georgia 6s	—	N. Y. Central	112⅛
Ga. 7s mortgage	111	Norfolk & W'n pre	48⅝
N. C. 6s	126	Northern Pacific	26½
do. 4s	99¾	do. preferred	59¼
S.C. con. Brown	110½	Pacific Mail	48½
Tenn. settlement 6s	79½	Reading	32⅞
Virginia 6s	47	Rich & Alleghany	10¼
Virginia consols	55	Richmond & Dan	180
Chesap'ke & Ohio	9	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	32½
Chicago & N.W.	111¾	Rock Island	123
do. preferred	138	St. Paul	87⅝
Del. & Lack	132¾	do. preferred	117
Erie	32⅝	Texas Pacific	20¾
East Tenn., new	14½	Union Pacific	59
Lake Shore	93	N. J. Central	50
L. & N.	60	Missouri Pacific	101¼
Memphis & Char	48	Western Union	68½
Mobile & Ohio	15	‡Offered.	§Ex-rights.

*Bid. †Ex-dividend.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

New York—The market ruled steady for future with tendency downward.. Spots, middling 9 7-16c

Net receipts for 1 days 100,948 bales, against 89,095 bales last year; exports 65,725 bales; last year 48,357 bales; stock 1,070,283 bales; last year 1,034,583 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opened.	Closed.
December	9.37@.....	9.34@ 9.35
January	9.40@.....	9.37@.....
February	9.50@ 9.51	9.47@ 9.48
March	9.63@.....	9.58@ 9.59
April	9.73@ 9.74	9.69@ 9.70
May	9.83@.....	9.79@ 9.80
June	9.94@.....	9.89@ 9.90
July	10.02@.....	9.98@.....
August	10.09@.....	10.04@.....

Closed steady; sales 91,600 bales.

Local—Cotton quiet; middlings 8¾c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for today:

RECEIPTS.		
By wagon	107	
Air-Line Railroad	194	
Georgia Railroad	239	
Central Railroad	100	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	79	
West Point Railroad	136	
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. Railroad	87	
Georgia Pacific Railroad	175	
Total 8	1,117	
Receipts previously	105,959	
Total	107,076	
Stock September 1	2,506	
Grand total		109,582
SHIPMENTS.		
Shipped today	359	
Shipped previously	83,110	
Local consumption previously	4,105	
Total		87,574
Stock on hand		22,008

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts today	1,117
Same day last year	1,795
Showing an increase	678
Receipts since September	107,076
Same time last year	118,189
Showing a decrease	11,113

NEW YORK, December 20—C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: Not much has come out of today's market. Liverpool cabled advice that afforded little or no encouragement. Port receipts were quite full, and estimated receipts for the week were in proportion, with southern markets tame and a noticeable absence of buying orders at all points. Most of the business in consequence was local, and included enough long cotton to break off rates some 2@3 points, at which the close was slow, though the decline seemed to attract attention from shorts and some fair covering took place during the day.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, December 20—12:15 p. m.—Cotton quiet and in fair inquiry; middling uplands 5¼; middling Orleans 5⅝; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 8,100; all American; uplands low middling clause December delivery 5 13-64; December and January 5 11-64; January and February delivery 5 11-64; February and March delivery 5 11-64, 5 12-64; March and April delivery 5 12-64, 5 13-64; April and May delivery 5 15-64; May and June delivery 5 18-64; June and July delivery 5 20-64; July and August delivery 5 22-64; futures opened quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, December 20—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 8,300 bales; uplands low middling clause December delivery 5 12-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 10-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 10-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 11-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 12-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 15-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 17-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 19-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 21-64, buyers; futures dull.

LIVERPOOL, December 20—5:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause December delivery 5 12-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 10-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 10-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 11-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 12-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 14-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 16-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5 19-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 21-64, buyers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, December 20—Cotton quiet; sales 283 bales; middling uplands 9 7-16; middling Orleans 9⅝; net receipts 519; gross 11,899; consolidated net receipts 63,839; exports to Great Britain 12,073; to France 6,107; to continent 5,146; stock 196,897.

GALVESTON, December 20—Cotton dull; middling 9; net receipts 10,931 bales; gross 10,601; sales 212; stock 136,326; exports to continent 1,170; coastwise 4,066.

NORFOLK, December 20—Cotton easy; middling 9⅛; net receipts 4,885 bales; gross 4,885; stock 60,986; sales 1,463; exports coastwise 2,386.

BALTIMORE, December 20—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝; net receipts none bales; gross 1,029; sales —; stock 14,126; sales to spinners —; exports coastwise 95.

BOSTON, December 20—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝; net receipts 686 bales; gross 1,398; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, December 20—Cotton dull; middling 9 1-16; net receipts 1,019 bales; gross 1,019; sales none; stock 21,168; exports to Great Britain 3,900.

PHILADELPHIA, December 20—Cotton quiet; middling 9¾; net receipts 79 bales; gross 156; sales none; stock 15,574.

SAVANNAH, December 20—Cotton very dull; middling 9; net receipts 6,855 bales; gross 6,919; sales 600; stock 128,213; exports coastwise 200.

NEW ORLEANS, December 20—Cotton quiet; middling 9; net receipts 30,557 bales; gross 81,331; sales 2,000; stock 381,607; exports to Great Britain 6,905; to France 4,829.

MOBILE, Decemcer 20—Cotton quiet; middling 9; net receipts 4,258 bales; gross 4,394; sales 800; stock 35,498; exports coastwise 2,391.

MEMPHIS, December 20—Cotton easy; middling 9; net receipts 8,440 bales; shipments 9,403; sales 1,450; stock 152,585; sales to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, December 20—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅝; net receipts 1,230 bales; shipments —; sales 519.

CHARLESTON, December 20—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅛; net receipts 5,652 bales; gross 2,652; sales 300; stock 75,805; exports coastwise 1,898.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Gain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, December 20—There was a light trade in wheat today, and the market ruled quiet. Public foreign cables were dull and easy. Receipts continue quite free, and especially in the northwest. The visible supply report disclosed an increase of 1,470,000 bushels, which had a depressing effect on values. The market opened ¼c lower at 84¼c for May, reacted to 84⅜c, but fell off and closed at 83⅞c in the afternoon, the lowest price touched during the day.

Trading in corn was slow, and the feeling was easier. The market opened at 42⅝c for May, fell ¼c and closed at inside figures. The shipping demand is only moderate and receipts continue to be fairly large.

There was no essential change in the prices of oats, and trading was very dull and without any special feature of interest.

Provisions, in contrast to the grain markets, were strong. Mess pork opened firm and 10 higher, advanced 22½c additional and closed at nearly top figures.

Short rib sides advanced 7½@10c and closed steady.

The following was the range of the leading futures in Chicago today:

	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
December	76½	75⅝	75⅞
January	76⅝	79¼	76⅛
February	77⅝	77¼	77¼
May	84⅜	83⅞	83⅞
CORN—			
December	36⅝	36	36
January	36⅝	36¼	36¼
February	37	36⅝	36¼
May	42⅝	42¼	42¼
OATS—			
December	25⅞	25¾	25¾
January	25⅞	25¾	26¼
May	30⅞	30⅝	30¾
PORK—			
December	11 50	11 40	11 50
January	11 60	11 37½	11 55
February	11 72½	11 50	11 70
May	12 12½	11 90	12 07½
LARD—			
December	6 20	6 20	6 20
January	6 27½	6 25	6 25
February	6 37½	6 35	6 35
March	6 67½	6 65	6 65
SHORT RIBS—			
January	5 80	5 80	5 80
February	5 85	5 77½	5 85
March	5 95	5 87½	5 92½

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 20, 1886.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, December 20—Flour—Best patent $5.50@$5.75; extra fancy $4.75@$5.00; fancy $4.25@$4.50; extra family $4.25@$4.50; choice family 3.75; family $3.25@3.50; extra $3.00@$3.25. Wheat—No. 2 85@90c. Bran — Large sacks 93c; small 95c. Corn meal—Plain 55c; bolted 55c; pea meal $1.10. Grits—3.50. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee, new 55@57c; No. 2 white mixed 56c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 40@41c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 85c; small bales 85c; No. 1 large bales 82½c; small bales 82½c; blover 80c; wheatstraw baled 75c. Peas—Stock $1.10.

BALTIMORE, December 20—Flour steady and firm; Howard street and western superfine $2.35@$2.75; extra $2.85@$3.75; family $4.00@$4.50; city mills superfine $2.35@$2.75; extra $3.00@$3.75; Rio brands $4.75@$5.00. Wheat, southern steady and quiet; western lower and dull; southern red 90@94; amber 92@95; No. 1 Maryland —; No. 2 western winter red spot 88@88⅜. Corn, southern quiet and steady; western lower and dull; southern white 46@47; yellow 46@47.

NEW YORK, December 20—Flour southern steady and quiet; common to fair extra $3.40@$3.90; good to choice $4.00@$5.10. Wheat ¼@½c lower, closing heavy at about bottom rates; No. 2 red December 88⅜@88¾; January 88 13-16@89⅛; May 95@95⅜. Corn ⅛@¼c lower, weak; No. 2 January 47⅝; February 48⅛@48⅞; May 51¼@51⅜. Oats ¼@½c lower and moderately active; No. 2 December nominal at 33½; January 34@34 5-16; February 34 15-16@35¼; May 36⅝@36¾. Hops quiet; state 12@28.

ST. LOUIS, December 20—Flour quiet but steady; family $2.75@$2.90; choice $3.20@$3.30; fancy $3.50@$3.65; extro fancy $3.80@$4.00. Wheat active but weak and lower; opened weak and ⅝@¾c lower and closed firm but ¾@½c lower than Saturday; No. 2 red cash and December 79¼; January 79⅝@79¾; May 86¼@86⅞. Corn dull and ⅛@¼c lower; No. 2 mixed cash 35@35⅛; January 35¼@35⅜; May 39½@39¾. Oats very dull and barely steady; No. 2 mixed cash 28⅛@28¾; May 30⅞.

CINCINNATI, December 20—Flour easier; family $3.35@$3.50; fancy $3.75@$3.90. Wheat easier; No. 2 red 80. Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed 38@38½. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 30½@31.

LOUISVILLE, December 20—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 longberry 78@79; No. 2 red 77. Corn, No. 2 mixed 39; do. white white 40. Oats, new 2 mixed 31.

CHICAGO, December 20—Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 spring wheat 75⅝; No. 3 do. 70; No. 2 red 76. No. 2 corn 36. No. 2 oats 26.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, December 20—Coffee — Fancy Rio 16½c; choice 16c; prime 15½c; good 15¼; fair 15c; low grade 14½c. Sugar—Cut loaf 7¾@8c; powdered 7½@7⅞c; standard granulated 6½@6¾c; off grade 6¼@6½c; standard A 6¼@6½c; off A 6@6¼c; extra C 5¾@6¼c. Syrups—New Orleans fancy 55c; choice 50c; prime 30@35c; common 20@25c. Teas—Black 35@60c; green 35@60c Nutmegs 70c. Cloves 28c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. African ginger 12c. Mace 60c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 6½c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 8c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.00; ½ bbls $4.50; kits 60c; pails 60c. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ℔ 100 caks. Candles—Full weight 11½c. Matches—Round wood ℔ gross $1.15; ℔ 200 $2.00; ℔ 300 $3.50; ℔ 400 $4.50. Soda—In kegs 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rice—Prime 5c; fair 4c. Salt—Virginia 75c. Cheese—Cream 14c; factory 12½@13c.

NEW ORLEANS, December 20—Coffee firm and steady Rio cargoes, common to prime 13¾@15¼. Sugar, Louisiana open kettle steady; choice 4⅛; strictly prime 4 1-16; prime 4; good common to fair 3⅝@3⅞; centrifugals steady; choice white 5⅝; choice yellow clarified 5 3-16@5¼; prime do. 5@5 1-16; off do. 4⅞@5⅛; plantation granulated 5⅞. Molasses, open kettle higher; choice 45; strictly prime 43@44; good prime 40@42; prime 37@38; good common 27@29; common 20@25; centrifugals, choice 42; good prime to strictly prime 25@30; good common 12@13; common 15@18. Louisiana syrup 35@37. Rice dull; Louisiana ordinary to prime 2⅞@4¼.

NEW YORK, December 20—Coffee, fair Rio nominal at 14¾; No. 7 Rio January 12.05@12.15; June 12.25. Sugar dull and more or less nominal; fair to good refining 4 11-16@4 13-16; refined dull; C 4⅜@4½; extra C 4⅝@4¾; white extra C 5@5⅛; yellow 4⅛@4⅜; off A 5¼; mould A 5 15-16@6; standard A 5⅞; confectioners A 5¾; cut loaf and crushed 6¼@6⅜; powdered 6@6⅛; granulated 5 13-16@5⅞. Cubes 5⅞@5 15-16. Molasses dull. Rice steady; domestic 4@7.

CINCINNATI, December 20—Sugar steady; hards refined 7@7½; New Orleans 4¾@5⅛.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, December 20—Provisions fairly active and firm. Pork $11.75. Lard 6.05@6.10. Bulk meats, loose lots long clear 5.65; short ribs 5.75@5.80; short clear 5.87½; boxed lots, long clear 5.65; short ribs 5.75@5.80; short clear 5.87½. Bacon, long clear 6.50@6.52½; short ribs 6.70; short clear 6.87½@6.90; hams 9½@11½.

LOUISVILLE, December 20—Provisions weak. Bacon, clear rib nominal; sides 7¼; shoulders nominal. Bulk meats, clear ribs 6; clear sides 6¼; shoulders 4.56@4.67½. Mess pork $11.50. Hams, sugar-cured 10¾. Lard, choice leaf 7¼.

NEW YORK, December 20—Pork quiet but very steady; old mess $12.00; new $12.00@$12.50. Middles dull and nominal; long clear 6. Lard without change of importance and fairly active; western steam 6.52½@6.55.

CHICAGO, December 20—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $11.50. Lard 6.20. Short ribs loose 5.70@5.75. Dry salted shoulders, boxed 4.80@4.85; short clear sides 6.10@6.15.

CINCINNATI, December 20—Pork quiet at $12.00. Lard stronger; steam 6.20@6.25. Bulk meats firm; short ribs 5.7⅞. Bacon steady; short ribs 6¾; short clear 7⅛.

ATLANTA, December 20—Clear rib sides 6¼@6½c; sugar cured hams, large average 12c; do. small average 13c. Lard—Leaf 9c; refined 7c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, December 20—Apples — Choice $4.00. Lemons—$4.00@$5.00. Oranges—$3.00@$5.00 ℔ box. Coconnuts—None. Pineapples—None. Bananas—$1.00@$2.00. Figs—13@18. Raisins—℔ box $2.50; new London $3.60; ½ boxes $1.50; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—$12.00 ℔ bbl. Leghorn citron—30c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@11c. Brazil—10c. Filberts—12½c. Walnuts—17c. Dried fruit—Peaches 5@8c; apples 2c.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, December 20—Turpentine dull at 33½; rosin firm; strained 75; good strained 80; tar firm at $1.15; crude turpentine firm; hards $1.00; yellow dip $1.90; virgin $1.90.

SAVANNAH, December 20—Turpentine steady at 33½; sales — barrels; rosin firm; strained and good strained 90@$1.02½; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, December 20—Turpentine firm at 33½; rosin firm; good strained 80.

NEW YORK, December 20—Rosin firm at $1.00@1.10; turpentine firm at 36½.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, December 20—Market steady. Horse shoes $4.00; mule shoes $5.00; horse shoe nails 12½@20c; Iron-bound hames $3.50. Trace-chains 30@60c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well buckets $3.75@$4.50. Cotton rope 15@18c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 2 rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails $2.45@$2.60. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized 5½c; painted 5c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $—. Bar lead 7½c; shot $1.85.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, December 18—Trade is quiet, and no improvement is expected before January. We quote: Horses—Plug $65@$90; drive $125@$140; good drivers $150@$200; fine $250@$300. Mules, 14¼ to 15 hands $116@$125; 15 to 15½ hands, $125@$160.

CINCINNATI, December 18—Hogs firm; common and light $3.40@$4.20; packing and butchers $4.20@$4.45.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, December 20—Eggs—21@25. Butter—Jersey 27½@30c; choice Tennessee 22½@25c; other grades 12½@20. Poultry—Hens 25c; chickens 8@10c; turkeys, live 10@12c; dressed 12½@14c; ducks 27½c. Irish potatoes $2.00@2.50. Sweet potatoes, new 75c@$1.00 ℔ bu. Honey, strained 6@7c; in the comb 12½c. Onions $3.00. Cabbage 1@1½c.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, December 20.—Leather—Steady; G. D. 22@25c; P. D. 20@23; best 25@28c; white oak sole V40c; harness leather 30@38c.

ATLANTA, December 20—Bagging—1¼ lbs, 7¾c; 1¾ lbs 8¼c; 2 lbs, 9c. Ties—Arrow $1.10.

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ACTIVE FLUCTUATIONS IN THE MARKET offer opportunities to speculators in Grain. Stocks, Bonds and Petroleum. Prompt personal attention given to orders received by wire or mail. Correspondence solicited. Full information about the markets in our book, which will be forwarded free on application.

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38 Broad and 34 New Streets, New York City.
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Guardian's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE COURT OF ordinary of Fulton county granted at the December term, 1886, will be sold at auction, before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in January next, within the legal hours of sale, the following real estate, to-wit:

One lot, with improvements thereon, in the city of Columbus, Muscogee county, Georgia, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the west side of Forsyth street, and running back west same width forty (40) feet, being a part of city lot No. 384, city of Columbus.

Also, a lot with improvements thereon, in the city of Columbus, Muscogee county, Georgia, fronting seventy-three (73) feet and ten (10) inches on the west side of Mercer street or Sixth avenue, and running back west same width one hundred and forty-seven (147) feet and ten (10) inches, being the half of city lot No. 538, city of Columbus. Sold as the property of Ralph E., Daisy, Sophie P., and J. A. Wright, minors. Terms cash.

This Dec. 6, 1886. FANNIE W. SMITH, Guardian.
tues,4t

FOR SALE.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE COURT OF ordinary of Fulton county, granted at the December term, 1886, I will sell at public outcry before the courthouse door of said county on the first Tuesday in January, 1887, within the legal hours of sale, a three-fourths undivided interest in the following described lot: Lying in the city of Atlanta, said county, and in land lot fifty-one (51) of the fourteenth (14) district thereof, being lot number eleven (11) of the Rice and Inman subdivision of May 4, 1882, fronting fifty feet (50) feet on the south side of Harris street, one hundred feet east of Butler street, and extending south same width as front ninety-five (95) feet. Sold as the property of Isaac Cureton, minor. Terms cash.

CAROLINE THOMAS,
Guardian of Isaac Cureton.

☞By agreement of the holder of the other one-fourth interest in this lot, it will also be sold so that the purchaser will obtain the entire fee-simple title. dec 7, 14, 21, 28.

ROBERT QUEEN VS. MARCUS L. FOSTER, AS executor, and Cora Foster, executrix of Ira R. Foster, deceased, and R. H. Knapp. In equity, in Fulton superior court, 1887. Returnable to spring term. It appearing to the court that two of the defendants in the above stated cause, reside in the state of Alabama, towit: Marcus L. Foster, executor, and Cora Foster, as executrix of Ira R. Foster, deceased, it is ordered on motion of John A. Wimpey, solicitor for said complainant, that said defendants appear at the next term of said court to be held on the first Monday in March, 1887, then and there to answer all such matters and things as are contained in said bill and to stand to and abide the further order and decree then and there to be made in the premises and, further, that the defendants do show cause before me at 9 o'clock a. m., February 19th, 1887, why an injunction should not be granted in accordance with the prayer of complainant. It is further ordered that in the meantime, and till the hearing the defendant, Knapp, be restrained as prayed for in the bill. Let copies be served upon the Defendant Knapp as is usual in equity and let the other defendants be served by the publication of this order in the Atlanta Constitution twice a month for two months. This, December 2, 1886.

MARSHALL J. CLARKE, Judge S. C. A. C.

I. C. H. Strong, clerk superior court Fulton county, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy, as appears of record in this office, December 2, 1886. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
dec 21 e. o. tues—2m

LOST MANHOOD, YOUTHFUL IMprudence, Nervous debility cured by Botanic Nerve Bitters. 50c, Herb Med., Co., Phila., Pa., drug store, and corner Pryor & Decatur sts., Atlanta, Ga.

48 AND 49 FOR MEN CHECKS in six hours, cures in 3 days. Drug Stores, 15 N. 11 Phila., Pa., and cor Pryor and Decatur sts. Atlanta. feb 7 1y tu thu sat sun

GREAT KENNESAW ROUTE
W. & A. R. R.

The following time card in effect Sunday, December 13, 1886:

NORTHBOUND—NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	7 50 am
Arrive Dalton	11 40 am
" Chattanooga	1 00 pm

Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	1 40 pm
Arrive Dalton	5 37 pm
" Chattanooga	7 07 pm

NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.

Leaves Atlanta	3 45 pm
Arrive Rome	6 59 pm

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 17 MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily Except Sun's

Leaves Atlanta	4 40 pm
Arrive Marietta	5 39 pm

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 11 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	12 30 am
Arrive Chattanooga	5 55 am

NO. 19 KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	5 50 pm
Arrives Dalton	9 53 pm
" Chattanooga	11 35 pm

Stops at all important stations when signaled.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 1 has Pullman Palace and Mann Boudoir sleeping cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati without change.

No. 14 runs solid to Rome.

No. 11 has Pullman Palace sleeping cars Jacksonville to Louisville without change; also Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga.

No. 19 has through first-class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change via McKenzie, and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without change.

SOUTHBOUND.

N. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga	8 05 am
Leaves Dalton	9 47 am
Arrives Atlanta	1 44 pm

Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga	1 15 pm
Arrives Atlanta	6 35 pm

NO. 20 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga	1 20 am
Arrives Atlanta	6 30 am

Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga	9 05 pm
Arrives Atlanta	2 15 am

NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.

Leaves Rome	7 55 am
Arrives Atlanta	11 05 am

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 17 MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily Except Sun's

Leaves Marietta	7 35 am
Arrives Atlanta	8 35 am

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman Palace cars and Mann Boudoir cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville without change.

No. 12 has Pullman Palace cars Louisville to Jacksonville without change.

No. 20 has Pullman sleeper Chattanooga to Atlanta; Pullman sleepers Nashville to Atlanta and through day coach Little Rock to Atlanta without change.

No. 14 runs solid to Atlanta.

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BY ORDER OF THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT Court, Northern District of Georgia, in the case of Thornton M. Hinkle, Trustee, vs. The Georgia Chemical and Mining Company—No. 275 in equity—I will offer at public sale to the highest bidder at the usual place of having Marshal's sales, in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, on Friday, January 7, 1887, at 11 a. m., the property, real and personal, of the said company, as follows:

Two tracts of land, parts of Lot No. 210, in the Fifteenth district of DeKalb county, state of Georgsa, viz:

1. The first tract is bounded on the north by the right of way of the Georgia railroad, on the east by land of William J. Northern, on the west by land of John M. Nace (formerly), and on the south by the old Clay place, and containing 45 acres, more or less, being the same conveyed to Otto Laist as President of said Georgia C. & M. Company by Joseph Jones, Trustee, et. al. (See deed dated April 25, 1881, and recorded in Book W, page 222, land records of said county); excepting, however, a part thereof, on June 29, 1881, conveyed by said company to the Pendleton Guano Company, containing 5¼ acres, more or less, running S. 64½° E. along said right of way and fronting same, 250 feet from center of Pendleton Guano Co's side track; thence S. 17¾° W. 601 feet; thence N. 73¼° W. 378 feet; hence N. 16¾ E. to small hickory tree, 442 feet; hence N. 30½°, E. 94 feet to post; thence N. 50° E. to point between the two railroad tracks, 57 feet; thence N. 62¼° E. to center of side track, 98¼ feet.

2. The second tract begins at the south side of the Georgia railroad, at the corner of Dr. Joseph Jones' land, running back his west line to southwest corner of his land; thence due west to a branch; thence north along said branch to its source; thence in a straight line to a culvert on said railroad west of Capel McLendon's gate; thence along the right of way of said railroad to the beginning, containing 42 acres, more or less, being the same conveyed to the said company by J. M. Nace, Trustee. (See deed dated May 7, 1881, and recorded in Book "W," page 224, of said land records), except a part thereof heretofore, to-wit: On August 29, 1881, conveyed by said company to George W. Scott & Co., viz.: commencing at a point on the said right of way, where the property so purchased from Dr. Jones joins that purchased from Nace, Trustee, and thence running due south 10 chains 23 links to a point 3 feet 6 inches east of the double oaks; thence west 10 chains 32 links to middle of run; thence up the middle of run to the spring; thence N. 16½°, W. 1 chain 20 links; thence N. 28° E. in direction of culvert under said railroad 1 chain 51 links to said right of way; thence E. 2° S. along said right of way 5 chains 35 links; thence E. 9° S. along said right of way 6 chains; thence E. 18½° S. along said right of way 3 chains 70 links to the beginning, containing 15 acres, 3 roods, 7 perches.

And all the buildings, mills, machinery, tools, fixtures, acid chambers, boilers, engines, copper reduction works and property of every kind, whether real or personal, situated upon said land and in the buildings thereon, being that now owned and used by said company in its business.

Together with all other property, real and personal, in said DeKalb county owned by said company, and all other property and material, rights and privileges appurtaining to it; wherever situated in the northern district of Georgia; the benefit of all contracts with other companies or persons; all the franchises, rights and privileges of said company. All personal property not used as a part of the factory or tools, including material and goods manufactured or in process of manufacture, except such acid and acid phosphate as the receiver in said cause may have theretofore sold, shall be sold separate from the realty for cash.

The plant, represented by the land, buildings, mill, machinery, tools, fixtures, engines, boilers, acid chambers, copper reduction works, laboratory, and all appliances and appurtenances used in the factory, shall be sold in one parcel. Ten thousand dollars of purchase money to be par cash upon the spot, balance within five days. Said balance, for any part thereof, may at the bidder's option, be paid in bonds or coupons of said company entitled to share in the proceeds of the sale, to the extent to which the particular bonds or coupons will be entitled to share in distribution of proceeds of the sale.

THORNTON M. HINKLE,
Commissioner of said court,
JULIUS L. BROWN,
ABBOTT & SMITH,
Attorneys.
dec6-d30d

Atlanta & New Orlean

SHORT LINE.

VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT, VIA MONTGOMERY.

Only line operating double daily trains and Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans without change.

Takes effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 1 Daily.
L've Atlanta	1 20 pm	12 20 am	5 00 p
Ar. Fairburn	2 26 pm	12 05 am	6 14 p
" Palmetto	2 37 pm	12 17 am	6 26 p
" Newnan	3 01 pm	12 45 am	6 53 p
" Grantville	3 26 pm	1 13 am	7 29 p
" LaGrange	4 02 pm	1 56 am	8 00 p
" West Point	4 29 pm	2 28 am	
" Opelika	5 14 pm	3 25 am	
Ar. Columbus, Ga	6 19 pm		
Ar. Montgomery	7 15 pm	6 45 am	
Ar. Pensacola	5 00 am	2 00 pm	
" Mobile	2 15 am	2 10 pm	
" New Orleans	7 12 am	7 30 pm	
SELMA DIVISION.			
	No. 8.	No. 5.	No. 54*
Lv. Montgomery	8 30 pm		1 45 p
Ar. Selma	11 30 pm		4 00 p
" Greensboro			6 27 p
" Akron			7 05 p
TO SHREVEPORT VIA Q. & C. ROUTE.			
NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 1. Daily.
Lv. New Orleans	8 15 pm	7 55 am	
" Mobile	12 55 am	1 20 pm	
" Pensacola	10 20 pm	7 05 am	
" Selma	4 00 am	9 05 am	
" Montgomery	7 35 am	8 15 pm	
" Columbus	8 45 am		
" Opelika	10 05 am	10 58 pm	
" West Point	10 49 am	11 51 pm	6 40 a
" LaGrange	10 20 am	12 26 am	6 29 a
" Hogansville	11 44 am	12 57 am	6 48 a
" Grantville	11 57 am	1 12 am	
Ar. Newnan	12 13 pm	1 45 am	7 14 a
" Palmetto	12 49 pm	2 16 am	7 44 a
" Fairburn	1 01 pm	2 30 am	7 58 a
" Atlanta	1 25 pm	2 15 am	9 37 a

*Sunday only.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

No. 50, Pullman Buffet Sleeper, Washington to New Orleans without change.

No. 52, Pullman Buffet Sleeper Washington to Montgomery, Parlor Car Montgomery to New Orleans.

Family Emigrant Sleeping Car free of charge Atlanta to Texas without change.

No. 51, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars New Orleans to Washington.

No. 53, Pullman Palace Buffet Car Montgomery to Washington.

Family Emigrant Sleeping Car free of charge Texas to Atlanta.

CECIL GABBETT, General Manager.
CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen. Passenger Agent.
Montgomery, Alabama.
A. J. ORME, General Agent, Atlanta.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE

(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company)

The Favorite Route East

Double Daily Trains and Elegant Coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

ATLANTA to NEW YORK,
—AND—
MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON.

Only 31 Hours Transit Atlanta to New York.

Schedule in effect December 19th, 1886.	Mail No. 53.	Express No. 51
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7 40 a m	6 00 p
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. time)	8 40 a m	7 00 p
Arrive Charlotte	6 25 p m	5 05 a
" Salisbury	8 01 p m	6 41 a
" Greensboro	9 47 p m	8 22 a
" Danville	11 30 p m	10 10 a
" Lynchburg	2 00 a m	1 05 a
" Charlottesville	4 30 a m	3 30 p
" Washington	8 10 a m	8 25 p
" Baltimore	10 03 a m	11 25 p
" Philadelphia	12 35 p m	3 20 a
" New York	3 20 p m	6 20 a
" Boston	10 30 p m	3 00 p
Leave Danville	12 00 a m	10 35 a
Arrive Richmond	6 40 a m	3 45 a
" Norfolk	12 20no'n	7 30 p
" Baltimore via York River Line (daily except Monday)		8 00 a
Through trains from the East arrive in Atlanta	10 40 a m	9 40 p
Leave Atlanta		7 40 a
Arrive Spartanburg		3 43 p
Arrive Hendersonville		7 00 p
" Asheville		8 00 p
LULA ACCOMMODATION. Daily except Sunday.		
Leave Atlanta (city time)		4 30 p
Arrive Gainesville (city time)		6 38 p
Arrive Lula (city time)		6 56 p
RETURNING.		
Leave Lula (city time)		5 40 a
" Gainesville		6 05 a
Arrive Atlanta (city time)		8 25 a
ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.		
Daily except Sunday.	No. 56.	No. 6
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 40 a m	4 30 p
Arrive Athens (city time)	11 50 a m	9 00 p
Daily except Sunday.	No. 50.	No. 5
Leave Athens (city time)	6 20 a m	4 45 p
Arrive Atlanta (city time)	10 40 a m	9 40 p

Tickets on sale at Union ticket office and 13 Kimball house.

JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Washington, D. C.
C. W. CHEARS, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt., Atlanta Ga.
C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Ag't, Atlanta, Ga.

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

NEW FAST LINE TO

Birmingham, Vicksburg,
New Orleans, Dallas.
Fo Worth, Houston,
San Antonio, Little Rock
Memphis,
—AND ALL—
Points in Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas
TEXAS AND CALIFORNIA.
Double Daily Mail and Express Route.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SUNDAY, 21, 1886.

	No. 50.
Lv. Atlanta	10 50 am
Ar. Birmingham	5 25 pm
Ar. Meridian	11 15 pm
Ar. New Orleans	7 15 am
" Houston	9 50 am
" Jackson	5 10 am
" Vicksburg	7 30 am
" Shreveport	6 45 pm
" Dallas	6 10 am
" Fort Worth	7 10 am

No. 52 Mann Boudoir cars, Atlanta to Birmingham.

No. 50 Mann Boudoir sleeping cars, Atlanta New Orleans and Shreveport.

For further information call on or address
B. F. WYLY, JR., Gen. Agent. Atlanta, Ga.
ALF. A. VERNOY, City Pass. Agent
A. S. THWEATT, T. P. A.,
GEO. S. BARNUM, General Pass. Agent
Birmingham, Ala.

VARICOCELE
[illegible]

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

WE ALWAYS LEAD
—AND—
Will Undersell
—ANY—
CLOTHING HOUSE
—IN THE STATE.—
The next thirty days we are determined to reduce our immense stock of Clothing
REGARDLESS OF COST!
You always find the best class of goods at
JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.'S,
41 Whitehall street.

R. C. BLACK,
Boots & Shoes
35 Whitehall St.
It will pay every person who buys SHOES to cal and look through my stock, for I have nothing but
NEW GOODS,
All bought for this season and the very
LATET STYLES.
My prices are right, as my sales are proof enough.
Handsome Line of Slippers
JUST RECEIVED.
Reliable Goods and Low Prices a Specialty.
R. C. BLACK,
35 WHITEHALL ST., Atlanta, Ga.
su tu thur un And

GRAND HOLIDAY
ART EXHIBITION
During this week at Thornton & Selkirk's Art Gallery. The finest production of our home artists will be on exhibition, in addition to a fine assortment of new pictures that make beautiful Christmas presents. Everybody invited to attend. You will certainly be pleased, and we are sure you can find in our stock of
HOLIDAY GOODS,
just what you want.
Our space will not allow us to give prices.
WRITING DESKS—A beautiful line, from $1.00 to $20.00.
HANDSOME PLUSH and leather Work Boxes, $1.00 to $6.00.
Large line Scrap Books, from 10c to $5.00.
AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS in endless varieties.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS—The handsomest all Cabinet Plush Album for $1.50 in Atlanta. Be sure and ask to see this. Elegant stock fine card cases portfolios. Make very appropriate Xmas presents for ladies or gentlemen.
Nothing better for Xmas or wedding present than one of those beautiful
PASTEL PICTURES,
Only $3.00 to $7.00.
The handsomest set of
DICKENS
published, fifteen volumes, well bound and large print, only $10.00.
ACHETERS' BIBLES,
OXFORD EDITION.
Remember that we have the largest stock at lowest prices. If you are looking for a present, don't buy until you have seen these and get our prices. Fine line of PRAYER BOOKS and HYMNALS at less than half price. No humbug, sample lot. Call and see for yourself. We have an immense stock, and we are bound to close it out if low prices are any inducement. Also, an Elegant Line Children's Game Blocks, Etc.
XMAS CARDS,
Only a few more left. Call and get one at your own price.
Don't forget the Art Exhibition this week a
THORNTON & SELKIRK.
28 Whitehall Street.

lanta & New Orleans SHORT LINE.

SBURG AND SHREVEPORT, VIA MONTGOMERY.

line operating double daily trains and Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New is without change.

Takes effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 2. Daily.
Atlanta	1 20 pm	12 20 am	5 05 pm
airburn	2 26 pm	12 05 am	6 14 pm
lmetto	2 37 pm	12 17 am	6 26 pm
ewnan	3 01 pm	12 45 am	6 53 pm
rantville	3 26 pm	1 13 am	7 20 pm
aGrange	4 02 pm	1 56 am	8 00 pm
est Point	4 29 pm	2 28 am	....
pelika	5 14 pm	3 25 am	....
olumbus, Ga	6 19 pm	....	....
ontgomery	7 15 pm	6 45 am	....
ensacola	5 00 am	2 00 pm	....
obile	2 15 am	2 10 pm	....
ew Orleans	7 12 am	7 30 pm	....

SELMA DIVISION.

	No. 8.	No. 5.	No. 54.*
Montgomery	8 30 pm	....	1 45 pm
elma	11 30 pm	....	4 00 pm
reensboro	....	....	6 27 pm
kron	....	....	7 05 pm

TO SHREVEPORT VIA Q. & C. ROUTE.

ORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 1. Daily.
New Orleans	8 15 pm	7 55 am	....
obile	12 55 am	1 20 pm	....
ensacola	10 20 pm	7 05 am	....
elma	4 00 am	9 05 am	....
Montgomery	7 35 am	8 15 pm	....
olumbus	8 45 am	....	....
Opelika	10 05 am	10 58 pm	....
West Point	10 49 am	11 51 pm	....
LaGrange	10 20 am	12 26 am	6 40 am
Hogansville	11 44 am	12 57 am	6 29 am
rantville	11 57 am	1 12 am	6 48 am
Newnan	12 13 pm	1 45 am	7 14 am
almetto	12 49 pm	2 16 am	7 44 am
Fairburn	1 01 pm	2 30 am	7 58 am
Atlanta	1 25 pm	2 15 am	9 37 am

unday only.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

o. 50, Pullman Buffet Sleeper, Washington to w Orleans without change.

o. 52, Pullman Buffet Sleeper Washington to ntgomery, Parlor Car Montgomery to New Or ns.

amily Emigrant Sleeping Car free of charge At ta to Texas without change.

No. 51, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars New Orleans Washington.

No. 53, Pullman Palace Buffet Car Montgomery to shington.

Family Emigrant Sleeping Car free of charge xas to Atlanta.

CH. GABBETT, eneral Manager.
CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen. Passenger Agent.
Montgomery, Alabama.
A. J. ORME, General Agent, Atlanta.

IEDMONT AIR-LIN

(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company)

he Favorite Route East

ouble Daily Trains and Elegant Coaches witho ange between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON th Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

ATLANTA to NEW YORK,

—AND—

MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON.

Only 31 Hours Transit Atlanta to New York.

Schedule in effect December 19th, 1886.	Mail No. 53.	Expre No. 51.
eave Atlanta (City Time)	7 40 a m	6 00 p
eave Atlanta (R. & D. time)	8 40 a m	7 00 p
rrive Charlotte	6 25 p m	5 05 a
" Salisbury	8 01 p m	6 41 a
" Greensboro	9 47 p m	8 22 a
" Danville	11 30 p m	10 10 a
" Lynchburg	2 00 a m	1 05 a
" Charlottesville	4 30 a m	3 30 p
" Washington	3 10 a m	8 25 p
" Baltimore	10 03 a m	11 25 p
" Philadelphia	12 35 p m	3 20 a
" New York	3 20 p m	6 20 a
" Boston	10 30 p m	3 00 p
eave Danville	12 00 a m	10 35 a
rrive Richmond	6 40 a m	3 45 a
" Norfolk	12 20no'n	7 30 p
" Baltimore via York River Line (daily except Monday)	....	6 00 a
hrough trains from the East arrive in Atlanta	10 40 a m	40 p
eave Atlanta	....	7 40 a
rrive Spartanburg	....	3 43 p
rrive Hendersonville	....	7 00 p
Asheville	....	8 00 p

LULA ACCOMMODATION.

Daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta (city time)	4 30 p
Arrive Gainesville (city time)	6 38 p
Arrive Lula (city time)	6 56 p
RETURNING.	
Leave Lula (city time)	5 40 a
Gainesville	6 05 a
Arrive Atlanta (city time)	8 25 a

ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.	No. 56.	No. 41.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 40 a m	4 30 p
Arrive Athens (city time)	11 50 a m	9 00 p
Daily except Sunday.	No. 50.	No. 52.
Leave Athens (city time)	6 20 a m	4 45 p
Arrive Atlanta (city time)	10 40 a m	9 40 p

Tickets on sale at Union ticket office and 13 Kimball house.

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GEO. S. BARNUM, General Pass. Agent

VARICOCEL

or Wormy Veins of the Scrotum. Often the pected cause of Lost Manhood, Debility quickly and painlessly cured by the Elastic Compressor. $2. [illegible]

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

WE ALWAYS LEAD

—AND—

Will Undersell

—ANY—

CLOTHING HOUSE

—IN THE STATE.—

The next thirty days we are determined to reduce our immense stock of Clothing

REGARDLESS OF COST!

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R. C. BLACK,

Boots & Shoes

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It will pay every person who buys SHOES to cal and look through my stock, for I have nothing but

NEW GOODS,

All bought for this season and the very

LATET STYLES.

My prices are right, as my sales are proof enough.

Handsome Line of Slippers

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Just what you want.

Our space will not allow us to give prices.

WRITING DESKS—A beautiful line, from $1.00 to $20.00.

HANDSOME PLUSH and leather Work Boxes, $1.00 to $6.00.

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AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS in endless varieties.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS—The handsomest all Cabinet Plush Album for $1.50 in Atlanta. Be sure and ask to see this. Elegant stock fine card case portfolios. Make very appropriate Xmas presents for ladies or gentlemen.

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The handsomest set of

DICKENS

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XMAS CARDS,

Only a few more left. Call and get one at your own price.

Don't forget the Art Exhibition this week a

THORNTON & SELKIRK.

28 Whitehall Street.

STILSON JEWELER,

55 WHITEHALL ST.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Canes, Bronzes, Art Goods, etc., etc.

NEW GOODS

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

ARRIVING DAILY.

Every artile guaranteed strictly as represented. An inspection of our stock and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

JUST RECEIVED

ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE HANDSOME BOOKS

ILLUSTRATED BY DORE,

BESIDES MANY OTHER HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WILSON & BUCKNER,

6 AND 8 MARIETTA ST. 7p

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TODAY.

MEETINGS—
GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT 10 A. M.
INCORPORATORS OF THE ATLAMTA, MISSISSIPPI AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD AT 11 A. M.
GEORGIA LODGE NO. 96, F. A. M., AT 7 P. M.
AMUSEMENTS—
OPERA HOUSE—THE TWO JOHNS, TONIGHT.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Minor Mention and Personal Paragraphs About Atlanta and Vicinity.

EXEMPTION GRANTED.—Yesterday Judge Calhoun granted exemption to Savannah Morris, wife of John Morris, colored.

QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR.—E. M. Roberts qualified yesterday before Judge Calhoun as the administrator on the estate of James Little.

REV. W. J. SCOTT TONIGHT.—Rev. W. J. Scott will deliver his lecture on the "Origin and Destiny of Man" at Trinity church tonight. An intellectual treat awaits those who attend.

A RECESS DURING THE HOLIDAYS.—The superior court met yesterday and the jurors were all discharged till the 3d of January. In the meantime the judge will hear a few motions in chambers.

THE LAST DAY.—Yesterday being the last day for the payment of taxes without penalty, there was a throng of eager taxpayers all day long in Mr. Wilson's office, and a large force of clerks were kept busy receiving money and filling out receipts.

ORDERS GRANTED.—Judge Calhoun yesterday granted orders requiring J. H. Murphy, as executor of the will of T. C. Matthews, to execute a title to land to D. Morgan. He also granted an order directing W. T. Morgan to execute the will of John Andrew by compromising the claim of Amanda Riggins.

THE WEEKS CASE.—The counsel of C. C. Weeks state that he was not convicted of murder, but the verdict of the jury was, "voluntary manslaughter," and that pending the appeal to the supreme court he is not kept in close confinement, but has the liberty of the jail and the confidence of the jailer. The lawyers further state that they are making an effort to get the prisoner out on bond, and expect to succeed.

JOINED AT THE ALTAR.—Yesterday afternoon at six o'clock, United States Commissioner Haight and Mrs. Ida Boyd, were united in holy wedlock. The ceremony was conducted in the Unitarian church, by the Rev. Dr. Chaney, and was witnessed by many of the more intimate friends of the high contracting parties. No cards were sent out in advance. The happy couple have the best wishes of a host of friends. They have taken possession of their new residence, No. 110 Houston street.

A CREDITABLE EXAMINATION.—Mr. Reuben Arnold, Jr., a very bright young man of Atlanta, stood an examination in open court yesterday in his application to be admitted to practice law. He was subjected to an exceedingly rigid examination and emerged from it so triumphantly as to evoke from the judge a very high compliment. Lawyers who heard the examination congratulated the young disciple of Blackstone and Coke upon the knowledge of law which he displayed.

SHE CAME BACK AND WENT AGAIN.—Miss Callie Bealand, the young woman who mysteriously disappeared from Atlanta some time ago, returned to the city yesterday, and, after remaining here several hours, departed again as unceremoniously as she came. She appeared at police headquarters and received from Chief Connolly a paper authorizing the boardinghouse keeper, who held her trunk, to give it to her. A young man named Williams accompanied her. She stated that she had been on a visit to her father's and that she was going back to see him.

A DISAPPOINTED EMIGRANT.—Last night a CONSTITUTION reporter had a short talk with Jim Black, a South Carolina colored man, who has just returned from Arkansas. He went west with a party of negroes from Fairfield and Chester counties. They were promised good places, high wages and permanent jobs, but nearly all were disappointed when they reached their destination. As many as could return home lost no time in doing so, but most of them are still there. Jim Black expresses the opinion that the negroes are fools to leave either South Carolina or Georgia for the inhospitable wilds of the west. He says that they can do better right here than anywhere else, and he advises them not to be allured off by plausible emigrant agents.

A TOUCHNG SCENE.—Sunday morning at the close of the services in the First Methodist church, the new pastor, the Rev. H. Clay Morrison, having preached a powerful sermon, requested all persons who desired to unite themselves with the church to approach the altar and make known that wish. Colonel I. W. Avery, Colonel R. F. Maddox and Miss Avery approached the chancel and gave their right hand to the minister. The scene was a touching one. Tears were in the eyes of many of the congregation, and the new converts were surrounded by the members, who warmly welcomed them into the fold. In the report of these services in yesterday's CONSTITUTION the reporter inadvertantly gave Mr. Rucker's name instead of that of Colonel Maddox.

TWO SUCCESSFUL RAIDS.—The revenue men have been making some successful raids on illicit distilleries. United States deputy collector J. P. Chisholm returned to the city yesterday, having seized the whole outfit of an extensive concern in Henry county, run by Isom Strond. In the distillery were found a copper still, cap and worm, a large quantity of mash, and about 1,800 gallons of beer. All save the copper was destroyed. A warrant was sworn out for the owner's arrest. Three brothers, named Jim, Jeff and Bob Brooks, have been operating a still in Madison county. It was captured by United States deputy collector W. Y. Carter, and warrants were issued for the contraband distillers. An eighty-five gallon copper still, cap and worm, three vats, and 600 gallons of beer were seized and destroyed.

When all other remedies fail to cure Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will give instant relief.

Parties looking for pure city made scrap candy can find plenty of it at W. F. Stokes & Co., 15 Marietta street, corner Broad. They have nearly 10,000 pounds of it on hand. Call and see it, we never saw so much scrap candy at one time in our life before. They are selling it wholesale and retail very cheap. 8t 7p

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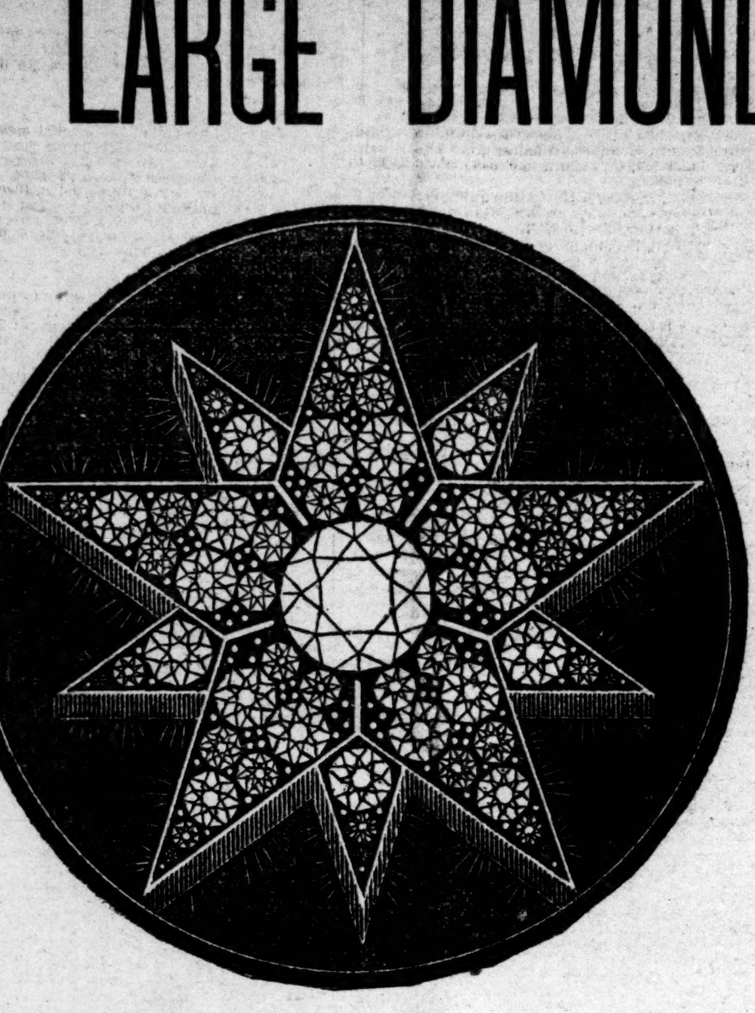
A LARGE DIAMOND



Stock of Goods,

CONSISTING OF

SINGLE STONE PINS

Rings, Scarf Pins, Pairs, Etc.

CLUSTER OF ALL DIAMONDS,

Sapphires and Diamonds, Ruby and Diamonds, in Ear Rings, Lace Pins, and odd single pieces of latest styles and patterns.

OUR WATCH

stock is full and complete, consisting of Repeaters, Chronographs, split-seconds and fly-back split-seconds from the most celebrated foreign makers. Also, all American makes of all grades, from highest to lowest. A full line of

DIAMOND CASES

Ladies' and Gents' sizes, for presentation purposes. Out

BRIC-A-BRAC, BRONZE AND GLASSWARE STOCK

of foreign make, our own special importation consists of the finest designs that could be procured. In

SILVER GOODS

in fancy cases we have all styles and prices, in plush and morocco cases, and any one desiring to make handsome and substantial presents can find "just what they want."

The above will be sold at very low prices.

D. N. FREEMAN & CO.,

Corner Whitehall and Alabama Streets,

SIGN LARGE CLOCK.

MY FALL AND WINTER

STOCK OF

CLOTHING FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

IS NOW READY.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT.

Nobbiest Styles and Lowest Prices!

SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

GEO. MUSE, 38 Whitehall Street.

BRADFIELD & WARE.

We have just received a large lot of the most elegant Fancy Goods ever brought to this city, and will sell them at marvelously low prices.

WE HAVE:

Elegant Plush Toilet Sets from	$2 50 to $25 00
" " Manicure sets from	2 00 to 20 00
" " Odor Cases from	2 50 to 10 00
" " Work Boxes from	3 00 to 15 00
Beautiful Cologne Bottles from	35 to 8 00
Fine Cracked Glass and Peachblow Vases from	2 00 to 8 00
Extra fine French Plate Glass Mirrors, in Plush and Morocco	75 to 6 00

We have a full line of the celebrated Vennard's Extracts in beautiful antique jugs. Also in endless variety and at the lowest prices, Combs, Brushes, Perfumes, Soaps, Thermometers, Sponges, Patent Medicines, and in fact, everything that is usually kept in first-class drugstores.

We beg leave to call your attention to our Prescription Department, which is the most complete in the city. We use only the purest drugs and chemicals, and fill prescriptions both accurately and at moderate prices

BRADFIELD & WARE,

NO. 26 WHITEHALL STREET.

su tu fri 7p

BARNUM'S $10,000 BEAUTY

Arrives in Atlanta and will Remain During the Holidays.

She Rides Into the City in all the Pomp and Glory of the Orientals.

A great crowd attracted the attention of a reporter this morning. You know when you see a crowd in Atlanta standing still, there is always something up. The crowd was on Whitehall, between Alabama street and the railroad, and the reporter, scenting an item, was soon one of the number, and what was his surprise to see Barnum's Jumbo elephant alive again and the $10,000 Beauty in her Palace Car on the elephant's back. The elephant was loaded down with fine gold Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry, and don't intend to move his quarters from A. F. Pickert's show window, 5 Whitehall street, till after the Holidays. 7p

---

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

To get Bargains. The stock of A. & S. Rosenfeld has to be sold regardless of cost. The goods are all first-class in quality and style, having all been bought this fall. I am determined to close out as soon as possible to save expenses. Don't forget the place. 24 Whitehall, corner Alabama. Jos. Fleischel, Assignee.

The Messrs. Schofield, so favorably known in connection with the Cliff house, Tallulah Falls, Ga., have leased the Planter's hotel, Augusta, Ga., and will conduct it in strictly first-class style. 1w

The well known Scofield Bros. took possession of the Planter's hotel, Augusta, Ga., December 15, with a full force of experienced assistants, including French cooks of established reputations, from the best New York hotels, and in the future the leading hotel of Augusta will be second to none in the south, in point of cuisine and service. 1w

A. Werner & Co.'s Grape Milk.

A pure unfermented grape juice, recommended by eminent physicians for its great nutritious qualities, Philip Britenbucher, sole agent, 32 Marietta street.

To Consumers.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 15.—The attention of all parties wishing pure wines is called to the following letters, which need no explanation.

R. M. ROSE,
Manager of the Califeornia Wine Co.

TOLEDO, O., December 9th, 1886.

R. M. ROSE—Dear Sir: Replying to yours of the 7th inst., will state you can give your city authorities for analysis any of our wines, as neither of them contain any substances named in the proposed ordinance, or any other substance injurious to health, whatever its name may be. This we guarantee in every respect. LENK WINE CO.

NEW YORK, December 11th, 1886.

MR. R. M. ROSE, Atlanta, Ga.—We received your favor of the 7th inst., with inclosure, and noted contents. You may have any of our case goods analyzed, which we bottle ourselves, and any of our bulk goods if you are perfectly satisfied that they are in original condition. We consider the action of your city council a very wise one, and it will prove of great advantage and benefit for the furtherance of the interests of pure native wines.

KOHLER & FROHLING,
5t San Francisco and New York.

Remember

Your friends by sending them a Christmas card. John M. Miller has a large and carefully selected stock, 31 Marietta street.

Emery's Market, No. 15 Peachtree.

Great reduction in prices; oysters in sealed cans, 25c, 30c, 35c, per can. In bulk 25c, 35c and 40c per quart. 1wk

More Help.

Having obtained more help all customers are more promptly waited upon at 24 Whitehall, corner Alabama. Jos. Fleishel, Assignee.

Only Five More

Of the handsomest set of Dickens ever published, complete fifteen volumes, only $10. THORNTON & SELKIRK.

Sunday-School Teachers.

Only a few more of those Oxford Bibles at half price. Get one today. THORNTON & SELKIRK.

Go to G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., for best whiskies by the jug, keg or barrel. Also Cincinnati beer by the keg and bottles. 6m

Fresh fish 5c to 8c per pound; shad 25c to 50c each. Come to headquarters for your supplies; place your Christmas orders early. Extra charge for delivering. Telephone No. 107; celery at 50c per dozen.

H. F. EMERY,
1wk Ice and fish dealer.

When You

Get ready to buy a Christmas card go to John M Miller's, 31 Marietta street.

Liquors.

All the leading brands of Ryes, Bourbon and Corn Whiskies, Imported Brandies and Wines. Orders sent by morning train delivered same day. Call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders, or write or direct to Griffin, Ga. tf

---

CHAS. C. THORN

118 WHITEHALL ST.,

Fireworks! Fireworks!

FIRE CRACKERS,
TORPEDOES,
SKY ROCKETS,
ROMAN CANDLES,
PIN-WHEELS,
PUNK,
BALLOONS
FOR THE BOYS.

Do not buy until you see my stock.

I have the largest stock in the city.

Any boy who will buy a package of fire crackers and bring this advertisement with him, will receive a piece of punk for lighting the crackers.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

All sizes of everything named.

CHAS. C. THORN.

4or5c 7p 118 WHITEHALL.

Joseph Thompson,

LATE OF COX, HILL & THOMPSON,

Wholesale Liquors

ATLANTA OFFICE, 23 DECATUR ST., AND 30 HILL ST., GRIFFIN, GA.

HAVE STOCK

BAKER RYE, GIBSON, ACME,
MONONGAHELA, PICKWICK CLUB,

Other brands of Rye Whisky. McBrayer, Spring Hill, and other brands of Pure BOURBON.

Imported Wines, Bondins, Gins, Rums and other spirituous liquors.

Baker Ale and Porter, Schlitz's and ATLANTA BEER a specialty.

The finest brands of champagne always in stock.

Haveing made arrangement with Chamblee's distillery, Cherokee county, will always have supply of pure country corn whisky, at two dollars per gallon.

HOW TO ORDER.

Write direct to me at Griffin, or call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders. All orders will be promptly filled same day. 7or8p tf

---

DOBB'S, WEY & CO.'S LATEST OFFER.—EXtraordinary bargains in Fine White and Decorated China. The largest stock, the lowest prices in the state.

We find ourselves crowded for room and with a much larger stock on our hands than we deem prudent at this season of the year. The fact is WE ARE OVERSTOCKED! and we must reduce the surplus in short order. To accomplish this, and at the same time demonstrate how astonishingly cheap first-class goods can be sold when bought from the European manufacturers in large quantities, we offer from this date until January 1, subject to stock on hand, at date of receiving the order, the following special prices. Note:

	New Price.	Old Price.
Fine White China Dinner Sets, 125 pcs	$29 95	$40 00
Fine White China Dinner Sets, 100 pcs	21 75	35 00
Fine White China Tea Sets, 56 pcs	7 50	10 00
Fine White China Tea Sets, 44 pcs	6 75	9 00
Fine Decorated China Dinner Sets, 125 pcs	40 00	50 00
Fine Decorated China Dinner Sets, 100 pcs	30 00	40 00
Fine Decorated China Tea Sets, 56 pcs	10 00	15 00
Fine Decorated Tea Sets, 44 pcs	6 50	9 00
English Printed Tea Sets, 44 pcs	3 75	5 00
English Printed Tea Sets, 56 pcs	4 45	6 50
English Porcelain Decorated Tea Sets, 44 pcs	4 95	7 00
English Porcelain Decorated Tea Sets, 56 pcs	5 75	8 50
English Porcelain Decorated Dinner Sets, 125 pcs, from	18 00 to 30 00	
Decorated Chamber Sets $3, $5, $6 to $10 each.		
Fine White China Tea Plates, per set	75c	worth $1 25
Fine White China Breakfast Plates, per set	90c	worth 1 50
Fine White China Dinner Plates, per set	$1 00	worth 1 75
Fine White China Ice Creams, per set	50c	worth 75
Fine White China Cups and Saucers, per set	1 25	worth 2 00
Fine Decorated China Cups and Saucers, per set	1 25	worth 2 50
Fine Decorated China French Plates, each	16⅔c	worth 25

An immense line of beautiful Lamps, Fancy Goods, Cut, Engraved and Decorated Glassware, Art Pottery, Novelties, Holiday and Bridal Presents. Everything sold cheap in same proportion. Mail orders will receive prompt attention. DOBBS, WEY & CO., 45 Peachtree street.

Confections,
Fruits,
Nuts, Figs, &c.
Fancy Goods,
Fire Works,
Fresh Goods,
Lowest Prices,
at Chas. D. Ford's,
69 Peachtree St.

100 $2 WASHING MACHINES FREE.—To introduce them in Atlanta. If you want one send at once to Monarch Laundry Works, 89 Randolph St., Chicago, Illinois.

MAYNARD'S MILL, Monroe County, Ga., November 16.—Messrs. Rodgers, Worsham & Co., Macon, Ga.—Dear Sirs: This is to certify that I tested carefully the Lister's Standard Fertilizers bought of you this year alongside of several other of the highest priced brands of complete fertilizers sold in Macon by other firms. The results show that Lister's produced enough cotton in excess of the other brands to pay for Lister's.

The fertilizers and cotton were all carefully weighed and thoroughly satisfied me of the superiority of Listers's Standard Fertilizer.

Yours truly, B. A. HART.

Write Lister's A. & C. Works, Baltimore, for agency. 2m

For washing use Mendlesson's soap extract. Nothing superior to it. Call and get a trial package and you will use no other. Robert Dohme, agent, 88 Whitehall street. Sole agent for Atlanta, Ga. tf

Yes, You Will

Surely be pleased with the stock of Christmas cards at John M. Miller's, 81 Marietta street.

WOMEN

Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Trade Mark. QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves—in fact, thoroughly Invigorates.

Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*all other Iron medicines do.*

MRS. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 26th, 1884: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a doctor to me, having cured me of the weakness ladies have in life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has also been beneficial to my children."

MRS. LOUISA C. BRAGDON, East Lockport, N. Y., says: "I have suffered untold misery from Female Complaints, and could obtain relief from nothing except Brown's Iron Bitters."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

AS A LEADER

During the Holidays we are Offering a

Solid Silver Thimble

—FOR—

25 CENTS.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW, Jewelers.

Call and see our attractive stock.

McBRIDE'S

CHINA, CUTLERY,

HOUSEFURNISHING EMPORIUM

29 PEACHTREE.

CHEAPEST IN THE COUNTRY.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE December 20, 9:00 P. M. }

All observations taken at the same moment time at each place named.

	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta	30.36	32	34	NW	....	.00	Clear.
Savannah	30.35	40	..	NW	....	.00	Clear.
Jacksonville	30.33	78	..	NW	....	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	30.32	38	34	W	Light	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	30.28	43	36	SE	8	.00	Clear.
Galveston	....	..	..	....	....	.00	....
Palestine	30.15	49	37	S	11	.00	Clear.
Fort Smith	....	..	..	....	....	.00	....
Shreveport	30.14	48	29	S	9	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

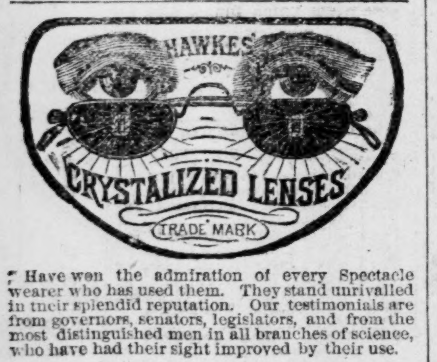
6 a. m.	30.30	25	17	W	19+	.00	Clear.
2 p. m.	30.28	39	34	NW	7	.00	Clear.
9 p. m.	30.33	35	35	W	2	.00	Clear.

Maximum thermometer	.40
Minimum thermometer	.23
Total rainfall	.00

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CORONER.

A. F. LEE, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Atlanta, announces to his many friends that he is a candidate for Coroner.



Have won the admiration of every Spectacle wearer who has used them. They stand unrivalled in their splendid reputation. Our testimonials are from governors, senators, legislators, and from the most distinguished men in all branches of science, who have had their sight improved by their use.

UNPRECEDENTED SALES

Everywhere. Overwhelming testimony in favor of their superiority. They can be worn any length of time at one sitting, and give astonishing clearness of vision, either by candle or by other artificial lights. Mr. Hawkes not only has the best glasses, but carefully examines the eye of each patient, and gives indispensable advice as to the proper selection of glasses, having had an experience of eighteen years in this branch of science. Every pair warranted. SPECTACLES MADE TO ORDER.

A. K. HAWKES, Optician,

19 Decatur St., Under Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

2d&Spurm

Down Go the Prices.

The Crash Has Come

We sell Manicure sets at 75.
We sell writing portfolio at 75.
We sell nice shopping bag 25c.
We sell plush glove cases $1 00.
We sell plush comb cases $1.50.
150 Toy Trunks, at 50 cts.
200 sets Cuff and Collar Boxes, at 50 cts.
140 Plush Embroidery Cases at $1.
75 Plush Odor Stands, 75c.

Don't miss this chance. They were bought at bankrupt sale and must be closed at once. Call and see for yourselves. Remember the place. Lieberman, Kaufman & Co., 92 Whitehall, near Mitchell street.

MEETINGS.

The Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic.

There will be a meeting of the charter members of the Atlanta, Mississippi and Atlantic railroad at THE CONSTITUTION office today (Tuesday), at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of receiving the charter, the report of the committee and to decide upon important preliminary matters.

The prompt attendance of every incorporator is requested.

E. P. HOWELL,
Chairman Committee.

A regular communication of Georgia Lodge No. 96, F. A. M., will be held at Masonic hall this evening at 7 o'clock. Election of officers and other important business. Our members should attend. All Master Masons in good standing fraternally invited. By order

R. M. ROSE, Secretary. PORTER KING, W. M.

NO SCREENS OR BLINDS.

THE ATLANTA WINE ROOMS MUST BE WIDE OPEN.

The General Council in Regular Session Convened Passes an Ordinance About Wine Rooms—No Dinner, No Wine and Open Fronts Is the Rule—The Technological School.

This morning the wineroom men will throw their screens into their cellars, remove their swinging doors and scratch the paint from their glass fronts so that every person passing along the street can see everybody in the place and know all that is transpiring within.

Such is the wineroom ordinance in a nutshell, adopted by the general council yesterday afternoon.

During the session of the general council the special committee, composed of Messrs. E. A. Angier, George Hillyer, Z. A. Rice, G. G. Roy and J. B. Goodwin, appointed at the last session of the council to perfect an ordinance governing winerooms, presented through Mr. Angier, the chairman, the following ordinance:

HOW IT READS.

The mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta do ordain:

Section 1. The mayor and general council shall in their discretion grant or refuse license to sell domestic wines in said city on each application made. All persons to whom they grant such license shall pay to the clerk not exceeding one hundred dollars per annum and give bond with good security in the sum of one thousand dollars, the condition or obligation of which shall be that the applicant will not sell or keep for sale domestic wines contrary to the laws of Georgia or of said city.

Sec. 2. The applicant shall at the time of his application deposit with the clerk of council the price of such license and clerk's fee with the written description of the place where he intends to carry on business together with the written consent of the owner or agent of the property to the same, and a certificate of two of his sober, reputable, adjacent neighbors, recommending the applicant as fit to be entrusted with such business, and offering to become his security. The securities on the applicant's bond shall justify and waive the benefit of all homestead and exemption laws. The clerk shall present such application to the mayor and general council, and it shall be referred to the police committee for investigation and report, and final action thereon be had by the mayor and general council. If license is refused, the money and fee shall be refunded. No license shall be transferable, except by consent of the mayor and general council, and shall protect but one place.

Sec. 3. No person to whom a license to sell domestic wines shall have been issued shall open his place of business earlier than 5 o'clock, and such place shall not be kept open later than 11 o'clock p.m. No screen or other obstruction shall be placed at the front or side doors of such place of business to prevent a full view of the interior thereof from the street. Nor shall the windows thereof be so painted as to obstruct the view of the interior, but all the arrangements thereof shall be such that a person passing on the street can see the inside part of such and the occupants thereof.

Sec. 4. All drinking of wines at the place of sale is prohibited except as to wines lawfully obtained and drank with meals at hotels and boarding houses or restaurants.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of each and every person licensed to sell domestic wines in said city to admit any officer or member of the police force into his or her place of business, where such wines are sold whenever such admittance may be by them demanded. And it shall be the duty of the police force to enter such places when they have reason to believe that any law of the state or ordinance of the city is violated.

Sec. 6. Any person violating either of the foregoing sections of this ordinance shall on conviction thereof be fined not exceeding $100 or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days or either or both in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 7. Any and every license hereafter granted or hereafter extended by quarterly payment for the same shall be revoked at any time when the person to whom the same may have been granted shall for a second time or oftener violate these or other ordinances of said city relating to the subject of sales of wines and wine licenses and conducted under the same; and a second conviction before the recorder or other court shall work such forfeiture which shall take effect at the end of thirty days thereafter, unless the mayor and general council shall within that time relieve the offender from such forfeiture.

Sec. 8. All licenses hereafter issued or extended on quarterly payments for same shall be further subject to such regulation as the city authorities may see fit to exercise under laws and ordinances now existing, or such as may be hereafter adopted to prevent or punish the sale of impure or adulterated wines or liquors.

Sec. 9. All laws or ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

HOW IT WAS RECEIVED.

The chamber was full of citizens, and as Mr. Angier read the ordinance the most careful attention was given. As the gentleman resumed his chair after having read the paper, section after section, a profound silence prevailed until Mr. Hutchison, who was occupying the mayor's chair, asked:

"Gentlemen, what will you do with the ordinance?"

"Move it be read a second time," said Mr. Angier, passing the paper to Messenger Morris.

The motion prevailed, as the messenger handed the document to the clerk, who read it again.

"Now, may it please your honor," said Mayor Hillyer from the floor, "I think one essential point of this ordinance is the want of secrecy it gives the winerooms. I think that they should be open; that there should be

NO SCREENS, PAINTED GLASS

in front or anything to cut off the view from the street. We all know that some winerooms are located in cellars, and that nothing can enable a glance into these places except an actual entrance. I am of the opinion that the winerooms should all be on a level with ground floors. None should be tolerated in second stories or under the ground, and I move to amend section three by adding after the words "issued shall" in the third line, and before the word "open" in the same line the words "have his place of business in any room the interior of which is not substantially on a level with or in view of the street."

"How would that make the section read, Mr. Clerk?" asked Mr. Middlebrooks.

HOW THE AMENDMENT MADE IT.

"Let's see," answered the clerk, fitting the amendment in its place. "It would read:

"Sec. 3. No person to whom a license to sell domestic wines shall have been issued shall have his place of business in any room the interior of which is not substantially on a level with or in view from the street, nor shall he open his place of business earlier than five o'clock a. m., and such place shall not be kept open later than eleven o'clock p. m. No screen or other obstruction shall be placed at the front or side door of such place of business, to prevent a full view of the interior thereof from the streets, nor shall the windows thereof be so painted as to obstruct the view of the interior, but all the arrangements thereof shall be such that a person passing on the street can see the inside of such place and the occupants thereof."

"Well, I am opposed to that amendment," said Mr. Middlebrook. "I think the ordinance will give the police sufficient authority to look into any place."

"It will hardly be fair," said Mr. Garrett; "because there are some places suited for that business only."

The amendment was put to a vote and adopted. Then the ordinance as amended was adopted.

"Now, may it please your honor," said Mr. Angier, "I have here a resolution which repeals the resolution adopted at the last meeting of the body preventing the clerk from issuing any more wine licenses. That resolution, you all remember, was adopted intending that it should remain in force only until this wine ordinance could be settled. That is now settled, and I ask for the adoption of this resolution."

The resolution was read and adopted.

THE GAS STOCK SALE.

"Mr. Clerk, have you any proposal for the purchase of the gas stock?" asked Mayor Hillyer.

The clerk drew from his pocket a large number of sealed letters addressed to the mayor and general council. Upon each envelope was written "proposal for the purchase of the gas stock." As the clerk exhibited the letters, Mayor Hillyer said:

"These proposals, gentlemen, are for the purchase of the gas stock the city has decided to sell to secure $50,000 for the school of technology. I see Mr. Inman, one of the board of commissioners of the school of technology, present. May be he has some communication to make touching the matter."

Mr. Inman addressed the council, relating what had transpired relative to the bill, and closed by saying that the state had not yet advanced the money due, but that it was not required to do so until January 15.

NO SALE MADE.

A discussion then ensued as to whether the bids upon the clerk's table should be opened and the gas stock sold or that the opening be postponed.

"I have here," said Mr. Gramling, "a resolution which I think will cover the matter. It is this:

Resolved, That the city continue to stand as heretofore, ready to comply on call with her offer heretofore made to pay $50,000 for location of the technological school; that the bids for purchase of gas stock this day handed to the clerk lie on the table unopened and carefully sealed, subject to further action of this body at a meeting to be called by the mayor as soon as the action of the legislature on the subject of the school, and the policy of the state on the subject is definitely known.

The resolution was adopted, and the clerk was instructed to put all the bids into one large envelope and seal them up to await the action of the council.

THE BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Clerk Goldsmith presented a communication from the board of police commissioners. It was in the nature of three resolutions. One called upon the council for relief for Patrolman George Wright, a disabled member of the police force, and the other two were relative to the prohibition law. The reading of the resolution brought Mr. Angier to his feet.

"I move," said he, "that the communication be referred back to the police commission with our compliments, with the request that they perfect the same. For gratuitous, officious intermeddling, and sublime official insolence and presumption, I never saw the equal as detailed in the reported action of the police commission. Here the creature proposes to override the creator. The police commission are our subordinates. We make and unmake them. They now propose to dictate to and lecture us on our duties—to ignore and override us, and set up Dr. Felton as their exemplar and patron saint. Let them go to the great independent, the restless disorganizer of the seventh district, and at the feet of this Gamaliel drink in their inspiration and derive all their power.

If we could put some of these superserviceable police commissioners in a bag with Dr. Felton, like you do the feline and canine tribes, and carry them out in the countro and loose them so they could not find their way back, it would be a good riddance.

"Upon what meat doth this our Cæsar feed that he hath grown so great?" The next thing our precocious police commissioners will be suggesting to the allied powers a proper incumbent for the vacant Bulgarian throne, or asking President Cleveland or Queen Victoria to do something we ought to do—reflect on their presumptuous conduct. Two ordinances on the winerooms were then pending before this body in the hands of a special committee, and even before we can meet this high-banded police commission (our bosses) propose to "set down" on us, usurp our province, and scold us about our business! What grand ideas of their powers must flit across the polished brass of their souls! It is the old saying exemplified: "Man, clothed in a little brief authority, plays such fantastic tricks before high heaven as make the angels weep." And the authority of some will be very "brief" if they don't mend their ways. I except Captain English and Mr. John Stephens. These gentlemen showed a very keen and delicate sense of propriety, and a modesty and decency their colleagues might well emulate. But this "Comedy of Errors" didn't stop here. The chief of police had the temerity to read us a lecture. If such cheeky presumption and arrogance continue from our underlings, we had better "abdicate" in favor of these daring usurpers.

WHAT WAS DONE.

The two resolutions relative to the wine room question were referred to the police committee of the city council.

"Touching the resolution relative to Patrolman Wright," said Mr. Hutchison, "I move that his name be placed on the pay roll."

The rules were suspended to hear from Mr. Stephens, of the police commission. Mr. Stephens addressed the council, urging that relief be granted Patrolman Wright and showing the manner in which he had been disabled.

Mr. Mahony, commissioner of public works, stated that he had received a number of bids for the Foster street bridge work. The bids were opened and were:

S. H. Jones, single	$3,200 00
S. H. Jones, double	5,900 00
A. W. Straup	2,900 00
William McConnell	4,627 94
A. V. Gude	2,150 00

A resolution accepting the bid of A. V. Gude was adopted.

The ordinance committee presented an ordinance relative to awnings. It was referred to the city attorney.

COPYRIGHTING CITY MAPS.

Mr. Garrett introduced a resolution authorizing and directing the city clerk to take out a copyright on the new city map.

Mr. Stockdell opposed the resolution.

Mayor Hillyer favored it.

The balance sheet showed the balance of the annual appropriation unexpended to be $85,503.36.

The finance payroll was $5,709.19.

The Capital City Land Improvement company presented a petition asking that Georgia avenue be straightened. The petition was granted.

PETITIONS PRESENTED.

Of Frank X. Bliley for damages to lot on Jenkins street, between Calhoun and Butler streets. Referred to street committee.

Of J. J. Schikan et al. for sewer and eye corner Mitchell and Elliott streets. Referred to sewer committee.

Of J. B. Hollis to have street tax refunded. Referred to tax committee.

Of W. A. Hemphill for permission to build coal bin in alley in the rear of CONSTITUTION building. Referred to fire department committee.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The street committee recommended that $250 be paid M. B. Armstrong for damages to lot corner Hilliard and Decatur streets, caused by widening Hilliard street. Adopted. The same committee returned the petition of W. A. Hancock for repairs to bridge at Davis and Hunter streets with the recommendation that it be referred to the commissioner of public works.

The claims committee recommended that $12 be refunded James Stokes, which amount he paid for sidewalks on Decatur street. Adopted. Also recommended that $40 be paid Miss Rowena Payton in full settlement of land condemned by city for sidewalk. Adopted.

The tax committee reported adversely upon the petition of the Georgia Electric Light company to have $204 taxes refunded. Adopted. Also adversely upon the petition of Henry Dunwoody to have street tax refunded. Adopted.

The gas committee reported favorably upon a gas lamp corner Irwin and Jackson streets. Also one corner Cox and Benson streets. Also one corner Bush and Elliott streets.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Green—That a gas lamp be placed at the northwest corner of Boulevard and Houston street.

By Mr. Green—That the marshal be instructed to notify Jonathan Norcross to comply with section 299 of the city code so far as it relates to building at the corner of Peachtree street and Decatur street.

By Mr. Rice—That the lamp-lighter's term shall be two years, instead of one.

By Mr. Hutchison—That 500 copies of the annual reports of the committee and officers for the year 1886, be printed in pamphlet form.

By Mr. Angier—That Rev. Frank Joseph be paid $20 for preaching to convicts. Adopted.

By Mr. Stockdell—That $3,000 be passed up in payment of Hay's hook and ladder truck. Adopted.

By Mr. Angier—That wine license contain a provision that the same are issued subject to laws of the state, and ordinances of the city, and subject to forfeiture in case of violation of said laws or ordinances.

CENTRAL BANK BLOCK ASSOCIATION.—Some heavy transactions have been made in the above stock recently. Mr. James Findley, who held a large block, sold all his but a little. Mr. B. F. Walker has sold his and resigned his directorship. Dr. E. S. Connell, the president, has resigned. Mr. Hall, one of the directors, also resigned.

A HAPPY MARRIAGE.—A quiet but happy marriage occurred last night at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Tidwell, on Garnett street, Rev. Henry McDonald officiating. The contracting parties were Miss Sallie Tidwell, one of Atlanta's fairest and most accomplished daughters, and Mr. J. Laurens Nicholes. Mr. Nicholes, who was formerly from Marietta, but now of this city, is a young man of sterling business qualities and his friends predict for him a bright and happy future. The happy couple with a party of friends took the 6:50 train for Savannah, where they will spend a few days. They were met at the train by the Atlanta band, which gave them a farewell serenade ere they took their leave of the gate city. A long and happy life is wished for them by their many friends. On their return home they will stop at 34 Smith street.

Supreme Court of Georgia—October Term, 1886.

ATLANTA, December 20.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Flint	3	Southwestern	18
Ocmulgee	12	Albany	23
Macon	14	Southern	4
Chattahoochee	16	Oconee	8
Pataula	4	Brunswick	11

FLINT CIRCUIT.

No. 17. Ridling vs. Stewart, Jr. Certiorari, from Rockdale. Argued. J. N. Glenn, for plaintiff in error. A. C. Perry, for defendant.

No. 19. Ethridge, administrator, vs. Pond. Withdrawn.

The cases of Maynard et al. vs. Head, No. 18 Flint circuit, and Fort et al. vs. Martin Tobacco company et al., No. 14 Rome circuit, were set for argument on January 10, prox.

The court adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning. Decisions will be delivered, and the court will adjourn for the recess.

For Coughs and Throat Disorders use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. "Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began thinking well of."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Sold only in boxes.

Notice.

List of articles raffled at the Armory table, "Sister's Fair:"

Banner. Won by John McEnery.
One box cigars. Won by Miss Lola Thomas.
Water set. Won by Mrs. Kelley.
Doll. Won ay Father Kelley.
Gold watch. Won by J. J. Duffy.
Case sterling silver. Won by holder of ticket No. 247.
One pair blue vases. Won by Charles Howard.
One placque. Won by Mrs. Moody.
One folding mirror. Won by T. J. Malone and returned to sisters for benefit of the table.

The black satin dress pattern has been held in reserve and will be raffled at the next meeting of the Parnell club. Articles not already delivered can be had by application at the convent.

W. J. Bagby was re-elected lamp lighter for two years without opposition.

McBride's China Palace.

FASHION'S EMPORIUM.

Bewildering Blaze of Beauty.

Open till ten o'clock at night.

Christmas and New Year's, Bridal and Birthday Presents, Gems of Ceramic Art, selected by our resident New York partner, coming every day.

Old fogy high priced competitors literally paralyzed by McBride's splendid stock and low prices.

fri sun tues 8p

Christmas Tree.

The Young People's Benevolent Society of the First M. E. church will give an entertainment for charitable purposes at 81 Peachtree street, Wednesday evening, December 22d, in addition to a Christmas tree. An excellent programme has been arranged for the evening. Oysters and supper will be served during the evening. The young ladies of the society request the presence of all who desire to aid them in their work. Admission only 10 cents. tues&wed

A Christmas Beef.

Messrs. Echols & Richards have just received at their palace market, 86 Peachtree, a big Christmas beef, which is attracting great deal attention to those who pass. It is one of the largest ever in the city and weighs about three thousand pounds. Send up and get a piece; it will make a fine Christmas roast.

They also have on hand the finest leaf lard, canned beef and pickled feet, as well as all kinds of fresh meat. They keep nothing but the very best goods in the market and guarantee them not to be surpassed in quality or price by any one. You can send your orders by telephoning 693, and prompt attention will be given to all calls. Prompt delivery to all parts of the city. Their stock of Christmas meats is the finest in the city. Send in your orders at once.

Go to Reynolds & Williams, sign "Base Ball Man," for Christmas cigars. Just received a fresh lot, 19 Marietta street.

Buy your Christmas Appels, Oranges, Potatoes, Onions, Turnips, Malaga Grapes, etc. Carey, Sayre & Co.

FOR SALE—Desirably located lots on the west side of Capitol avenue, between Bass and Love, will be sold on the installment plan, if desired. Jacob Haas, Gate City Bank building. 8p

Your Sweetheart

Is expecting a Christmas card from you. Call and examine John M. Miller's stock, at 31 Marietta street.

Only a few more of the Baltimore syndicate houses left. A small cash payment and a monthly installment of $30 or $40 per month will secure one of those elegant Spring street or Hunnicutt aveue houses. Call early and secure one. Jacob Haas, Gate City Bank building. 8p

The Eighth Wonder of the World.

I would like to ask of thinking, sensible people, isn't it a wonder that so many thousands of people, both male and female, will and do, daily suffer the great trouble and inconvenience, to say nothing of the pain and very serious consequences, caused by that most worrying and loathesome disease, piles or hemorrhoids, when they have offered them at their door a plain, simple, sure and permanent cure. Dr. Watson, of New York, has permanently located in Atlanta, office rooms No. 104 Whitehall street. By calling on him they will learn how easily, safely and surely all old or recent cases can be permanently cured without the old painful and cruel practice of the knife, ligature, carbolic acid, and other long, tedious and painful operations. Dr. Watson has made the treatment of rectal diseases a specialty for ten years. His treatment is almost painless, and does not detain one an hour from active business. Will furnish best of references from persons treated and cured among your own people. You can see them yourself. d&w tf

The Capitol City Land and Improvement Co. will sell you a lot and improve it as you may desire. A small cash payment and monthly installments for balance will secure you a home. Jacob Haas, secretary, Gate City Bank building. 8p

The Burning of the J. M. White.

More than once has the writer whiled away the passing hours in her elegant saloon or lounged upon her deck as a voyager. She was the largest, finest and fastest steamer in the river. But, alas! in an unguarded moment, fire fastened its deadly fangs upon the vitals and her terror-stricken crew began to realize that they must share the fate of the burning boat, or cast themselves into the cold waters, with none to rescue. It is also unfortunate that there are so many among us suffering from failure of sight. But in this case there is a remedy. Go to A. K. Hawkes the optician, under Kimball House and get him to fit you with a pair of his crystalized lenses. They will clear away the mist from before your eyes, and you will be able to read the finest print with the greatest ease. Where is this place? Why, 19 Decatur street, under Kimball House.

FOR SALE—Those beautiful lots on the east side of Washington street, between Clarke and Fulton; 10 per cent cash and monthly installments to suit purchaser will secure one. Jacob Haas, Gate City Bank building. 8p

The Latest Novelty

In Christmas cards is the magnolia leaf, hand painted, for sale by John M. Miller, 81 Marietta street.

ARE YOU HUNTING A HOLIDAY GIFT?

BUY SOMETHING USEFUL.

YOU WILL FIND IT IN OUR

Immense Stock Men's, Boy's and Children's Suits, Overcoats, Fine Furnishings.

EXAMINE OUR STOCK SEE OUR PRICES.

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